# SHRI GURU RAM RAI UNIVERSITY

[Estd. by Govt. of Uttarakhand, vide Shri Guru Ram Rai University Act no. 03 of 2017 & recognized by UGC u/s (2f) of UGC Act 1956]



# **SYLLABUS**

**FOR** 

**Bachelor of Education** (B.Ed.)

Two Years Course (2Yrs)

# **School of Education**

Pathri Bagh, Dehradun, Uttarakhand

(W.E.F 2021-2022)

# WELCOME TO CBCS EXAMINATION SYSTEM

(2021-2022)

# **Bachelor of Education** (B.Ed.)

#### **OUTCOME BASED EDUCATION**

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

#### Students will be able to

PO 1	Apply knowledge of teaching to the solution of complex problems.
PO2	Identify, formulate research problems and analyse complex Teaching learning problems reaching substantiated conclusions using models of teaching
PO3	Understand and apply learner centered approaches, methods and strategies of teaching-learning suitable for all the learners.
PO4	Understand and apply professional competencies like reading and reflecting on texts, understanding of self, understanding the use of drama and art in education,
PO5	Integrate and apply ICT skills in facilitating teaching-learning process and administrative procedures.
PO6	Apply the contextual Knowledge by reasoning and information to assess societal awareness, legal and cultural issues, rights and duties, and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional practices.
PO7	Understand the impact of education in societal and environmental contexts and demonstrate knowledge of and need for sustainable development.
PO8	Apply ethical principle Sensitize themselves about emerging issues such as environment, population, gender equality, legal literacy, critical understanding of ICT, yoga education, etc. and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities.
PO9	Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multi-disciplinary settings.
PO10	Education helps community and with society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations and give and receive clear instructions.

PO11	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of methods and skill of teaching
	principles and apply these to one"s own work,.
PO12	Recognize the need for and have the perspective and ability to engage in
	independent and lifelong learning in the broadest context of technological change.

#### **Program Specific Outcome: (PSOs)**

PSO 1	To develop the skills of student teachers
PSO2	To plan learning experiences in and outside the classroom that are based on
	learners' existing proficiency, interests, experiences and knowledge,
PSO3	To promote high standards of professional education in students so that they can
	use their potential to play a critical role in shaping the texture of society
PSO4	To understand how students come to view, develop, learn and make sense of
	subject matter contained in the curriculum

#### **Preparatory Note:**

These Ordinances pertain to the two year Bachelor of Education (B.Ed.) Programme of Shri Guru Ram Rai of School of Education of SGRRUniversity, (the University) Dehradun. Keeping in view NCTE regulation -2014

#### **Duration of the Programme: 2 Years**

#### **Ordinances for B.Ed.:**

#### 1.1 Eligibility and Admission:

- (i) Candidates with at least 50% marks either in the Bachelor's Degree and/or Master's Degree in Sciences/Social Sciences/Humanities or with 55% marks in Bachelor's Degree in Engineering and Technology or any other qualification equivalent thereto, of this or any other University/deemed university recognized by UGC, may be admitted for the degree of Bachelor of Education of this University. Relaxation in percentage of marks in admission shall be given to S.C./S.T./OBC category students as per NCTE/ State Government/ University norms.
- (ii) No candidate shall be admitted to B.Ed. course of this college of the University, unless he/she has appeared in the Entrance Test to be conducted by the University or academic merit as decided by the University.

#### 1.2 Obligation of Admitted Candidates:

- Every admitted candidate shall be required to show competent knowledge in various theory papers and required skills to be detailed hereinafter.
- > Every admitted candidate shall be required to undertake field work, assignments, school internship and other programmes as given in the syllabus.

- ➤ So far attendance is concerned the rules of NCTE/University shall prevail.
- A candidate, who desires to appear in examinations under these ordinances, shall have to submit his/her application after completing all the said activities on a prescribed form within the last date. The candidate shall have to submit application separately for both the years of the course.

#### 1.3 The Mode of Examination:

- ➤ The mode of examination shall be annual system of examination as per the decision of the University.
- > Students shall be allowed to appear for Back Paper/Improvement examination in two papers only.
- A student can complete B.Ed. course within four (04) years from the date of admission in the course.

#### **1.4 Course Structure of B.Ed.:**

(i)	First Year (Theory Papers)			
			Marks	8
		Int.	Ext.	Total
Paper-1	Childhood and Growing Up 70	30	70	100
Paper-2	Contemporary India and Education	30	70	100
Paper-3	Learning and Teaching	30	70	100
Paper-4	Language across the Curriculum	30	70	100
Paper-5	Understanding Disciplines & Subjects	30	70	100
Paper -6	Gender, School and Society	30	70	100
EPC – 1	Reading and Reflecting on Texts	50	NIL	50
EPC – 2	Critical Understanding of ICT	50	NIL	50
	TOTAL			700

Note: Internal evaluation in Paper-1 to 6 shall be done through one written test and task and assignments. In Papers 1 to 6, written test shall comprise of 15 marks and tasks and assignments shall also comprise of 15 marks. EPC-1 and 2 shall be evaluated internally on the basis of activities indicated in the syllabus.

(i)	Second Year (Theory Papers)		Ma	ırks
		Int.	Ext.	Total
Paper-7	Pedagogy of School Subjects(a,b) (Any two from the following school subjects)	30	70	100
	I (a,b) Pedagogy of Physical Science  Ii (a,b) Pedagogy of Biological Science  Iii (a,b) Pedagogy of Mathematics  Iv (a,b) Pedagogy of Home science  V (a,b) Pedagogy of Social studies  Vi (a,b) Pedagogy of English  Vii (a,b) Pedagogy of Hindi  viii (a,b) Pedagogy of Sanskrit			
Paper-8	ix (a,b) Pedagogy of commerce  Knowledge and Curriculum	30	70	100
Paper-9	Assessment for Learning	30	70	100
Paper-	Creating an Inclusive School	30	70	100
Paper- 11	Optional Course (One of the following)  I) Environmental Education  II) Peace Education  III) Guidance & Counseling  IV) Health Education and Yoga  V) Special Education	30	70	100
EPC-3	Understanding the Self	50	NIL	50
EPC-4	Drama and Art in Education	50	NIL	50
	TOTAL			700

<u>Practical/Field Engagement:</u> Out of the twenty weeks, there shall be school engagement of Four weeks in the second year. School engagement and practical shall be evaluated as follows:

S.N	Activities	MA	RKS	
O		Int	Ext	Total

1.	Observation of school activities and	10	NI	10
	preparation of report		L	
2	Observation of Teaching and preparation of	10	NI	10
	report		L	
3	Evaluation of teaching skills Nil 30 30	30	NI	30
	(Through microteaching)		L	
	TOTAL		5	0

**Internal evaluation in papers:** 7 (a,b), 8, 9, 10 and 11 shall be done through one written test and tasks and assignments. Written test shall comprise of 15 marks whereas tasks and assignments also shall comprise of 15 marks. EPC-3 and EPC-4 shall be evaluated internally on the basis of activities indicated in the syllabus.

#### **Practical/Field Engagement:**

- ➤ There shall be field work of 20 weeks in the second year.
- ➤ Out of these 20 weeks, 04 week shall be devoted to the observation of subjects and school engagements teaching in the school.
- ➤ Next 12 weeks shall be devoted for teaching of subjects lessons with daily lesson plan.
- ➤ 45 lessons in each subject shall be taught at Upper Primary/ secondary levels.
- ➤ During next 02 weeks students shall carry out the school duties of the concerned subject teacher (S.No. 6) as per the school time table.
- Last 02 weeks shall be devoted to post teaching activities (S.No. 8 and 9). Activities during this period shall be evaluated as follows:

S.NO	Activities	Marks			
		Int.	Ext.	Total	
4.	Criticism Lesson	20	Nil	20	
5.	Preparation of teaching aids/Improvisation of appratus	15	Nil	15	
6.	. Administration and analysis of results of achievement test	25	Nil	25	
7.	Evaluation of records (lesson plan, note book, teacher's diary,	20	Nil	20	
	peer observation, etc.)				
8.	School experience and plan of action for Improvement of	20	Nil	20	
	some aspect of school				
9.	Co-curricular activities (Organization / Participation: Science	50	Nil	50	
	club, cultural club, skit, Declamation, Environment protection				
	club, etc.)				
10.	Final teaching	Nil	100	100	
11.	VIVA-VOCE	Nil	50	50	
	Total			300	

Candidates opting any two school subjects under paper-7a and 7b, shall be evaluated for heading Practical /Field engagements. Final teaching and viva voce shall be evaluated by a panel of examiners consisting of two external and one internal.

#### **1.5 Conduct of Examinations:**

- ➤ The examination for two year B.Ed. course shall be held once every year on such dates as may be fixed by the College of Education/University.
- A candidate, who has pursued the prescribed course of studies in the college and has completed all the activities related to field engagement as prescribed for each year shall be eligible to appear in the examination.
- ➤ The examination at the end of the course shall be both in theory and practical/field engagement. A candidate shall be required to pass theory and practical/field work examinations separately.
- To pass in theory, a candidate must obtain 36% marks in each theory paper and 40% in the aggregate of theory papers. In practical/field engagement pass percentage shall be 40%.
- There shall be separate divisions in theory and practical/field engagement. However, no division shall be awarded in the first year. Only Pass/Fail shall be given in the first year. Divisions shall be awarded on the basis of examinations of both the years.
- Classification of results (Theory as well as Practical/Field engagement) –
   60% and above First Division
   48% 59.9% Second Division
   36% 47.9% Third Division
- > CBCS system is followed for examination and grade card will show both the marks as well as the grades.
- A candidate shall be promoted to second year only when he/she passes first year.
- ➤ In each session, the candidate can appear in improvement/back exam in two papers only.
- A student of B.Ed. course, who has completed all the desired activities/internal tests/ attendance etc. but could not appear in the examination or appeared in the examination but failed in more than one papers, will be allowed to appear in the examination of the next year as an ex-student. The internal marks received in previous session shall be carried over. (x) In case of any obscurity, the general provision of the university shall prevail.
- Mark sheet and Degree shall be awarded as Bachelor of Education.

# STUDY & EVALUATION SCHEME Bachelor of Education

# (i) First Year (Theory Papers)

Paper	Course	Couse	Course		Per	iods	<u> </u>	Evaluation	n scheme	Subject
	name	Code	Catego ry	L	Т	P	С	Sessional (Internal) Formative	External (ESE) Summati ve	Total
Theory					•					
Ι	Childhood and Growing Up	B.Ed- 101	CORE	3	1	-	4	30	70	100
II	Contemporar y India and Education	B.Ed- 102	CORE	3	1	-	4	30	70	100
III	Learning and Teaching	B.Ed- 103	CORE	3	1	-	4	30	70	100
IV	Language across the Curriculum	B.Ed- 104	CORE	3	1	-	4	30	70	100
V	Understandin g Disciplines & Subjects	B.Ed- 105	CORE	3	1	-	4	30	70	100
VI	Gender, School and Society	B.Ed- 106	CORE	3	1	-	4	30	70	100
EPC										
I	Reading and Reflecting on Texts	B.Ed- 107		1	1	-	2	50	-	50
II	Critical Understandin g of ICT	B.Ed- 108		1	1	-	2	50	-	50
Total					•	-	28	280	420	700

# $L-Lecture,\, T-Tutorial,\, P-Practical,\, C-Credit$

# (ii) Second Year (Theory Papers)

Paper	Course name	CouseCod e	Course Categor		Pe	rio	ds	<b>Evaluation scheme</b>		Subject Total
			y	L	Т	P	С	Sessional (Internal) Formativ e	Extern al (ESE) Summ ative	Total
Theory									•	
Vii	Pedagogy of School Subject - A	B.Ed- 201A	Elective	3	1	-	4	30	70	100
Vii	Pedagogy of School Subject - B	B.Ed- 201B	Elective	3	1	-	4	30	70	100
Viii	Knowledge and curriculum	B.Ed-202	Core	3	1	-	4	30	70	100
IV	Assessment for learning	B.Ed-203	Core	3	1	-	4	30	70	100
V	Creating an inclusive school	B.Ed-204	Core	3	1	-	4	30	70	100
VI	Optional (Course) any one i.Environmental Education ii. Peace Education iii. Guidance & counseling iv. Health Education &Yoga v. Special Education	B.Ed-205	Optional	3	1	-	4	30	70	100
EPC										T
Iii	Understanding The self	B.Ed-206		1	1	-	2	50	-	50
Iv	Drama and Art in Education	B.Ed-207		1	1	-	2	50	-	50
	SCHOOL INTERNSHIP			2	1	3	6	150	150	300
			Tota	ıl			3 4	430	570	1000

#### **Bachelor of Education**

#### B.Ed.

#### **FIRST YEAR**

#### **Childhood and Growing Up**

Course code	: B.Ed - 101					
Course Name	: Paper-1: Childhood and Growing Up					
Year	: First Year					
		L	ı	T	P	C
		3		1	-	4

#### L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit

Max. Marks:100

#### **CourseObjectives:**

- 1. Study different methods of understanding child
- 2. Understand the specific features of childhood and adolescence as distinct stages of development
- 3. Understand practical application of theories
- 4. Understand multicultural families with diverse forms of child rearing and Parentchild relationships
- 5. Create awareness about children and families living in difficult circumstances
- 6. Aware of the current issues confronting adolescents.

#### **Course Outcomes** (COs):

#### Uponsuccessfulcompletion of the course the student teacher will be able to

CO1	Identify and memorize the meaning, nature & characteristics of growth & development.
CO2	2. Interpret the principles & theories of develop.
CO3	Retrieve knowledge on different stages of development with its multidimensional aspects.
CO4	4. Organized and correlate the characteristics of development of children from different socio-cultural & political background.

CO5	<ol><li>Reflect the impact of urbanization &amp; economic change on the development of adolescents.</li></ol>
CO6	6. Assess the impact of different agencies on child development.

#### **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	3	1	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	1	3
CO3	1	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	2	2	2	3	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6	2	2	1	2	1	3	3	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	1	2

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Couse Outline:**

#### **Unit I: Introduction to Concept and Process of Childhood Development**

- Meaning of Childhood development, Principles of development
- Various developmental patterns during Infancy, Childhood and Adolescence.
- Procedure for studying Children-Observation, Interview and Case Study.
- Erik Erikson's Psychosocial Theory,

#### **Unit II: Theories of Childhood Development and their Significance:**

- Piaget's Cognitive Theory,
- Bandura's Social Learning Theory,
- Vygotsky's Sociocultural Theory
- Freud, s Psycho Sexual Theory

#### Unit III: Childhood and Adolescence:

- Defining Childhood and Adolescence as a distinct stage
- Adolescence special feature and challenges
- Characteristics and developmental task of Childhood and Adolescence
- Socialization of Childhood and Adolescence in different culture.
- Role of media in the life of adolescents with special reference to use of internet (Social Networking sites, E-mails, Browsing).

#### **Unit IV: Mental Health & Hygiene:**

- Meaning and Factors affecting mental Health & Hygien
- Environmental Hygiene and Role of Teacher.
- Awareness to Health Disaster and their prevention.

#### Unit V: Issues and Concern in Childhood and Adolescence:

- Children with difficult circumstances and Understanding of them-Juvenile delinquency, maladjustment, depression in adolescence.
- Approaches to intervention and therapy for well being-Preventive and Promotive Approach, Individual counseling and family therapy.

#### **Field Work/Assignments:**

- o Administration & Interpretation of following:
  - One Intelligence Test or Emotional Intelligence Scale.
  - One Adjustment Inventory.

#### **References / Text Books:**

Anastasi, A. & Urbina, S. (1997).

Psychological Testing (Seventh edition). Indian Reprint, Delhi Pearson Education.

Atwata, E. (1988). Adolescence. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.

Berk ,L.E (2004) Child Development (6th edition) Allyn & Bacon. Boston,

Berk, L E (2000) Child Development (8th edition) PHI learning Pvt ltd, New Delhi Bhargava, V. (2005) Adoption in India: Policies and Experiences. New Delhi: Sage Publications Elizabeth B. Hurlock Developmental Psychology Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd.

Erikson, E.H. (1968). Identity: Youth & Crises. London: Faber & Faber. Freeman, F.S. (1963) Theory and Practice of Psychological Testing. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co.

Kumar, A. (2002). Fundamentals of Child Rights-Concepts, Issues and Challenges (Vol. I & II), New Delhi: Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd

Newman, Barbara M. and Newman, Philip.R.(2001). Theories of Human Development.Routledge Taylor and Francis Group.

P.H.Mussen, J.J.Conger, J. Kagan, Child Development & personality. Harper International Edition, New York. Shri Guru Ram Rai University Syllabus of B.Ed. Patel Nagar, Dehradun, Uttarakhand 9

Sharma, N. (1999). Understanding Adolescence. New Delhi: National Book Trust.

Strasburger, V.C. and Wilson, B.J. (2002). Children, Adolescents and the Media. New Delhi: Sage Publications

Thomas, R. Murray (2000). Recent Theories of Human Development. Sage Publications. Yadav, C.P.(2008). Policies and Legislation for Children in India. New Delhi: Annol Publications Pvt. Ltd..

#### **Bachelor of Education**

**B.Ed. Contemporary India and Education** 

Course code	: B.Ed - 102				
Course Name	: Paper-2: Contemporary India and Education				
Year	: First Year				
		L	T	P	C
		3	1	-	4

L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit Max.Marks-100

#### **Course Objectives:**

#### To make students:

1. Understand concept of education and history of Education.

- 2. Understand the national goals according to Indian Constitution
- 3. Understand diversity of Indian society
- 4. Develop understanding of classroom in social context
- 5. Understand educational heritage
- 6. Develop understanding of policy frameworks for public education
- 7. Understand issues of contemporary Indian society

#### **Course outcomes** (COs):

#### $Upon successful completion of the course \ the \ student \ teacher will be able to$

CO1	Recall and implement the nature of knowledge in education and its contribution to the status of education.
CO2	Understand nature of knowledge in education and its contribution to the status of education.
CO3	Examine and investigate the philosophical reflections and educational thoughts of great educational thinkers.
CO4	Express the role of education in the development of constitutional values, universalism and peace.
CO5	Justify the historical perspectives and reforms in Indian Education.
CO6	Preparing a survey report of the financial expenditure on Education by the Grant provided by Government in its Five Year Plan

# **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	3	1	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	3	2	3	2	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	1	3
CO3	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	2	2	2	3	1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Course Outline:**

#### **Unit I: Education and Indian Society:**

- Education: Concept, process, basis and nature, Concept of education at different stages and functions of education
- Education in Indian society during (a) Vedic (b) Buddhist and (c) Medieval periods.

#### **Unit II: Heritage: Philosophical and Educational:**

- Relationship between Philosophy and Education
- Thoughts on Education Idealism, Naturalism, Pragmatism, Realism, Humanism features and their educational implications
- Thinkers on Education Plato Froebel– Montessori-Dewey –
   Gandhi ji Tagore Vivekananda-JidduKrishnamurti
- Eclectic tendencies in education

#### **Unit III: Policy Framework – Part-I:**

- Macaulay,s minute and Benticcs resolution of 1835.Woods Despatch - 1854.
- Indian Constitution and national goals: Preamble, fundamental rights and duties, Concepts of democracy, socialism, secularism and national integration, Constitutional provisions for education.

#### **Unit IV: Policy Frameworks for Public Education- Part-II:**

- Commission and policies: Recommendations of Indian Education Commission, NPE 1986 and its review (G.O.I., 1992), National Curriculum Framework (NCF) for school education 2005, Knowledge Commission 2005, Right to Education 2009.
- Programme for children.- Integrated Child Developmental Scheme (ICDS);

#### **Unit V: Issues and concerns in education:**

Meaning and Concept of liberalization, globalization and privatization and its impact on education, national and social integration, vocationalization of education and skill development.

#### Practicum/Field work: (Any two of the following):

(i) Survey report on marginalized group

- (ii) Observe mid-day meal of a school and assess its nutritive and social integrative value
- (iii) Conduct an awareness programme for Child"s Rights with community
- (iv) Organize a stage show showing cultural diversity/inequality of Indian society
- (v) Conduct a drive for literacy/hygiene in the area of requirement and prepare a report

#### **References / Text books:**

- 1- Anand, C.L. et al (1983). The teacher and education in emerging Indian society, New Delhi : NCERT
- 2- Sharma, R.A. (2013): Philosophical and Sociological Foundation of Education, Lal Book Depot, Meerut
- 3- Pandey, R. (2014-15): Teacher in Emerging Indian Society, Alok Prakashan, Allahabad
- 4- Pathak, P.D. & Tyagi, G.S.D. (1994): Principle of Education, Vinod Pustak Mandir, Agra
- 5- G.O.I. (1966) Report of education commission: Education and national development, New Delhi: Ministry of Education
- 6- G.O.I. (1986) National policy of education, New Delhi: MHRD
- 7- G.O.I. (1992) National policy of education,(As modified in 1992) New Delhi: MHRD
- 8- G.O.I. (2009) The right of children to free and compulsory education Act 2009 Shri Guru Ram Rai University Syllabus of B.Ed. Patel Nagar, Dehradun, Uttarakhand 12
- 9- G.O.I. (2011) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan: Framework for implementation based on the right of children to free and compulsory education Act 2009
- 10- Kumar, K. (2013). Politics of education in colonial India, Rout ledge
- 11- Naik, J.P. and Narullah, S. (1974). A students' history of education in India (1800- 1973) Macmillan
- 12- NCERT (2005). National curriculum framework for school education, New Delhi : NCERT
- 13- NCERT (2006). Position paper National focus group on gender issues in education, New Delhi : NCERT
- 14- Saxena, N.R.S. (2010). Principles of education, Meerut: International Publishing House.

# Bachelor of Education B.Ed Learning and Teaching

Course code	: B.Ed - 103				
Course Name	: Paper-3: Learning and Teaching				
Year	: First Year				
		L	T	P	C
		3	1	-	4

#### L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit Max. Marks: 100

#### **Course Objectives:**

The objectives of this course are:

- 1. Acquire knowledge and understanding about the learner and the teaching- learning process to bring effectiveness in the learning outcomes;
- 2. Gain an understanding of different theoretical perspectives on learning with a focus on cognitive views of learning as well as social constructivist theories;
- 3. Understand the individual differences in cognitive abilities among the learners and decide the teaching-learning strategies appropriate to the needs of the learners;
- 4. Appreciate the critical role of learner differences and contexts in making meanings, and draw out implications for schools and teachers;
- 5. Be acquainted with group dynamics and various roles of the teachers in teaching learning process;

- 6. Understand the concepts of professionalism and be encouraged to develop competencies to act as professionals;
- 7. Comprehend the parameters of effective teaching so as to demonstrate his/her skills at different phases of instruction;

#### **Course Outcomes: COs**

#### Uponsuccessfulcompletion of the course the student teacher will be able to

004	
CO1	Recall the teaching-learning process to bring effectiveness in the learning
	outcomes;
CO2	Relate different theoretical perspectives with a focus on cognitive views of
	learning as well as social constructivist theories;
CO3	Examine individual differences in cognitive abilities among the learners.
CO4	Appreciate the critical role of learner differences and contexts in making
	meanings, and draw out implications for schools and teachers;
CO5	Associate with group dynamics and various roles of the teachers in
	teaching learning process;
CO6	Interpret the parameters of effective teaching so as to demonstrate his/her
	skills at different phases of instruction;

#### **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	1	3	1	3	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	2	3	3	3	2
CO3	1	1	2	2	1	3	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3
CO4	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	2
CO5	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	1	3	2	1	3	3	1
CO6	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	3

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Course Outline:**

#### **Unit I: Process of Knowing and Learning:**

- Concept and meaning of Education, Goals of Education
- Process and modes of Education
- Differentiate between information, knowledge, belief and truth.
- Learning: Meaning, nature, characteristics, principles & types

- Learning Curves: meaning, types, educational implications
- Factors affecting Learning: maturation, attention, interest, fatigue, school related factors
- Motivation : definition, types and techniques

#### **Unit II: Approaches to Learning:**

- > Concept, theories and educational applicability of following approaches to learning
  - Behaviorist Approach: Thorndike"s theory of Trial & Error; Pavlov"s theory of Classical Conditioning; Skinner"s theory of Operant Conditioning
  - Humanistic Approach : Maslow's Humanistic Theory
  - Cognitive Approach: Bruner's theory of Discovery Learning
  - Constructivism: cognitive constructivism and social constructivism (concept and features), cooperative and collaborative learning).

#### **Unit III: Differences in Individual Learners:**

- Intra and Inter Individual differences: meaning, dimensions and factors Intelligence: nature, theories (Factor Theories, Gardner"s theory of Multiple intelligence;
- Learning Styles: concept, types and implications for learning
- Personality: meaning and types, Trait theories Freud"s Psychoanalytical theory Creativity: concept, factors and nurturing creativity

#### **Unit IV: Classroom Dynamics and Role of teacher:**

- Classroom climate and group dynamics
- Development of inter personal relationships, use of socio-metric techniques Classroom management
- Leadership dynamics
- Teacher as a leader of group and facilitator of learning
- Teacher's accountability

#### **Unit V: Teaching as a Complex Activity:**

- Concept of Teaching: meaning, definition, characteristics, forms
- Phases of Teaching: pre active, inter active, post active
- Levels of Teaching: memory, understanding, reflective
- Basic teaching skills and competencies, strategies and techniques of teaching
- Professional ethics and code of conduct for teachers in formal school

#### **Practicum / Field Work:**

- 1) Administration and Interpretation of any one psychological test
- 2) Aptitude Test / Creativity Test/ Personality Test/ Attitude Test;
- 3) Any one experiment on learning Division of Attention, Memory, Transfer of Learning.

#### **References/Textbooks:**

Benjafield, J.G. (1992).

Cognition, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs.

Bigge, Morris L. (1967) Learning Theories for Teachers Delhi: Universal Book Stall Bower and Hilgard (5th ed.) (1986) Theories of Learning New Delhi: Prentice Hall Bruner, J.S. (1967) A Study of Thinking, New York:

John Wiley Chand, Tara and Prakash,

Ravi (1997) Advanced Educational Psychology New Delhi: Kanishka Publications

# Bachelor of education B.Ed Language across Curriculum

Course code	: B.Ed. 104					
Course Name	: Paper 4 :	Language across Curriculum	1			
Semester /Year	: FIRST YEAR					
		L	,	T	P	C
		3		1	-	4

L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit Max. Marks - 100

#### **CourseObjectives:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare:**

- 1. Develop sensitivity to the language diversity existing in the classroom
- 2. Understand nature of classroom discourse and develop strategies for using orallanguage in the classroom
- 3. Develop listening and speaking ability
- 4. Understand interplay of language and society
- 5. Prepare background for sound reading
- 6. Understand multilinguism in the class

#### **Course Outcomes COs**

#### Uponsuccessfulcompletion of the course the student teacher will be able to

CO1	Define language diversity existing in the classroom
CO2	Indicate nature of classroom discourse and develop strategies for using oral
	language in the classroom
CO3	Associate interplay of language and society, Develop listening and speaking ability.
CO4	Integrate the content of Theories of language development and their implications in teaching.
CO5	Explain the meaning of and usage of classroom discourse Understand multi-linguism in the class.
CO6	Analyze Recommendations of various commissions on language Understand importance of Three language formula.

#### **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	2	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	2	3	2	3	1	3	1	1
CO2	3	3	3	3	2	3	1	1	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	3
CO3	2	1	1	3	1	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	1	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO6	3	3	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Course Outline:**

### Unit I: Introduction to language across the curriculum:

- LAC Approach: Need & benefits of LAC approach
- Role of content subject teachers and English teachers

#### **Unit II: Language and Communication:**

- Meaning and Characteristics of Language.
- Its nature and importance in human life
- Language as tool of communication
- Basic functions of communication.
- Barriers to communication.
- Principles of teaching language

#### **Unit -III: Language and Classroom:**

- First and Second Language : Meaning, Importance, Objectives and methods of acquiring it.
- Role of mother tongue: Its nature and importance and three language formula.
- Importance of language laboratory in schools.
- Qualities of a good language teacher.

#### **Unit -IV : Language and Society :**

- Relationship between language and society: identity, power and discrimination
- Types of speech communities: Meaning, Lingua-France, Diglossia, Bilingualism, Minority Languages, Language Split, Language Maintenance, Language preservation, Language death, Language revival.
- Multilinguism: differential status of Indian classroom language, dialects vs standard language.
- Creating sensitivity to the language diversity in the classrooms.

#### **Unit -V: Language Development:**

- Importance of Teacher Language
- Criteria of good teacher language
- Vocabulary : Significance and methods Spelling : Objectives, Significance and methods
- Speech: Basic Components, aims Pronunciation: Aims, Causes and methods
- Speech defects: Lisping, slurring, stuttering and stammering and role of teacher in their resolution.
- Psychological basis of language: Theories of language development and their implications in teaching.

#### **Unit -VI : Classroom Discourse :**

- Classroom discourse : meaning, nature, Role of teacher in classroom discourse.
- Strategies for using oral language: Discussion and questioning as tools for learning, debates, seminars.
- Defective form of questions.

#### **Unit -VII : Classroom as Language Laboratory :**

- Reading : Objectives, characteristics, methods, types, significance and importance.
- Reading strategies for children :Note taking, summarizing making readingwriting connections.
- Writing: Objectives, characteristics, Significance, Strategies and writing scripts.

#### **Unit -VIII: Language Polices:**

- Language Policies related to school education and secondary education.
- Recommendation of various commissions on language: Kothari commission 1964-66, National Educational Policy 1986 and Knowledge Commission.
- Three language formula.

#### **Practicum/Assignment:**

#### Any one of the following:

- i. Identification of speech defects of primary level students and making a remedial strategy for its resolution
- ii. Organization of activity based game to motivate students for creative questioning
- iii. Critical analysis of any book written for children

#### **References / Textbooks:**

- 1- Agnihotri, R.K. (1995). Multilingualism as a classroom resource. In K.Heugh, A.Seigruhn & P.Pluddemann (Eds.) Multilingual education for South Africa, Heinemann Educational Books
- 2- Eller, R.G. (1989). Johnny can't talk, either: The perpetuation of deficit theory in classrooms, The Reading Teacher, 670-674
- 3- Sinha, S. (2000). Acquiring literacy in schools. Seminar, 38-42
- 4- Thwaite, A. and Rivalland, J. (2009). How can analysis of classroom talk help teachers reflect on their practices? Australian Journal of Language and Literacy, 32(1), 38
- 5- Anderson, R.C. (1984). Role of reader"s schema in comprehension, learning and memory. In R.C. Anderson et al. (eds) Learning to read in American schools: Basal readers and content texts. Psychology Press
- 6- Grellet, F. (1981). Developing reading skills: A practical guide to reading comprehension exercises. Cambridge University Press
- 7- NCERT (2006). Position paper: National Focus Group on teaching of Indian language (NCF-2005). New Delhi: NCERT.

# Bachelor of education B.Ed Understanding Disciplines and Subjects

Course code	: B.Ed.105				
Course Name	: PAPER -5: Understanding Disciplines and Sub	jects	}		
Semester /Year	: FIRST YEAR				
		L	T	P	C
		3	1	-	4

L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit Max.Marks:100

#### **CourseObjectives:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare**

- 1. Understand the nature and role of disciplinary knowledge in the school curriculum.
- 2. Conceptualize the paradigm shifts in the nature of disciplines.
- 3. Know the history of the teaching of different disciplinary areas like Language, Math, Social Science and Science.
- 4. Critically evaluate the knowledge from a broad range of disciplines.
- 5. Reflect on NCF 2005 & NCFTE-2009

#### **Course outcomes** (COs):

#### Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	State the nature and role of disciplinary knowledge in the school curriculum.
CO2	Present nature of paradigm shift in the nature of disciplines.
CO3	Review on the teaching of different disciplinary areas like Language, Math, Social Science and Science.
CO4	Associate the evolution of knowledge.

CO5	Learn about actual shaping of curriculum framework (2005) and teacher education (2009).
CO6	Conduct seminar on scheme of school curriculum.

#### **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	3	2	2	3	1	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	2	3	2	1
CO2	2	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	2	3	2	1	2	3	2	1
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	2	3	2	2	1	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO6	1	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	2

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **CouseOutline:**

### Unit 1 Disciplinary Knowledge:

- Meaning, definition and nature of discipline. Role of disciplinary knowledge in overall scheme of school curriculum.
- Interdisciplinary nature of subjects
- Paradigm shift in the nature of discipline.

#### **Unit II: Syllabus and Content in Disciplinary Areas:**

- Meaning, definition and nature of Syllabus in different disciplinary areas. Selection criteria of contents in the syllabus, Sequencing and transformation of the contents in the syllabus for construction of learners own knowledge through it.
- Criteria of inclusion and exclusion of subject area from the school curriculum.

#### **Unit III: Notion of the Disciplinary Doctrine:**

- Concept of disciplinary knowledge and subjects.
- School subject as the tool of social reconstruction and national development.

Unit IV: Advancement of Knowledge and Sea Changes in Disciplinary Areas

• In respect of Social Science, Science, Math and Language.

#### **Unit V: Designing of curriculum**

- Differentiate between curriculum and syllabus.
- Designing of curriculum
- Need and importance of curriculum
- NCF-2005 & NCFTE-2009

#### **Unit VI: Designing of Text book and Subject:**

- Designing of text book,
- Criteria of selection of good text books, magazine and journals,
- Importance of practical, community and intuitive of tacit knowledge in the design of school subject. Practicum/ Field Work (any one from the following):
- Conduct seminar on scheme of school curriculum.
- Conduct a play on advances of knowledge in teaching/education from the ancient period, to 21st century.
- Criticism of the syllabus of any one subject of secondary level in respect to the ideal principles of syllabus designing.
- Evaluation of textbooks of any class and subject.
- Debate on criteria of inclusion of subject area in school curriculum.

#### **Reference Books/Text Books:**

Naik, J.P., & Nurullah, S. (1974). A students" history of education in India (1800-1973). Macmillan

NCERT. (2005). National curriculum framework. NCERT.

Apple, M.W. (2008). Can schooling contribute to a more just society?

Education, Citizenship and Social Justice, 3(3), 239–261.

Apple, M.W., Au, W., & Gandin, L.A. (2011). The Routledge international handbook of critical education. Taylor & Francis.

Apple, M.W., & Beane, J.A. (2006). Democratic schools: Lessons in powerful education.

Eklavya. Retrieved from <a href="http://www.arvindguptatoys.com/">http://www.arvindguptatoys.com/</a>

Armstrong, M. (1980). The practice of art and the growth of understanding.

In Closely observed children: The diary of a primary classroom (pp. 131–170). Writers &

# Bachelor of Education B.Ed

# Gender, School and Society

Course code	: <b>B.Ed-106</b>					
Course Name	: Paper: 6	Gender, School and So	ciety			
Semester /Year	: FIRST YEAR					
			L	T	P	С
			3	1	-	4

L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit Max. Marks -100

### **CourseObjectives:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare-**

1. To Develop basic understanding and familiarity with key concepts – gender, gender bias, gender stereotype, empowerment, gender parity, equity and equality, patriarchy and feminism

- 2. Understand the gradual paradigm shift from women's studies to gender studies and some important landmarks in connection with gender and education in the historical and contemporary period
- 3. Learn about gender issues in school, curriculum and textual materials across disciplines, pedagogical processes and its intersection with class, caste, religion and region
- 4. Understand how gender, power and sexuality are related to education (in terms of access, curriculum and pedagogy)
- 5. Construct critically the impact of policies, programmers' and scheme for promotion of gender equality and empowerment
- 6. Apply the conceptual tools learnt regarding gender and sexuality to understand issues related to sexual harassment at the workplace and child abuse
- 7. Understand how gender relates to education and schooling. The students will be able to understand on how school as institutions addresses gender concerns in curriculum, textual materials and pedagogy.

#### **Course Outcomes: COs**

#### $Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to {\it the course of the course of$

CO1	. Define the social attitude towards Girl's education.
CO2	Describe the concept of gender and sex
CO3	Discuss the issues related to Gender in School
CO4	Explain the social attitude towards Girl's education, concept of gender and sex
CO5	Recognize the current women development via adult and non-formal education
CO6	Analyze the importance of vocational training and income generation for women. Discuss the role of various stakeholders in reinforcing gender equality.

#### **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	2	1	1	2	1	3	3	3	2	1	3	3	1	1	3	2
CO2	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	1	2	1	2	2	2
CO3	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	1	2	1	2	2	2
CO4	3	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO6	2	2	3	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Course Outline:**

#### **Unit I Gender Issues:**

- Concepts and terms and relate them with their context in understanding the power relations to gender, sex, sexuality, patriarchy, masculinity and feminism
- Gendered roles in society family, caste, Class, religion, culture, the media and popular culture (films, advertisements, songs etc.).
- Gender and Socialization.

#### **Unit II: Gender Studies: Paradigm Shifts:**

- Historical backdrop: some landmarks from social reform movements of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries with focus on women's experiences of education
- Contemporary period: recommendations of policy initiatives, commission and committees, schemes, programmes and plans.

#### **Unit III: Gender, Power and Education:**

- Gender identities and socialization practices in : Family, School and other formal and informal organization
- Schooling of girls: Inequalities and resistances (issues of access, retention and exclusion), Overview of girl education in India with special reference to U.K.
- Beti padao, beti bachao.

#### Unit IV: Gender Issues in Curriculum:

- Gender, culture and institution: Intersection of class, caste, religion and region
- Construction of gender in curriculum framework since independence : An analysis
- Empowerment of Women: Strategies and Issues
- Teacher as an agent of change and Life skills Trainer

#### **Unit V: Gender, Sexual Harassment and Abuse:**

- Understanding the importance of addressing sexual harassment in family, neighborhood and other formal and informal institutions
- Agencies perpetuating violence : Family, school, work place and media (print and electronic)
- Institutions redressing sexual harassment and abuse. Unit VI: Gender and School:
- Equity and Equality: meaning. Schooling of girls: Inequalities and resistances (issues of access, retention and exclusion).
- Role of Education, schools and peers in gender equalities.
- Role of curriculum and textbooks in gender equalities. Teacher as an agent of change in gender Equalities.

#### **Practicum/Field work:**

#### (any two of the following)

- i) Analysis of textual materials from the perspective of gender bias and stereotype
- ii) Preparation of project on critical analysis of recommendation of commissions and policies on capacity building and empowerment of girls and women, how these initiatives have helped in encouraging grassroot mobilisation of women, such as Mahila Samakhya programme
- iii) Preparation of indicators on participation of boys and girls in heterogeneous schools Public and private-aided and managed by religious organizations and prepare a report
- iv) Case study on how students perceive role models in their own lives.
- v) A comparative study of the daily routine of a girl and boy from the same family.

#### **Text Books/Reference Books:**

- 1- Deng, Z (2013): School subjects and academic disciplines In A. Luke, A Woods & Wev (Eds), Curriculum syllabus design and equity: A premier and model. Rout Ledge
- 2- G.O.I. (1966): Report of the education commission: Education and national development. New Delhi: Ministry of Education
- 3- G.O.I. (1986): National Policy of Education, G.O.I.
- 4- G.O.I. (1992, 1998): National Policy on Education, 1986 (As modified in 1992), Retrieved from http:mhrd.gov.in/sites/upload\_files/mhrd/files/NPE86-MOD92, pdf
- 5- Menon, N. (2012): Seeing like a feminist India: Penguin

- 6- Nirantar. (2010): Textbook regimes: A feminist critique of nation and identity. New Delhi
- 7- A. banon, Robent. (2010): Social psychology, Pearson education, New Delhi
- 8- Goswami, Acharya Balchand. (2003): Vyakti, parivar and sex, Jaina prakashan, Jaipur
- 9- Mathur Savitri. (2008): Sociological foundation of education, Kavita Prakashan, Jaipur
- 10- Sidhu, Ramindra, (2009): Sociology of education, Shri Sai Printographers, New Delhi 11- Mudgal, S.D. (2007): Social work education today and tomorrow, Book Enclave, Jaipur.

## Bachelor of education B.Ed Reading and Reflecting on Texts

Course code	: B.Ed. 107				
Course Name	: EPC-1: Reading and Reflecting on Texts				
Semester /Year	: FIRST YEAR				
		L	T	P	C
		1	1	-	2

L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - CreditMax. Marks: 50

#### **CourseObjectives:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare**

- 1. To develop their capacities as readers, writers and thinkers when they learn reading and writing together.
- 2. To analyze various text structures.
- 3. To motivate students to read-write and respond to a variety of texts.
- 4. To develop various practical skills and capabilities as understanding, thinking, retention, analyzing and summarizing.

#### **Course Outcomes: COs**

#### Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Develop their reading and writing capacity as a reader, writer and
	thinkers.
CO2	Recall various text structures.
CO3	Integrate Reading-Writing activities and variety of texts.
CO4	Develop various practical skills and capability as understanding,
CO5	Develop various practical skills, thinking and retention.
CO6	Prepare practical skills and capability as analyzing and summarizing.

#### **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	1	1	3	3	3	2	2	1	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	2
CO2	3	1	2	3	3	1	1	1	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	1	1	2	3	3	2	1	2	2	3	1	1	3	2	2	1
CO4	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO6	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Course Outline:**

#### **Unit I-Activities Related to Reading of Text:**

- 1- Teacher Educator will give a topic (related to empirical, conceptual and historic work, policy document) for reading. After reading, pupil teachers will discuss their view in group on the given topic of reading.
- 2- Teacher educator will examine/observe the handling with the diverse texts of the students and remedial suggestions will be given.

#### **Unit II-Activities Related to Skills and Strategies:**

- 1- Teacher educator will demonstrate essential skills (model reading, drill, pronunciation, silent reading etc.) of reading and writing.
- 2- Narrative texts, expository texts from diverse sources, autobiographical narratives and field studies etc. could also include addressing various reading skills and strategies.
- 3- Teacher educator will set goal for learning, monitoring, comprehension and self-reflection.

#### **Unit III-Activities Related to Assignment:**

Students will read, summarize and describe empirical, conceptual and historical work, policy documents and studies about school etc. and submit reading- reflection in the form of written assignment.

#### **Unit IV-Activities Related to Observation and Discussion:**

- 1- Pupil teachers will observe the activities of peer group.
- 2- Teacher educators will motivate pupil teachers to think and critically analyze activities of self and group during reading, discussion and writing.

#### Unit V-Activities Related to Evaluation and Reflection:

- 1- Students will develop reflections from experience and observation.
- 2- Teacher educator will evaluate reflections. Following class room activities will be helpful for students within three steps –
- 3- Write before you read
- 4- Write-while-you-read
- 5- Write-after-you-read

#### Activity I: Relating an Experience:

Students will write about something they have experienced (historical, policy perspectives, teaching and learning etc.)

#### Activity II: Predicting:

Students will preview the text put text aside and write down what they think about the text. Teacher educator will help students to compare and discuss predictions in the classroom.

#### Activity III: Split-Page Notes:

Students will read the texts; highlight their selections of text; divide a piece of paper into two columns and write the main ideas they found in the text on the left side of the paper and the details on the right side. Compare, revise and clarify the selected text within small groups.

#### Activity IV: Plus-Minus-Interesting:

Students will draw a table with three columns and to label the columns plus, minus and Interesting. After reading text, students will write it into one of the three columns. What they see as being positive, write in the Plus column; write negative points in the Minus column; and interesting points in the last column marked Interesting. Activity will be followed by group discussion

#### Activity V: Retelling:

Students will review the text; select key words; recall; retell and reconstruct through oral and written presentation

#### **References/Text Books:**

- 1. Reflecting on Literacy in Education, Peter Hannon, Routledge Publication ShriGuruRamRai University Syllabus of B.Ed. Patel Nagar, Dehradun, Uttarakhand
- 2. Reflective Practices: Writing and professional development. Gillie Bolten. Sage Publication
- 3. Write to be Read Teacher's manual: Reading, Reflection and Writing. Williams R.Smalzer. Cambridge University Press.
- 4. Literacy and Learning: Reflection on Writing, Reading, and Society. Deborah Brandt. Wiley Publishers.
- 5. Fostering Reflection and Providing Feedback: Helping Others Learn from. By Jane West berg PhD, Hilliard Jason MD, Springer Publication
- 6. Research and Reflection: Teacher Take Action for Literacy Development, Andrea Izzo. Information age Publication
- 7. Reading to Learn in the Content Areas, Judy Richardson, Raymond Morgan, Charlene Fleener, Cinage learning.

# Bachelor of education B.Ed Critical Understanding of ICT

Course code	: B.Ed. 108				
Course Name	: EPC 2:Critical Understanding of ICT				
Semester /Year	: FIRST YEAR				
		L	T	P	C
		1	1	-	2

L - Lecture T – Tutorial P – Practical C – Credit Max. Marks: 50

#### **CourseObjectives:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare**

- 1. To develop an understanding of the concept of ICT in Education.
- 2. To develop an understanding of the importance and need of communication through ICT.

- 3. To develop an understanding of the psychological bases of using various support media required for ICT.
- 4. To provide much hands on experience with computers.
- 5. To familiarize student-teachers with contemporary teaching- learning techniques.
- 6. To enable student-teachers to recognise, understand and appreciate ICT as an effective learning tool for learners and an enormous functional support to teachers.

#### **Course Outcomes** (COs):

#### Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Identify concept of ICT in Education.
CO2	Relate to develop an understanding of the importance and need of communication through ICT.
CO3	Apply ICT to help students to become competent and confident
CO4	Classify skills to assist them
CO5	Design psychological bases of using various support media required for ICT.
CO6	Prepare hands on experience with computers.

## **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	2	1	2	2	3	2	2	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	2	2
CO2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3	1	1	3	2	3	3	3	2
CO3	2	3	3	3	3	1	1	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	1	2	2	3	3	2	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	1	3	2
CO6	1	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **CouseOutline:**

#### **Unit I: ICT in Education:**

- Concept, meaning, nature and importance of ICT in Education,
- Need and Scope of ICT in education, advantages and limitations of ICT in education,

- Challenges in integrating ICT in school education,
- Difference between Educational technology,
- Communication technology and information technology.

#### **Unit II: Psychological Bases of Using ICT:**

- Dale"s cone of experience,
- Multisensory instruction.
- Multisensory instructional approach and
- Constructivist approach.

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#### **Unit III: Introduction to Computers:**

- Meaning, characteristics and functioning of a computer through block diagram,
- Hardware: Input, output and storage devices, Software: concept and types,
- computer memory: concept and types, viruses and its management.

#### **Unit IV: ICT Supported Teaching / Learning Strategies:**

Technology aided learning Programmed instruction, computer assisted instruction, computer managed instruction, project based learning, collaborative learning, cooperative learning.

#### **Unit V: E-learning and Web Based Learning:**

E-learning: Concept and nature, web based learning, virtual classroom, Blended learning, webinars, EDUSAT, critical issues in internet usage – authenticity of information, plagiarism, downsides of social networking group,

#### Practicum/Assignment:

#### (Any one):

- 1. Comparative analysis of traditional teaching/learning and ICT mediated teaching/learning.
- 2. Prepare a report of Effective teaching learning process with ICT.
- 3. Comparison of various ICT supported teaching learning strategies
- 4. Report on web based learning environments.

#### **References/Textbook:**

- 1. Aggarwal J.C., 1995, Essentials of Educational Technology Learning Innovations, Vikas Publications, New Delhi.
- 2. Grant Wiggins, Jay McTighe (2005) Understanding by Design, 2nd Edition, Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development
- 3. Intel ® Teach to the future Pre Service Curriculum Manual, Edition 2.0 (with Companion CD),
- 4. Kumar, K.L., 2000, Educational Technology, New Age International (P) Ltd. Publishers, New Delhi.
- 5. Sampath, K, et al, 1998, Introduction to Educational Technology, (4th Edition) Sterling Publishers, New Delhi.
- 6. Underwood, Jean D.M., and Geoffrely Underwood, 1990, Computers and Learning Helping Children Acquire Thinking Skills, Basil Blackwell, Oxford.

#### **Bachelor of Education**

#### **B.ED. II YEAR:**

## **Teaching of Physical Science**

Course code	: B.Ed.201/A/B					
Course Name	: Paper-7 : Teaching of Physical Science					
Semester /Year	: SECOND YEAR					
		L	T	P	C	

<u> </u>		 	
	2	2	4

L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit

Max. Marks -100

## **CourseObjectives:**

#### Theobjectivesofthiscourseare-

- 1.Develop insight on the meaning and nature of Science
- 2. Make them enable in developing lesson planning skills in the contents of Science with respect to its branches
- 3. Understand the process of different models of teaching
- 4. Determining aims and objectives in the contents area of Science
- 5. Familiarize with the curriculum organization in science subject
- 6. Formulate meaningful enquiry episodes, problem-solving situation, investigatory learning project based on upper primary and secondary school.

## **Course outcomes: (COs)**

#### $Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to {\it the course of the course of$

CO1	Recall the meaning and nature of science.
CO2	Understand lesson planning skill in the contents of Science with respect to its branches.
CO3	Use different models of teaching.
CO4	Compare aims and objectives in the contents areas of Science.
CO5	Familiarize themselves with the concept of curriculum organization in Science subject.
CO6	Investigate project based on upper primary and secondary school.

## **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO2	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO3	1	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	3
CO6	2	3	3	1	2	2	1	1	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	2

#### **Course Outline:**

#### **Unit I: Nature of Science:**

- Science as a domain of enquiry,
- Science as an interdisciplinary area of learning.
- Facts, concepts, principles, law and theories their characteristics in content of Science. Contribution of Eminent Scientist; Isaac Newton, Dalton, Albert Einstein, Graham bell, J.C. Bose, C.V. Raman, Vikram Sarabhai, H.J. Bhabha, AP.J.Abdul Kalam.

## **Unit II: Aims and objectives in teaching of Science:**

- Aims and objectives of Science teaching at upper primary and secondary level school.
- General objectives, specific objectives, classification of learning objective; cognitive, affective and psychomotor.
- Writing objectives in behavioural terms in content areas of Science.

## **Unit III: Curriculum Organization:**

- Organizational structure of curriculum,
- types of curriculum, principles of Science curriculum,
- curriculum objectives,
- Trends in Science curriculum.
- Justification for including Science as a subject of study in school curriculum.

#### **Unit IV: Lesson Planning:**

- Meaning and need of lesson planning,
- characteristics of good lesson plan,
- types of lessonplan,
- approaches in lesson planning;
- Herbart and RCEM.
- Design of lesson plan in the content area of Science,
- simulation and microteaching skills.

#### **Unit V: Teaching Models and Strategies:**

- Meaning and definition of teaching models,
- fundamental elements of teaching models,
- types of teaching models;
- behavior modification and constructivist.

- Microteaching simulated teaching, team teaching,
- PLA technique, project based learning, cooperative learning,
- Application of ICT in the Science Classroom

## **Practicum (any one of the following):**

- Assignment on writing objective in behavioural terms in the content area of Science at upper primary level and secondary level
- Report on the contribution of an Eminent Scientist Assignment on facts, principles, law and theories their characteristics in the content of Science (citing example of each)
- Prepare two micro teaching lessons on the content areas of Science.

#### **References / Text Books:**

- Kulshrestha, S.P.: Teaching of Physical Science, R.Lal Book Depot, Meerut Sood, J.K.:
- Teaching of Physical Science, Agarwal Publication, Agra Pandey, Shashi Kiran:
- Science teaching, Vani Prakashan, New Delhi Rawat, D.C.: Teaching of Science, Vinod Pustak, Agra Das, R.C.:
- Science teaching in schools, Steerling Publication, New Delhi Bennett, Jeffrey: on teaching Science (print/e-book) Big Kid Science Publication Singh, R.:
- Teaching methods in schools, Commonwealth Publication, Delhi. Norman Herr:
- The source book for teaching Science (e-book/print) Wiley Publication Pathak, R.P.:
- Teaching skills, Pearson Publication, New Delhi Yadav, M.S.:
- Objective Science, Anmol Publication, New Delhi Siddiqui, N.N. & Siddiqui, M.N.
- Teaching of Science, Doaba House, New Delhi Chauhan S.S.:
- Innovation in teaching, Vikas Publication, New Delhi Chandra, T.:
- Principles of teaching, Anmol Publication, New Delhi Bloom, B.S.:
- Taxnomy of educational objectives, Mckay Co. New Delhi.

Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR:

**Teaching of Biological Science** 

Course code	: B.Ed.201/A/B				
Course Name	: Paper-7 : Teaching of Biological Science				
Semester /Year	: SECOND YEAR				
		L	T	P	C
		2		2	4

L - Lecture T – Tutorial P – Practical C – Credit Max. Marks –100

#### **CourseObjectives:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare-**

- 1. Develop insight on the meaning and nature of biological science for determining aims and strategies of teaching-learning;
- 2. Appreciate that science is a dynamic and expanding body of knowledge;
- 3. Appreciate the fact that every child possesses curiosity about his/her naturalsurroundings;
- 4. Identify and relate everyday experiences with learning biological science
- 5. Appreciate various approaches of teaching-learning of biological science
- 6. Explore the process skill in science and role of laboratory in teaching-learning
- 7. Use effectively different activities/experiments/demonstrations/ laboratory Experiences for teaching—learning of biological science;
- 8. Develop process-oriented objectives, based on the content themes/units

#### **Course outcomes: (COs)**

## Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Recall the meaning and nature of Science for determining aims and strategies of teaching-learning.
CO2	Express that Science is a dynamic and expanding body of knowledge.
CO3	Develop curiosity about his/her natural surroundings.
CO4	Identify everyday experiences with learning Biological Science.
CO5	Make learning meaningful by using various approaches of Biological Science.
CO6	Develop process skill in Science and role of laboratory in teaching learning.

## **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO2	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO3	1	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	3
CO6	2	3	3	1	2	2	1	1	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	2

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **CourseOutline:**

#### **Unit I: Nature and Scope of Biological Science:**

- Science as a domain of enquiry, History of biological science;
- Origin of life and evolution, biodiversity, observations and experiments in biological sciences; Interdisciplinary linkages, biological sciences and society.

#### Unit II: Aims and Objectives of Biological Science:

- Developing scientific attitude and scientific temper; Acquire the skills to understand the methods and process that lead to exploration;
- Know the facts and principles of biology and its applications consistent with the stages of cognitive development of learners.

## **Unit III: Exploring Learners:**

- Motivating learner to bring his/her previous knowledge in science/biology gained through classroom/environment/parents and peer group;
- Generating discussion, involving learners in teaching-learning process, encouraging learners to raise questions, appreciating dialogue amongst peer groups, encouraging learners to collect materials from local resources and to develop/fabricate suitable activities in biological science (individual or group work

## Unit IV: School Science Curriculum (Biological Science):

- Trends in Science curriculum; Consideration in developing learner-centered curriculum in biology;
- Analysis of textbooks and biology syllabi of NCERT and States/UTs at upper primary, secondary and higher secondary stages;
- Analysis of other print and non-print materials in the area of biological science used in various states.

## Unit V: Approaches and Strategies of Learning Biological Science:

- Pedagogical shift from science as fixed body of knowledge to process of constructing knowledge,
- Scientific method observation, enquiry, hypothesis, experimentation, data collection, generalization; Communication in biological sciences; Problemsolving, investigatory

approach, concept mapping, collaborative learning, Project based learning, experiential learning in biological science. Simulation, micro-teaching skills and lesson planning.

## **Assignments: (Any one of the following.)**

- 1. Preparation of model and charts.
- 2. Herbarium
- 3. Visit to places of Biological Interest & their reporting by the student
- 4. Gardening 5. Improvisation, maintenance and repair of Biological Equipment.
- 6. Review of Biology Science Curriculum

#### **References/Text bools:**

- Agarwal D.D.: Modern Methods of Teaching Biology, New Delhi: Sorup and Sons,2002
- Mangal S. K.: Teaching of science,
- New Delhi: Arya Book Depot, 1992
- Yadav Seema and Singh A.K.: Teaching of Life Science, New Delhi: Dominant Publications
- NCERT: Teaching of Science in Secondary Schools. New Delhi: NCERT, 1982 Aggarwal, D. D. (2008). Modern Method of Teaching Biology, Karanpaper Books. New Delhi
- Sharma, R.C. (2006). Modern Science Teaching .New Delhi: Dhanpat Rai Publications).
- Yadav, M.S. (2003) Teaching of Science. New Delhi: Anmol Publications
- K.Yadav "Teaching of Life Sciences"
- Miller and Blaydes "Methods and Materials for Teaching Biological Sciences. 10.Mohan,. Radha(2004):Innovative Science Teaching, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi

Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR:

## **Teaching of Mathematics**

Course code	: B.Ed.201/A/B				
Course Name	: Paper-7 : Teaching of Mathematics				
Semester /Year	: SECOND YEAR				
		L	T	P	C
		2		2	4

L - Lecture T – Tutorial P – Practical C – Credit

Max. Marks -100

## **CourseObjectives:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare:**

- i. Understand meaning, nature and scope of mathematics
- ii. Develop an insight into aims and objectives of teaching school mathematics
- iii. Understand school mathematics curriculum
- iv. Understand approaches and strategies in teaching and learning of mathematics.

### **Course outcomes** (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Mathematics provides an effective way of building mental discipline Explain and express the foundations of mathematics.
CO2	Recall the meaning, nature and different scope of mathematics in life.
CO3	Develop an insight into aims and objectives of teaching school mathematics
CO4	Appreciate approaches and strategies in teaching and learning of mathematics.
CO5	Make learning meaningful by using various approaches of mathematical Science.
CO6	Develop process skill in maths and role of logic in teaching learning.

## **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO4
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO2	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO3	1	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	3
CO6	2	3	3	1	2	2	1	1	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	2

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

## **Course Outline:**

#### **Unit I: Nature and scope of Mathematics:**

Meaning and building blocks of mathematics, the nature of mathematical propositions, and its variants-converse, inverse and contra positive; proof and types of proof; Deductive history of mathematics with special emphasis on teaching of mathematics, contribution of Indian mathematicians. Scope of mathematics.

## **Unit II: Aims and Objectives of Teaching School Mathematics:**

Need for establishing general objectives for teaching mathematics. Study of the aims and general objectives of teaching mathematics vis-a-vis the objectives of school education, writing specific objectives in various content areas in mathematics like Algebra, Geometry etc.

#### **Unit III: School Mathematics Curriculum:**

Objectives of curriculum, principles of designing curriculum, designing curriculum of different stages of schooling, main goal of mathematics education, core areas of concern in school mathematics, curricular choices at different stages of school mathematics education, construction of syllabi in various disciplines of mathematics, for example, Algebra, Geometry etc; Pedagogical analysis of various topics in mathematics at various levels of schooling –

# **Unit IV: Approaches and Strategies in Teaching and Learning of Mathematical Concepts**

## Unit-V: Meaning and importance/purpose of a lesson plan:

various approaches of lesson planning characteristics of a good lesson plan. Preparation of a lesson plan on various topic of secondary mathematics.

## **Unit-VI: Need and type of teaching aids.**

How to use material aid, characteristics of good teaching aids, importance & development of mathematics laboratory, recreational mathematics. Unit-VII: Test-book in mathematic-importance and qualities of a good text-book in mathematics; need and organization, importance of mathematics library.

## Unit-VIII: Mathematics teacher-functions and qualities of mathematics teacher.

## **Practicum/Assignment:**

Any one of the following -

- i. Preparation of a report on learning difficulties in mathematics of students at different levels
- ii. Preparation of low cost teaching aid. iii. Assignment on contribution of Indian mathematicians.

## **References/ Text Books:**

- 1. Kapur, J.N.(1998). Suggested experiments in mathematics, New Delhi : Arya Book Depot
- 2. Siddiqui, M.H. (2009). Teaching of mathematics. New Delhi : APH Publishing Corporation 3. Sharma, C.S. and others (2003) Textbook of mathematics. New Delhi : Arya Book Depot
- 4. Weil, J. and Weil, M. Models of teaching.
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6.eaxy], l-ds- \(\frac{1}{2}\)2005\(\frac{1}{2}\)- xf.kr f'\(\kappa\) \(\kappa\)k.k- ubZ fnYyh \(\frac{1}{2}\) vk;

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- 8. Copeland, R.W. (1979). How children learn mathematics. New York: MacMillan
- 9. Cooney, Thomas, J. et al. (1975). Dynamics of teaching secondary school mathematics. Boston: Houghton Mifflin
- 10. Rouse Ball, W.W. (1947). Mathematical recreation and essay. Macmillan & Co.

# Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR:

## **Teaching of Home Science**

Course code	: B.Ed. 201	/A/B					
Course Name	: <b>Paper 7</b> :	<b>Teaching of Home Science</b>					
Semester /Year	: SECOND	YEAR					
			]	L	T	P	C
			2	2		2	4

L - Lecture T – Tutorial P – Practical C – Credit Max. Marks: 100

#### **CourseObjectives COs:**

#### Theobjectivesofthiscourseare:

- 1.To Develop the understanding of the nature and scope of Home Science.
- 2.To teach various subjects included in Home Science.
- 3. Enable them to understand aims and objectives of teaching Home Science.
- 4. Role of Home Science in daily life.

5. Various methods of teaching Home Science.

## **Course outcomes (COs):**

## $Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to {\it constant} and {\it co$

CO1	Recall the nature and scope of Home Science.
CO2	Indicate the various subjects included in Home Science.
CO3	Relate and restate the aims and objectives of teaching Home Science.
CO4	Appreciate the role of Home Science in daily life.
CO5	Analyze various methods of teaching Home Science.
CO6	Make learning meaningful by using various approaches of home Science.

## CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO2	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO4	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	3	3	2	2	3
CO6	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

## **Course Outline:**

## **Unit I: Nature and Scope of Home Science:**

Philosophy of Home Science,

History of Home Science in India,

Definition and Concept of Home Science,

Role of Home Science in National development and International Integration,

Scope of Home Science.

#### **Unit II: Place of Home Science in School at Different Level:**

Place of Home Science in school curriculum,

Home Science at elementary level,

Home Science for class 9th and 10th,

Home Science for class 11th and 12th, Subjects included in Home Science.

#### **Unit III: Aims and Objectives of Teaching Home Science:**

Aims of teaching Home Science,

Objectives of teaching of Home Science at upper primary level, secondary level and higher secondary level, Writing objectives in Behavioural terms, Correlation of Home Science with other subjects.

#### **Unit IV: Home Science Curriculum:**

Characteristics of learner, Principles of development of curriculum for Home Science, Important points for curriculum construction in Home Science, Status of Home Science curriculum in secondary education.

#### **Unit V: Methods of Teaching Home Science**:

Importance of Methods of Teaching Home Science, Teaching Methods: Lecture cum discussion method, Laboratory method, Demonstration method, Project method, Field trip method, Assignment method, Simulation, micro-teaching skills and lesson planning.

#### **Practicum (any one of the following):**

- (i) Survey of Methods of Teaching Home Science used by teachers at any one level
- (ii) Review of Home Science Curriculum at Secondary and Higher Secondary Stage
- (iii) Visit to Places related to Home Science and prepare a report
- (iv) Assignment on writing objectives in behavioural terms in the content area of Home Science at secondary level.

#### **References/Text Books:**

- 1- Sherry, G.P. Grah Vigyan Shikshak, Vinod Pustak Mandir, Agra
- **2-** Sukhia, S.P. & Mehrotra, P.B. Grah Vigyan Shikshan, Haryana Sahitya Academy, Chandigarh.
- 3- Sharma, Shakuntala, Grah Vigyan Shikshan, Apollo Prakashan, Jaipur
- **4-** Pathak, R.P., Teaching Skills, Pearson, Delhi
- 5- Yadav, Seema, Teaching of Home Science, Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 6- Sharma, B.L. & Saxena, B.M., Teaching of Home Science, R.Lal Book Depot, Meerut
- 7- Das, R.R. & Ray, B., Teaching of Home Science, Sterling Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 8- Bloom, B.S. Taxonomy of Educational objectives, Mckay Co. New York
- 9- Ryon, D.C., Characteristics of Teachers, Sterling Publications Co. Pvt. Ltd., Delhi
- **10-** Chandra, A., Introduction to Home Science (2nd revised edition) Metropolitan, New Delhi
- 11-Ray, Binita, Fundamentals of Home Science (Part I & II), Sterling Publications

# Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR:

#### **Teaching of Social Studies**

Course code	: B.Ed. 201	: B.Ed. 201/A/B												
Course Name	: <b>Paper 7</b> :	<b>Teaching of Social Studies</b>												
Semester /Year	: SECOND	YEAR												
				L	T	P	C							
				2		2	4							

Max. Marks: 100

L - Lecture T – Tutorial P – Practical C – Credit

## **CourseObjectives COs:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare:**

- 1. To develop an understanding of pedagogical processes and critical issues related to the teaching-learning of social studies.
- 2. To help evolve a national and international perspective through comparative analysis of curricula.
- 3. To enable the student-teachers to become effective teachers of social studies.
- 4. To prepare the student-teachers for leadership roles in schools and other educational institutions.
- 5. Develop a critical understanding about the nature of social science and its interface with society
- 6. Develop the ability to organize curricular activities for promoting social science learning.

## **Course outcomes** (COs):

#### Uponsuccessfulcompletionofthecourseastudentwillbeableto

CO1	Indicate and illustrate the pedagogical processes and critical issues related to the teaching-learning of social studies.
~~~	
CO2	Develop a national and international perspective through comparative analysis of curricula.
CO3	Make effective teachers of social studies.

CO4	Student-teachers will be prepared for leadership roles in schoolsand other educational institutions.
CO5	Develop a critical understanding about the nature of social science and its interface with society
CO6	Organize curricular activities for promoting social science learning.

#### **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO2	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO4	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	3	3	2	2	3
CO6	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	2	1	3

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

## **Course Outline:**

#### **Unit I: Conceptualization of Social Studies:**

- Concept, nature and scope of social studies, Philosophical and Theoretical basis of Social studies,
- Distinguishing between natural sciences and social sciences, major social science disciplines in schools.
- Place of social studies in school curriculum: Aims and objectives of teaching social studies at various level of education with special reference to Indian conditions.
- Need and significance of teaching social studies at secondary level of education.

#### **Unit II: Curriculum of Social Studies:**

- Curriculum its meaning and definitions
- Evolution of Social Science Curriculum in the context of independent India,
- Process of curriculum development in social science
- Critical appraisal of existing social science curriculum at secondary level of education.

## **Unit III: Principles, Maxims, Methods and Techniques of Teaching Social Science:**

- Principles and maxims of class-room teaching of social science.
- Teaching methods : meaning, definition
- Modern and traditional Methods of teaching social science
- Techniques of teaching: meaning, definition
- Different techniques of teaching social science

#### **Unit IV: Teaching Aids in the Teaching of Social Science:**

- Importance of teaching aids,
- Different kinds of teaching aids: Traditional and modern teaching aids of teaching of social science
- Preparation of teaching aids
- Use of teaching aids in the class room situations
- Application of ICT in the Social Science Classroom.

## **Unit V: Lesson Planning in Social Science:**

- Meaning, needs, importance of lesson planning in social science
- Different approaches of lesson planning in social science
- Preparation of lesson plan in social science, Simulation, micro-teaching skills and lesson planning.

#### **Practicum:** (any one of the following):

- Writing objectives in behavioural terms in the content area of social Science at upper primary level and secondary level.
- Preparation of two teaching aids.
- Case study of any village or urban ward based on the social issues.
- Critical appraisal of existing social science curriculum at secondary level of education.
- Organise events on important social issues related to social harmony and national integration.

## **Reference Books/TextBook:**

- 1. Kochhar, S.K.: Teaching of Social Science, Sterling Publication, New Delhi.
- 2. Bunning, A.C.: Teaching of Social Studies in Secondary Schools, McGraw Hill Book Company, Inc., New York.
- 3. High, J.: Teaching Secondary School Social Studies, The Macmillan Company, New York.
- 4. Tripathi, S.: Teaching Methods, Radha Publications, New Delhi.
- 5. Chauhan, S.S.: Innovations in Teaching Learning Process, Vikash Publication House, New Delhi.
- 6. Siddiqui, M.H.: Excellence of Teaching, Ashish Publication House, New Delhi.

# Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR:

## **Teaching of English**

Course code	: B.Ed. 201/A/B												
Course Name	: <b>Paper 7</b> :	Teaching of English											
Semester /Year	: SECOND	YEAR											
			L	T	P	C							
			2		2	4							

Max. Marks: 100

L - Lecture T – Tutorial P – Practical C – Credit

## **CourseObjectives COs:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare:**

- 1. Create a warm and accepting class room environment conducive to learning.
- 2. Understand the nature and characteristics of language and use of English language.
- 3. Evaluate basic language skills such as listening, speaking, reading and writing and integrate them for communicative purpose.
- 4. Understand important methodologies and techniques of teaching English.
- **5.** Develop insight into the form and use of English and to give practice in lesson planning.

## Course outcomes (COs):

## Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Develop a good understanding of the basic concepts in second language teaching.
CO2	Teach basic language skills as listening, speaking, reading and writing and integrate them
	for communicative purpose.
CO3	Critically review and use appropriately different approaches to and methods of teaching
	English as second language.
CO4	Prepare lesson plans on different and prescribed aspects of English as second language.
CO5	Choose, prepare and use appropriate audio-visual teaching aids for effective teaching of
	English.
CO6	Use various techniques of testing English as second language and develop remedial and
	conduct Teaching

## **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	

CO1	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO4	2	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

## **Course Outline:**

#### Unit I:

Language-Its nature and importance in human life, language and society, English language.

#### Unit II:

Descriptive linguistic-language as discipline, structure of a language pronomes morphames, objective of English morphology; syntax and uses, kinds of sentences.

#### Unit III:

Place and importance of English in India.

#### **Unit IV:**

The role of mother-tongue in teaching English

#### Unit V:

Principles of teaching English

#### **Unit VI:**

Aims and objectives of teaching English at junior and senior stages.

#### **Unit VII:**

Method and approaches of teaching English- Translation cum grammar method, direct method, west's new method, substitution method, Bilingual method, structural approach, situational approach.

#### **Unit VIII**

Audio-Visual aids in teaching of English

#### **Unit IX**:

Evaluation in English ii. Qualities of a good English teacher

#### Unit X:

#### **References / Text Books:**

- 1. Teaching of English P.K. Gupta, Anil Gandhi, and S.S. Bhatnagar
- 2. Teaching of English A Modern Approach, Bose F.L
- 3. The technique of Language teaching, Bose F.L
- 4. Teaching of English as second Language Allen H.B.
- 5. Language Testing Labo Robert
- 6. The essentials of English Teaching R.K. Jain
- 7. Teaching of English G.L. Gadre
- 8. Structural Approach to Teaching of English B.D. Shrivastav
- 9. English Language Teaching in India Kudchedkar S.
- 10. Content Cum Methodology of English Dr. C.H. Surywanshi
- 11. Content Cum Methodology of English Patil and Vaze

## **Bachelor of Education**

#### **B.ED. II YEAR:**

## fgUnh f"k{k.k

Course code	: B.Ed. 201/A/B				
<b>Course Name</b>	: Paper 7 fgUnh f"k{k.k				
Semester /Year	: SECOND YEAR				
		L	T	P	C
		2		2	4

L - Lecture T – Tutorial P – Practical C – Credit Max. Marks: 100

#### mn~ns";%

- 1- Hkk'kk vk Sj mlds fofo/k :iksa l s Nk=k/;kid voxr gks ld saxs
- 2- Hkk'kk;h dk S"ky ,o a izd`fr ls Nk= ifjfpr gks ld saxs
- 3- ekr`Hkk'kk dk egRo] mn~ns";k as ,o a ikB~;Øe eas mld s LFkku dk s le> ld sxa s
- 4- -fgUnh Hkk'kk f"k{k.k dh uohu i)fr;ks a dk Kku izkIr dj ld sxa s
- 5- okpu ,oa ys[ku f"k{k.k fof/k;k sa l s Nk=k/;kid ifjfpr gks ld saxs
- 6- ewY;k adu dh fofHkUu fof/k;ksa I s voxr gks Id sa

#### **Course outcomes** (COs):

## पाठ्यक्रम को सफलता पूर्वक माप्त करने के उपरांत छात्र-

CO1	भाषा और उसके विविध रूपों से अवगत हो सकेंगे.
CO2	भाषायी कौशल एवं उनकी प्रकृति से परिचित हो सकेंगे.
CO3	मात्र भाषा का महत्व, उदेश्यों एवं पाठ्यक्रम में उसके स्थान को समझ सकेंगे.
CO4	हिन्दी भाषा शिक्षण की नवीन पद्धतियों का ज्ञान प्राप्त कर सकेंगे.
CO5	वचन एवं लेखन शिक्षण विधियों से परिचित हो सकेंगे.
CO6	मूल्यांकन की विभिन्न विधियों से अवगत हो सकेंगे.

## **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO4	2	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### fo'k; dh :ijs[kk %

#### bdkbZ-I: Hkk'kk f"k{k.k % \*

Hkk'kk lEizR;] Hkk'kk dh izd`fr ,oa Hkk'kk ds fofo/k :i] Hkk'kk dk lkekftd thou ea s egRo \* Hkk'kk i z;ksx ,d dk S"ky] fgUnh Hkk'kk f"k{k.k esa iz;qDr gk sus okys | w= vk Sj Hkk'kk f"k{k.k ds eq[; fl)kUr

#### bdkbZ-II: ekr`Hkk'kk dh egRrk] ikB~;Øe ,oa mn~ns"; % \*

ekr`Hkk'kk dk vFkZ, o a ifjHkk'kk] egRo] fofHkUu Lrjk sa ij ikB~;Øe esa ekr`Hkk'kk dk LFkku \* "k Sf{kd, oa f"k{k.k mn~ns";k sa esa vUrj] mn~ns";k sa dk fo"ys'k.k] i wo Z i zkFkfed] i zkFkfed] mPp i zkFkfed, o a ek/;fed Lrjk s a ij ekr`Hkk'kk f"k{k.k d s mn~ns";A

bdkbZ-III: uohu f"k{k.k i)fr;kW a vk Sj Hkk'kk f"k{k.k % \* ekUVsljh i)fr] fd.Mj xkVZu] MkYVu ;kstuk] izkst sDV i)fr ,oa [k syfof/k \* Hkk'kk i z;ksx"kkyk dk mn~ns";] vko";drk ,o a Hkk'kk f"k{k.k esa i z;ksx"kkyk dk egRoA

## bdkbZ-IV: okpu ,o a ys[ku f"k{k.k % \*

okpu dk egRo] mn~ns";] lqUnj okpu dh fo"k s'krk;sa] okpu d s i zdkj] okpu f"k{k.k dh fof/k;ka,o a lqUnj okpu gsrq vge lq>ko \* ys[ku dk vFk Z] ys[ku f"k{k.k d s mn~ns";] ys[ku f"k{k.k dh fof/k;kaA \* lw{ke f'k{k.k}ikBîkstuk,o a

#### bdkbZ-V: Hkk'kk f"k{k.k es a e wY;k adu %

\* Hkk'kk f"k{k.k esa ewY;k adu dh fofHkUu fof/k;ka] fgUnh f"k{k.k esa ewY;k adu dh mi;k sfxrk \* orZeku ijh{kk i z.kkyh dk ewY;k adu] oLrqfu'B ,oa fucU/kkRed ijh{kkvk sa d s xq.k vk Sj nks'kA

#### i z SfDVde : nRr dk; Z ¼dksb Z ,d½ %

- 1- d{kk&6 ls d{kk&8 rd d s cPpk s a dh Hkk'kk dk voyksdu djrs g q, fgUnh ds fofo/k :iksa ij ,d fjiksVZ rS;kj djuk
- 2- ;w- d s- cksMZ ,oa lh-ch-,l-bZ- d s Nk=ksa esa fgUnh Hkk'kk dh fLFkfr dk rqyukRed fo"ys'k.k djuk
- 3- okpu f"k{k.k dks i zHkkoh cukus d s fy, fofHkuu fof/k;kWa ,o a vius vge~ lq>koks a dh l wph rS;kj dhft;s
- 4- orZeku ijh{kk iz.kkyh dk voyk sdu dj mlds xq.k ,oa nk s'kk sa ij viuh ,d fjiksVZ rS;kj dhft;sA

#### **IUnHk Z lwph** %

- 1. Sharma, P.P. & Gupta, M. (2007): Hindi Teaching, Sahityagar Prakashak, Jaipur.
- 2. Lal, R.B. (2003): Hindi Teaching, Rastogi Publication, Meerut 3. Pandey, R.S. (2013-14): Hindi Teaching, Agrawal Publication, Agra 4. Kumar, Y. (2004): Modern Hindi Teaching, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi 5. Singh, A.K. (2007): Hindi Teaching, Apolo Prakashan, Jaipur
- 6. Singh, S. (2004): Hindi Teaching, International Publishing House, Meerut
- 7. Chaturvedi, S. (2001): Hindi Teaching, R.Lal Book Depot, Meerut
- 8. Sharma, K. & B. (2013-14): Hindi Teaching, Agrawal Publication, Agra
- 9. Mittal, M.L. (2012): Hindi Teaching, Loyal Book Depot, Meerut
- 10. Chandra, J. (1996): Teaching of Hindi, Modern Publisher, Meerut.

#### Bachelor of Education

#### **B.ED. II YEAR:**

## Pedagogy of Language (Sanskrit)

Course code	: B.Ed. 201/A	A/B								
Course Name	: <b>Paper 7</b> :	Paper 7: Pedagogy of Language (Sanskrit)								
Semester /Year	: SECOND Y	SECOND YEAR								
			L	T	P	C				
			2		2	4				

L - Lecture T – Tutorial P – Practical C – Credit

Max. Marks: 100

## **CourseObjectives COs:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare:**

- Understand the different roles of language and the relation between literature and language;
- Understand and appreciate different genre of language and role and importance of translation;
- To be able to examine authentic literary and non-literary texts and develop insight and appreciation
- Understand about the teaching of poetry, prose, grammar and drama;
- Identify methods, approaches and materials for teaching sanskrit at different levels;
- Develop an insight into the symbiotic relationship between curriculum syllabus and textbooks;
- Understand the process of language assessment;
- Sensitize teacher students about emerging issues such as right to education for children, peace and environment education in context with Sanskrit language teaching.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs):**

#### Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Express the different roles of language and the relation between literature and language;
CO2	Interpret and appreciate different genre of language and role and importance of translation;
CO3	To be able to examine authentic literary and non-literary texts and develop insight and appreciation
CO4	Explain the teaching of poetry, prose, grammar and drama;
CO5	Identify methods, approaches and materials for teaching Sanskrit at different levels;

000	Develop an insight into the symbiotic relationship between curriculum syllabus and textbooks;

#### **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	3	2	3	3	3	2	3	1	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO4	2	1	2	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Course Outline:**

## **UNIT I: Role of Language:**

- Language and Society, Language and Gender; Language and Identity; Language And Power. Language in School, Centrality of Language in Learning; difference between language as a school subject and language as a means of learning and communication; multilingual classrooms. Position of languages in India
- Constitutional Provisions And Policies of Language Education (Articles 343-351, 350A); Kothari commission(1964-66); NPE-1986; POA-1992; National Curriculum Framework- 2005(Language Education); Position Of Sanskrit.

#### **UNIT II: Aims And Objectives Of Sanskrit Language Teaching**

- Aims and objectives of sanskrit teaching at different levels (primary, secondary and higher secondary levels), quality of sanskrit teaching: preclass, in-class and after -class
- Curriculum and sanskrit language: place of sanskrit at different levels of school education (primary, upper primary, secondary and higher secondary levels),place of sanskrit in three language formula and its objectives, place of sanskrit at sanskrit pathshalas, Sanskrit commission and curriculum, sanskrit curriculum and textbooks at school level

### **UNIT III: Acquisition of Language Skills:**

- Listening and speaking: sub skills of listening and speaking; tasks; materials and resources for developing the listening and speaking skills: storytelling, dialogues, situational conversation, role plays, simulations, speech, games and contexts, language laboratories, pictures, authentic materials and multimedia resources.
- Reading importance of development of reading skills; reading aloud and silent reading; extensive and intensive reading; use of dictionary, encyclopedia, etc.

- Writing: stages of writing; process of writing; formal and informal writing such as poetry, short story, letter, diary, notices, articles, reports, dialogue, speech, advertisement, etc.; reference skills; higher order skills.
- Brief introduction of micro and simulated teaching and preparation of lesson plans of different forms of sanskrit literature

#### **UNIT IV Teaching Of Different Forms of Sanskrit Literature**

- Teaching Of Prose, Poetry, Pronunciation, Grammar, Fables, Drama
- Lesson Plan Nature, Objectives need & types
- Lesson Plan Of Prose, Poetry, Drama, Story, and Grammar
- Simulation, Microteaching and Lesson Planning.

#### **UNIT V- Assessment – Its Role and Importance**

- Understanding The Relationship Between Curriculum, Syllabus And Textbook;
- Progress And Assessment Of Development Of Language; Continuous And Comprehensive Evaluation; Techniques Of Evaluation—Oral, Written, Portfolio; Self-Evaluation; Peer Evaluation; Group Evaluation. Preparation of objective test
- Feedback To Students, Parents And Teachers.

#### **Practicum:** (any two of the following):

- Prepare a report on the challenges faced by the teachers and the learners in the teaching learning process
- Prepare Activities For Listening, Speaking, Reading And Writing. (5 Each)
- Collect Ten Examples Of Grammar In Context From Sanskrit Textbooks Of Classes VI
- To VIII And Have A Group Discussion.
- Keeping In View The Needs Of The Children With Special Needs, Prepare Two Activities For Sanskrit Teachers. References
- 1-1 aL—r f'k{k.k M,0,e0 Mh0 fl ag
- 2-1 aL—r f'k{k.k fof/k;k; M,0 vkj0, l0 ik.Ms;
- 3-1 aL—r fk{k.k fof/k;k; M,0 j?k qukFk lQk;k
- 4- Teaching of Sanskrit- Apte & Dongre

#### **B.ED. II YEAR:**

## **Teaching of Commerce**

Course code	: B.Ed. 201/	A/B				
Course Name	: <b>Paper 7</b> :	<b>Teaching of Commerce</b>				
Semester /Year	: SECOND	YEAR				
			L	T	P	C
			2		2	4

Max. Marks: 100

L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit

## **CourseObjectives COs:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare:**

- Develop an understanding of pedagogical processes concerning teaching of commerce.
- Help evolve an overall perspective through analysis of curricula.
- Enable the teacher-trainee for effective teaching of commerce at secondary level.
- Inculcate desirable values and attitudes among teacher-trainees.

## **Course outcomes** (COs):

## Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Define concept mapping and curricular elements in Commerce teaching.
CO2	Develop the ability to plan Curriculum in Commerce at senior secondary level.
CO3	Undertake Critical appraisal of existing Commerce curriculum at senior secondary stage prescribed by RBSE / CBSE
CO4	Describe qualities of text book of Commerce.
CO5	prepare and use various instructional/learning methods and Media Integration.
CO6	Apply ethics & Professional growth of a Commerce teacher.

## **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

C	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	DO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	DO12	PSO	PSO	DCO	DCO4
Course	POI	POZ	PUS	PO4	PUS	POo	PO/	PU8	PO9	POIU	POH	PO12	P30	P30	PSO	PSO4
														_	_	
													1 1	2	- 3	

CO1	3	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO2	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO4	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	3	3	2	2	3
CO6	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	2	1	3

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Course Outline:**

#### **Unit 1: Conceptual Framework of Commerce**

- Meaning, nature and scope of Commerce.
- Need and significance of teaching commerce at secondary level.
- History of commerce education in India.
- Aims and objectives of teaching commerce at secondary level.

#### **Unit 2: Commerce Curriculum**

- Need and objectives of curriculum development in commerce.
- Principles and process of curriculum development.
- Critical appraisal of existing commerce curriculum at secondary level of education.

## **Unit 3: Approaches for Teaching of Commerce**

- Maxims and strategies of teaching
- Methods of teaching commerce: Traditional and modern methods.
- Techniques of teaching commerce Unit 4: Teaching Learning Resources in Teaching of Commerce
- Teaching Aids: Need, types and utility of teaching aids in teaching of commerce.
- Preparation of teaching aids and their use in classroom situations.
- Various learning resources available for teachers and learners: Magazines, Journals, Newspapers, Reports, Policy documents, Internet, etc.
- Text-book: Need and importance; Criterion of selection of good text-book.

#### **Unit 5: Planning for Classroom Teaching**

- Meaning, nature and significance of lesson planning.
- Different approaches of lesson planning for teaching of commerce.
- Preparation of lesson plans for different type of content of commerce: Accountancy, business studies, etc. Practicum (any one of the following):
- Preparation of evaluative report on commerce curriculum at secondary level of any Board of education.
- Preparation of one teaching aid.
- Preparation of one unit plan.

#### **Reference Books / Text Books:**

1. Singh, R.P. & Singh, and P.: Vanijya Shikshan, Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.

- 2. Tripathi, S.: Teaching Methods, New Delhi: Radha Publications.
- 3. Chauhan, S.S.: Innovations in Teaching Learning Process, New Delhi: Vikas Publication House.
- 4. Siddiqui, M.H.: Excellence of Teaching, Asia Publication House, New Delhi
- 5. Rao, S.: Teaching of Commerce, New Delhi: Anmol Publications.
- 6 Tyagi, G.D.: Vanijya Shikshan, Agra, Agarwal Publications.
- 7. Singh, Y.K: Teaching of Commerce, New Delhi: A.P.H. Publishing Ho

# Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR:

## **Knowledge and Curriculum**

Course code	: B.Ed. 202					
Course Name	: Paper 8:	Knowledge and Curriculum				
Semester /Year	: SECOND YEAR					
			L	T	P	C
			2	2		4

L - Lecture T – Tutorial P – Practical C – Credit Max. Marks: 100

## **CourseObjectives COs:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare:**

- i. Understand the epistemological and sociological bases of education.
- ii. Differentiate between different epistemological terms.
- iii. Comprehend modern child centered education.
- iv. Focus on the historical changes introduced by industrialization and democracy.
- v. Conceptualize nationalism, universalism and secularism in relation to education.
- vi. Conceptualize meaning and perspectives of curriculum.
- vii. Comprehend bases and process of curriculum development.
- viii. Develop skills to critically analyse various samples of text books and curriculum evaluation.
- ix. Understand relationship between power, ideology and curriculum.

## **Course outcomes** (COs):

## Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Define modern child centered education.
CO2	Understand the historical changes introduced by industrialization and
	democracy.
CO3	Conceptualize nationalism, universalism and secularism in relation to
	education.
CO4	Describe perspectives of curriculum.
CO5	Comprehend bases and process of curriculum development.
CO6	Critically analyse various samples of text books and curriculum evaluation.

## **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO4
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	1	3	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO2	1	2	3	2	2	3	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	3	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO4	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	1	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3
CO6	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	1	3	3	3	2	1	3

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Course outline:**

#### Unit I : Knowledge Generation and Child-centred Education :

- Knowledge meaning and facets
- Process of knowing, Different ways of knowing
- Organization of knowledge in schools
- Forms of knowledge: Concrete and abstract, local and universal, theoretical and practical
- School and out of school

- Teacher autonomy and accountability
- Learner autonomy
- Concept of child centered education : Activity, discovery, dialogue with reference to Rousseau, Dewey, Tagore, Gandhi,

#### Unit II: Sociological Bases of Education:

- Social bases of education in the context of society, culture and modernity with reference to historical changes by industrialization and democracy
- Values in the emerging social context
- Education in relation to modern values like equity and equality, opportunity and social justice and dignity with reference to Ambedkar. Critical multiculturalism and democratic education
- Interrelationship of nationalism, universalism and secularism with education with reference to Tagore and Krishnamurti.

#### Unit III: Concept of Curriculum:

- Meaning and Nature of curriculum, its need in schools, competency based curriculum
- Difference in curriculum framework, curriculum and syllabus
- Significance of core curriculum in Indian context, meaning and concerns of hidden curriculum
- Translation of syllabus into textbooks
- Curriculum visualization at national, state, school and class level.

#### Unit IV: Curriculum Determinants and Curriculum Development:

- Broad determinants of curriculum making (at the national and state level) : priorities, socio-political-cultural-geographical-economic diversities, international contexts
- Considerations in curriculum development : (at the school level) structure of disciplines, socio cultural context of students (multicultural and multilingual) learner characteristics, relevance and teachers' experiences, specificity of educational objectives, issues like gender differences and inclusiveness.
- Process of curriculum making, formulating aims and objectives, criteria for selecting knowledge, organizing fundamental concepts and themes vertically across levels and integrating themes within (and across) different subjects, selecting and organizing learning situations.

#### Unit V: Curriculum and Textbooks Evaluation:

- Understanding the relationship between curriculum, syllabus and textbooks.
- Criteria of development of learning resources.
- Analysis of textbooks, children's literature, and teacher's handbooks etc.
- Criteria and process of curriculum evaluation.
- Salient features of NCF 2005 and NCFTE 2010, analysis of these documents w.r.t. aspects like foundations, concerns and changes made with important considerations.

## **Practicum/Field work:**

Any two of the following:

- (i) Critical evaluation of textbooks at secondary level of the subject concerned of student teacher
- Study and analyze a competency based curriculum (minimum level of learning) (ii)
- Preparation of list of social issues in the nearby area of the school and its (iii) representation in school curriculum
- Organization of debate related to different issues of curriculum. (iv)

#### **References/Text books:**

- 1- Dewey, J. (2004). Democracy and Education, Couries Daver Publications
- 2- Freire, P. (1998). Pedagogy of Freedom: Ethics, democracy and civic courage, Rowman and littlefield
- 3- Hirst, Paul H. Knowledge and curriculum, Routledge publication
- 4- Kelly, A.V.(2009): The curriculum: Theory and practice. Sage publications
- 5- JhokLro], I0, I0, o a prgo sZnh], e0th0 1/20101/2 ikB~;p;k Z vk Sj f"k{k.k fof/k;kWaA t;i gj % f"k{kk i zdk"ku
- 6- ;kno] fl;kjke ¼2011½ ikB~;Øe foU;klA vkxjk % vxzoky i zdk"ku
- 7- Letha, Ram Mohan(2009). Curriculum, instruction and evaluation, Agra: Agarwal **Publication**
- 8- Schilvest, W.H. (2012): Curriculum: Prospective paradigm and possibility, Macmillan
- 9- Tyler, R.W.(1949): Basic principles of curriculum and instruction
- 10-Taba, Hilda (1962): Curriculum Development. Theory and Practice, Har Court, Brace and Wald, New York
- 11- Kelley, A.B. (1996): The curricular Theory & Practice. Harper and Row, U.S
- 12-Basics in Education-Textbook for B.Ed course, NCERT-2014

## **Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR:**

## **Assessment for Learning**

Course code	<b>:</b> B.Ed. 203					
Course Name	: <b>Paper</b> : 9	Assessment for Learning				
Semester /Year	: SECOND	YEAR				
			L	T	P	C
			2	2	-	4
L - Lecture T – To	utorial P – Pract	ical C – Credit	Max	. M	arks	s: 100

## **CourseObjectives COs:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare:**

- Gain a critical understanding of issues in assessment and evaluation (From a constructivist paradigm);
- Become cognizant of key concepts, such as formative and summative Assessment, evaluation and measurement, test, examination;
- Be exposed to different approaches of assessment
- Become efficient the use of a wide range of assessment tools
- Familiarize comprehensive and dynamic assessment procedures

## **Course outcomes** (COs):

#### Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Integrate understanding of issues in assessment and evaluation (From a constructivist paradigm);
CO2	Construct key concepts, such as formative and summative
CO3	Describe assessment, evaluation and measurement, test, examination;
CO4	Demonstrate different approaches of assessment
CO5	Manage the use of a wide range of assessment tools.
CO6	Familiarize comprehensive and dynamic assessment procedures.

## **CO-PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO4
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	1	3	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO2	1	2	3	2	2	3	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	3	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO4	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	1	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3
CO6	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	1	3	3	3	2	1	3

<sup>3:</sup> Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Course Outline:**

## Unit I: Concepts, meaning and overview of assessment & evaluation:

- Concepts and meaning of assessment, examination,
- Testing, Measurement and Evaluation,
- Need and importance of Assessment,

- Perspective on assessment and evaluation of learning in a constructivist paradigm,
- Critical review of current evaluation practices and their assumptions about learning and development,
- commercialization of assessment

### **Unit II: Approaches to assessment:**

- Formative, summative, grading, continuous and comprehensive evaluation.
- Realistic, comprehensive and dynamic assessment procedures,
- Kinds of tasks; projects, assignments, performances.
- Observation of learning processes by self, by peers, by teacher. Self-assessment and peer –assessment, constructing portfolios,

#### **Unit III: Feedback role in assessment & furthering learning:**

- Feedback as an essential component of formative assessment,
- Use of assessment for feedback; For taking pedagogic decisions,
- Types of teacher feedback (written comments, oral);
- Peer feedback, Place of marks, grades and qualitative descriptions,
- Using assessment feedback for furthering learning.
- Evolving suitable criteria for assessment distribution

#### **Unit IV: Assessment Tools:**

- Graphical Representation of Data,
- Measures of Central Tendencies.
- Measures of Variability and Correlation (Rank order method).
- Assessment tools and their characteristics, constructions of assessment tools;
- Achievement test, diagnostic test & its application. Quantitative and qualitative aspects of assessment:
- Appropriate tools for each. Procedures for measurement of non- cognitive aspect

#### **Unit V: Examination System: Practices & Possibilities:**

Impact of the prevailing examination system on student learning and stakeholders, entrance tests and their influence on students and school system.

Impact of examinationdriven schooling, on school culture. On pedagogy:

Content-confined, information focused testing;

Memory centric teaching and testing.

De-linking school-based assessment from examinations:

Some possibilities and alternate practices. Examination reform efforts and directions based on various commissions, govt. policies and schemes

#### **Practicum (any two):**

- Development of achievement test
- Preparation of annual plan for CCE at any stage in a subject

- Assignment on feedback for further learning
- Assignment on Formative & Summative assessment
- Assignment on peer –assessment

#### **References/Text Books:**

- Thorndike, E.L., and E.P., Hagen (1969), Measurement and Evaluation in Psychology and Education. Johan Wiley and Sons Inc. New York
- Delpit, L.D. (1988). The silenced dialogue: Power and pedagogy in educating other people's children. Harvard Educational Review, 58(3), 280–299.
- Suzanne (1995). Assessment, Testing and Evaluation in Teacher Education (print/ebook), Ablex Publising corporation, USA
- Shepard, L.A. (2000). The role of assessment in a learning culture. Educational Researcher, 4–14.
- Stiggins, R. (2005). From formative assessment to assessment for learning: A path to success in standards-based schools. Phi Delta Kappan, 324–328
- Black, Paul(2005). Assessment for Learning: putting into practice(e-book), Mc Graw-Hill
- Dweck, C. (2006). Mindset: The new psychology of success. Random House LLC.
- Sindhu, K.S (2007). New Approaches to Measurement and Evaluation, Sterling Publication
- Wiliam, Dylam (2011). Assessment for Learning: why, what and how (ebook), Institute of Education, London

# Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR:

## **Creating an Inclusive School**

Course code	: B.Ed. 204					
Course Name	: <b>Paper 10</b>	Creating an Inclusive Scho	ool			
Semester /Year	:					
			L	T	P	C
			2	2	-	4

L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit

Max.Marks-100

## **CourseObjectives:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare**

- 1. Understand Inclusive Education Concept and nature.
- 2. Develop awareness of learner towards inclusive education and its practices.
- 3. Enable the student to organize inclusive classroom.

#### **Course outcomes** (COs):

#### Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Recall the concept and importance about inclusive education
CO2	Describe the factors affecting inclusive education
CO3	Recognize and categorize the differences of impairment, disability and
	handicap
CO4	Explain the concept of special education and its features
CO5	Describe the concept of integrated education and its features
CO6	Enlighten the concept of mainstream education and its practicability

## **CO-PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO4
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO5	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO6	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3

<sup>3:</sup> Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Course Outline:**

## Unit I: Inclusive Education concept and Nature.

- Concept and principles of Inclusion.
- Benefits of Inclusion. Need of Inclusive education.
- Policies and legislations for Inclusive Education and Rehabilitation.
- National legislations for Inclusive Education.
- Government Schemes and Provisions.

## Unit II Competencies development for Inclusive Education.

- Theories of Inclusive Education.
- Philosophical Approaches to Inclusive Education.
- Attitude and positive behavior for Inclusion.
- Developing attitude and Competencies for Inclusion.
- Attitude (b) Self- Efficacy (c) Skill (d) Ideologies
- Social skills for Inclusion.

#### **Unit III: Inclusive Education and its Practices.**

- Inclusive Instructional design and Collaborative instruction for Inclusion.
- Differentiating Instruction-.Peer Tutoring and Peer mediated Instruction and Interventions,
- Co-operative learning and Co-operative teaching Arrangements,
- Self regulated learning, Inclusive lesson planning.
- Inclusive Instruction Strategies at school level- Remedial Help, Team Teaching, CoTeaching, Student assistance teams, Buddy system, Circles of Friends, Parent Involvement

#### **Unit -IV: Inclusive School**

- Infrastructural facilities for an Inclusive School.
- An ideal Inclusive School.
- Role of Inclusive schools in modern times.
- 4 Inclusive classroom Management.

#### **Unit V: Teachers Role in Inclusive Classroom**

- Qualities of an Inclusive Teacher.
- Teachers role in shaping the Inclusive Classroom.
- Inclusive Teacher educators in facilitating Inclusive education.( Inclusive Teachers preparation)
- Guidance and Counseling for Inclusive Teachers, Students and Principals.
- Training Programmes for Inclusive Teachers.

#### **Practical Work (any one):**

- 1. Visit to a Inclusive School and prepare a report.
- 2. Prepare a report of recent developments done in the field of Inclusive education.
- 3. A study of any one N.G.O. promoting Inclusive education.
- 4. Critical study of Any Special teacher training college or Institutes.

#### **References/Text Books:**

- 1. Loreman, Deppeler and Harvey-Inclusive Education, Allwenand Unwin Australia.
- 2. Corbett Jenny Supporting Inclusive Education, Routledge Falmer, 2001.
- 3. Felicity Armstrong and Michele Moore- Action Research for Inclusive Education, Routledge Falmer, 2004.
- 4. Mike Adams and sally Brown Towards Inclusive Learning in Higher Education, Routledge, 2006.
- 5. Peter Mittler- Working towards Inclusive Education, David Fulton Publishers, 2000
- 6. Nind, Sheehy and Simmns, Inclusive Education –Learners and Learning Context, Devid Fulton Pub.`17) Integrated and Inclusive Education, Premavathyand Mittal, R C I, 2006.

- 7. Advani, Lal. and Chadha, Anupriya (2003). You and Your Special Child, New Delhi: UBS Publishers' Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- 8. Sharma, KaushalandMahapatra (2007). Emerging Trends in Inclusive Education' Delhi, IVY Pub.
- 9. Renuka, P. and Bai, Suneetha, G. Inclusive of Exceptional Childern in The Mainstream Schools and teacher education: Global Trends in Teacher education.

# Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR:

## Optional Course (any one) ENVIRONMENT EDUCATION

Course code	: B.Ed. 205	$S(\mathbf{i})$				
<b>Course Name</b>	<b>:</b> Paper 11	ENVIRONMENT EDUCATION	V			
Semester /Year	: SECOND	YEAR				
			L	T	P	C
			2	2	-	4

L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit

Max.Marks-100

### **CourseObjectives:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare**

- 1. To understand about the concept of environmental education.
- 2. To develop sense of awareness about the environmental pollution, and possible hazards and its causes and remedies.
- 3. To build up a sense of responsibility towards conservation of environment, biodiversity and sustainable development.
- 4. To widen reasonable understanding about the role of school and education in fostering the idea and learning to live in harmony with nature.
- 5. To enable the students to understand about the various measures available to conserve the environment for sustaining the development.

## **Course outcomes** (COs):

#### Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Define the concept of Environmental education.
CO2	Develop sense of sense of awareness about the environmental pollution
	and possible hazards and its causes and remedies.
CO3	Develop sense of sense of awareness about the environmental pollution
	and possible hazards and its causes and remedies.
CO4	Widen role of school and education in fostering the idea and learning to
	live in harmony with nature.
CO5	Apply various measures available to conserve the environment for
	sustaining the development.
CO6	Make learning meaningful by using various approaches of Environmental
	Science.

## **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO5	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO6	1	2	1	2	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

## **Course Outline:**

## **Unit I: Basic Concept and Nature of Environment**

- Meaning, scope and nature of environment. Natural and Man-made Environment.
- Ecosystem-Structure, function and components.
- Energy flow in ecosystem-food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids.
- Introduction and chracteristic feature of-forest, grass land, desert and aquatic ecosystem.

#### **Unit II: Natural Resourses and Associated Problems**

- Forest Resources use and overexploitation. Deforestation-cause, effects and remedy
- Water Resources- use and overexploitation of surface and ground water. Rain waterHarvesting and watershed management.
- Mineral Resources-use, exploitation and conservation, effect of mining on man & environment.

- Food Resourses- world food problems-changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effect of modern agriculture, fertilizers, pestisides, water logging and Salinity.
- Energy Resourses- growing energy need renewable and non-renewable energy sources, Conservation and alternate energy sourses.

#### **Unit III: Biodiversity and its conservation**

- Meaning and values of Biodiversity, India as a Mega diversity Nation.
- Threats to Biodiversity-habitat loss, poaching of wild life, man wildlife conflicts. Conservation of genetic diversity, an important environment priority: learning to live inharmony with nature.

#### **Unit IV: Environment Issues and Its Preventive Measures**

- Causes and effects of environmental hazard, global and local Environmental pollution and its remedies. Air, Water, Soil, Marine, Noise, Thermal and Nuclear Pollution.
- Climate Change- Global Warming, Acid Rain, Ozone layer depletion, Piller Melting.
- Natural Disasters-Flood, Earthquake, Cyclone and Landslides.

#### **Unit V: Environment Management**

- Salient features of environmental awareness through education: Programmes of environmental education for secondary school children.
- Programmes of environmental education for attitude changes among the children.
- Environmental Ethics and Values.• Environmental Acts, Rule and Regulations.
- National Efforts-Ministry of Forest and Environment, Government plans, action and policies.
- Role of school in environmental conservation and sustainable development.

#### Task and Assignments (any one):

- (a) To submit a report after surveying a typically degraded local area and to suggest necessary remedial measures. The task is to cover any two types of pollution and assessing the role of the Pollution control boards in this reference.
- (b) Prepare a collage related to environment protection

#### **References/Text Books:**

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- Sharma, R. A. (2008). Environmental Education. Meerut: R.Lall Books Depot.
- Sharma, B. L., & Maheswari, B. K. (2008). Education for Environmental and Human value. Meerut: R.Lall Books Depot.
- Kumar, A. (2009). A text book of environmental science. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation. Singh, Y. K. (2009). Teaching of environmental science. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- Sharma, V. S. (2005). Environmental education. New Delhi: Anmol publication.
- Kelu, P. (2000). Environmental education: A conceptual analysis. Calicut: Calicut University.
- Agarwal, S.P. and Aggarwal, J.C. (1996) Environmental Protection, Education and Development. New Delhi: New Concepts.
- Joy, P., & Neal, P. (1994). The handbook of environmental education: London, New Fetter Lane
- Sharma, R. G. (1986). Environmental Education. New Delhi : Metropolitan Book Co., Pvt. Ltd.,

# Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR:

# Optional Course (any one) PEACE EDUCATION

Course code	: B.Ed. 205	(ii)				
<b>Course Name</b>	: Paper 11	PEACE EDUCATION				
Semester /Year	: SECOND	YEAR				
			L	T	P	C
			2	2	-	4

 $L \ - Lecture \ T - Tutorial \ P - Practical \ C - Credit$ 

Max.Marks-100

# **CourseObjectives:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare**

- Comprehend the concept of peace education.
- Recognize the importance of peace education in national development.
- Know the pedagogy and evaluation for peace education.
- Course outcomes (COs):
- Uponsuccessfulcompletion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Comprehend the concept of peace education.
CO2	Recognize the importance of peace education in national development.
CO3	Analyze the pedagogy in evaluation for peace education.
CO4	Make learning meaningful by using various approaches
CO5	Develop skill in role of peace in teaching learning.
CO6	Interpret peace and relation with teaching

## • CO-PSO-PO Mapping:

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2
CO5	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1
CO6	3	3	2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Course Outline:**

#### **UNIT- 1- Concept and Relevance of Peace:**

- Meaning and Concept of Peace Education.
- Relevance of Peace: National and International Context
- UNESCO's concern on Peace and Understanding.
- Initiatives for Peace at National and International level

### **Unit II – Planning, Curriculum and Approaches:**

- Mission and Goals of Peace Education
- Curriculum for Peace education
- Instructional Process & Methodologies
- Approaches to Peace education

#### **UNIT-III- Understanding Peace as a Dynamic Social Reality:**

- Challenges to peace by increasing stresses, conflicts, crimes, terrorism, violence and wars resulting in poor quality of life.
- Highlights of various philosophies of peace, of Gandhi, Krishnamurthy, Aurobindo, Vivekananda, Gijubhai Badhecha, The Dalai Lama
- Teacher's role in promoting peace

#### **UNIT – IV- Orienting Education for Peace Building:**

- Rethinking authority relations from democratic perspective: Promoting dialoguing and developing capabilities for decision-making
- Understanding social justice in local context its implications for beliefs, attitudes, and values and school / social practices and conflict resolution at all levels
- Education for enhancing cohesion in academic, personal, social and cultural matters. Orientation of empathetic attitude for solving academic and discipline problems.
- National and International Understanding acquisition of relevant knowledge, attitudes, values and skills.

#### **UNIT – V- Evaluation Of The Peace- Building Processes**

- Understanding importance of skills and strategies of assessment of the peace building process in terms of attitudes, values, skills and strategies at school level motivation and sustenance of efforts, sharing experiences towards peace building, reviewing strategies.
- Making assessment visible through objective indicators, planning and recording change in cultural ethos.
- Developing commitment and willingness for receiving feedback, and review of strategies. Practicum
- Visits to organizations connected with peace and intercultural harmony
- Report on Awareness of cultural characteristics of the local community around school and its linkages
- Preparation of collages from newspapers, etc. to highlight issues and challenges to peace or positive response to them

#### **References/Text Books**:

- 1. Ingelstam, M. (1996). Empowered for peace service: A curriculum for education and training in violence prevention, non-violence conflict transformation and peace building. Stockholm: Christian Council of Sweden.
- 2. Board of Education Fountain. (1999). Peace Education UNICEF. NY: UNICEF.
- 3. Eisler, J. (1994). Comprehensive conflict result program (1993-94). New York: N. Y. City.
- 4. Learning the Way of Peace: A Teacher's Guide to Peace Education, UNESCO, New Delhi

# Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR:

# Optional Course (any one) GUIDANCE AND COUNSELING

Course code	: B.Ed. 205	(iii)				
Course Name	: Paper 11	GUIDANCE AND COUN	SEL	INC	J	
Semester /Year	: SECOND	YEAR				
			L	T	P	С
			2	2	-	4

L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit

Max.Marks-100

# **CourseObjectives:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare**

- 1. Understand the concept, need and meaning of guidance & counseling.
- 2. Get acquainted with the principles, issues, problems and procedure of guidance & counseling.
- 3. Develop understanding about the role of school in guidance.
- 4. Understand the various areas, tools and techniques in guidance & counseling.
- 5 To comprehend with qualities and role of a school counselor
- 6. Realize the importance of follow-up in counseling and the need of counseling for children with special needs.
- 7. Awareness of Career Information and Training.

#### **Course outcomes** (COs):

### Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	To develop an understanding of the concepts of guidance and counseling.
CO2	To acquaint the students with the testing devices and techniques of
	guidance.
CO3	To develop an understanding of collection and dissemination of
	occupational guidance.
CO4	To sensitize student-teachers to the problems faced by students in the

	contemporary world.
CO5	To create an awareness of the working of guidance centers.
CO6	To provide guidance & counseling for school level students.

### **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO4
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO6	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Course Outline:**

#### **UNIT - I Guidance in school:-**

- Meaning, concept and Need of Guidance.
- Principles of Guidance.
- Procedure of Guidance steps.
- Role of school in Guidance.
- Areas Personal, Educational and vocational Guidance

#### **UNIT -II Counseling in School**

- Meaning, concept and Need of counseling
- Principles of counseling
- Counseling Process
- Types: Directive, Non –directive and Eclectic counseling
- Qualities and role of a school counselor
- Lectures, Discussions & Dramatics as Techniques of Counseling

#### **UNIT - III Tools in Guidance and Counseling**

- Blanks, Cumulative Record Cards, Rating scale, Questionnaires
- Psychological Tests :- Intelligence, Aptitude, Attitude, Adjustment
- Inventories :- Interest & Personality: Concept, Importance and limitations

## **UNIT- IV Issues and Techniques in Guidance and Counseling**

- Problems and concerns
- Counseling for parents
- Importance of follow-up in counseling
- Observation, Interview and sociometry
- Lectures, Discussion and Dramatics as techniques of counseling.

#### **UNIT V: Career Information and Training**

- Information about education and training opportunities of Primary, and Secondary levels of school.
- New trends in Guidance and counseling

#### Practical (any one)

- 1. Visit to a school and Interview of a school counselor
- 2. Preparation and administration of any one test and make its report. (01 student from VI-IX)
- 3. Case study of an adolescent's academic / social problems.

#### **References / Text Books:**

1. Aggrawal JC (1991): Educational & Vocational Guidance & Counseling, 7th edition, Doaba House, N. Delhi. 2. Bhatagar RP: Guidnace & Counseling in Education 3. Gibson Robert & Mitchell Marianne (2005): Introduction to Guidance & Counseling, 6th edition, Prentice Hall of India, N. Delhi. 4. Kochhar SK (1981) Guidance in Indian education, N. Delhi 5. Kochhar SK (1987): Educational & Vocational Guidance in Secondary Schools, Sterling Publishers, N. Delhi. 6. Nanda SK, Chadha PC: Educational & Vocational Guidance 7. Sharma RA: Fundamentals of Guidance & Counseling 8. Shrivastava: Guidance & Counseling

# Bachelor of Education

**B.ED. II YEAR:** 

# Optional Course (any one) HEALTH EDUCATION AND YOGA

Course code	: B.Ed. 205(iv)				
Course Name	: Paper 11 HEALTH EDUCATION AND	YOC	ξA		
Semester /Year	: SECOND YEAR				
		L	T	P	C
		2	2	-	4

### **CourseObjectives:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare**

- 1. Introduce the student teacher with the concept of holistic health.
- 2. Enable them to understand the various dimensions and determinants of health.
- 3. Acquaint them to school health program and its importance.
- 4. Enable them to understand the need and importance of Physical Education.
- 5. Acquaint them to allied areas in Physical Education.
- 6. Make them aware of the benefits of physical fitness and activities for its development.
- 7. Introduce them to the philosophical bases of Yoga, types of Yoga and its importance.
- 8.Help them understand the procedure of health related fitness evaluation

#### **Course outcomes** (COs):

### Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Define physical exercises, games.
CO2	Understand the importance of yoga and Suryanamaskar, sports, etc.
CO3	Recognizes the importance of physical and mental health.
CO4	Apply yoga in day today's life.
CO5	Apply physical exercises in daily life.
CO6	To create an awareness of the working of guidance centers.

# **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO4
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO6	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Course Outline:**

#### **Unit:-I Health**

- Introduction, Definition and Meaning of health
- Dimensions of health & Determinants of health
- Importance of balanced diet
- School health programme and role of teacher in development of health

#### **Unit: -II Physical Fitness**

- Definition, Meaning, Types and factors of physical fitness
- Factors affecting physical fitness
- Benefits of Physical Fitness
- Importance of physical activities at school level
- Assessment of physical fitness

#### Unit:-III Philosophical bases of Health Education and Yoga

- Role of Institutions (School, Family and Sports)
- Policies and major programmes for Health Education and Yoga
- Blood Banks and role of Media.

#### **Unit:-IV Yoga**

- Introduction, Meaning and mis-concepts of Yoga
- Ashtang Yoga (8 stages of Yoga)
- Types of Yoga
- Importance of Yogasanas, Pranayama and Shudhikriya

#### **Unit V: Meditation & Stress Management**

- Meditation: Meaning, Nature & Relationship with mind.
- Importance of Meditation in school
- Stress: Meaning, Nature, Types and Factors
- Role of Meditation in Stress Management.

#### **PRACTICAL**

- 1. Assessment of health related physical fitness (H.R.P.F.), Body composition: Body Mass Index (B.M.I.) and Waist Hip Ratio (W.H.R.)
- 2. Assignment on different meditation techniques

#### **References/Text Books:**

- 1. Dr. Ajmer Singh (2003). Essentials of physical Education. Ludhiana: Kalyani publishers.
- 2. Daryl Syedentop (1994). Introduction to physical education, fitness and sports (2nd ed.). London: Mayfield publishing company.
- 3. Dr. A.K.Uppaland Dr. G. P. Gautam (2004). Physical education and Health. Delhi: Friends publisher.
- 4. Dr. Sopan Kangane and Dr. Sanjeev Sonawane (2007). Physical Education (D. Ed.). Pune: Nirali publication.

# Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR:

# Optional Course (any one) SPECIAL EDUCATION

Course code	: B.Ed. 205(v)				
Course Name	: Paper 11 SPECIAL EDUCATION				
Semester /Year	: SECOND YEAR				
		L	T	P	C
		2	2	-	4

L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit

Max.Marks-100

# **CourseObjectives:**

#### Theobjectivesofthiscourseare

- 1. Demonstrate knowledge of different perspectives in the area of education of children with disabilities
- 2. Reformulate attitudes towards children with special needs
- 3. Identify needs of children with diversities
- 4. Plan need-based programmes for all children with varied abilities in the classroom
- 5. Use human and material resources in the classroom
- 6. Use specific strategies involving skills in teaching special needs children in Special and inclusive classrooms
- 7. Modify appropriate learner-friendly evaluation procedures
- 8. Incorporate innovative practices to respond to education of children with specialneeds.

#### **Course outcomes** (COs):

#### $Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to {\it the course of the course of$

CO1	Demonstrate knowledge of different perspectives in the area of education
	of children with disabilities.
CO2	Reformulate attitudes towards children with special needs
CO3	Identify needs of children with diversities.
CO4	Plan need-based programmes for all children with varied abilities in the classroom.

CO5	Use human and material resources in the classroom.
CO6	Modify appropriate learner-friendly evaluation procedures

# **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO4
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2
CO6	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

#### **Course Outline:**

#### **Unit I: Concept of Special Education**

- Disability: Concept, Meaning & Perspectives
- , Gender and Disability
- Special Education & Inclusive Education: Concepts, meaning & Definitions,
- National & International Historical Progression

### **Unit II: Planning and Implementations in Special Education**

- General Principles of Teaching Children with Special Needs
- Curricular Adaptation, policies and Planning,
- Preparing & Implementing IEPs & GTPs,
- Universal Design of Instruction

#### **Unit III: Teaching of Children with Special Needs**

- Teaching Children with Sensory Disabilities (VI, HI, Deaf-Blind)
- Teaching Children with Neuro-Developmental Disabilities (LD, MR (ID), ASD)
- Teaching Children with Loco-motor & Multiple Disabilities (CP, MD)
- Teaching Children with Learning Disabilities (LD)

#### **Unit IV: Psychological aspects of Special Children**

- Applied Behavioural Analysis
- Community Based Rehabilitation

## **Unit V: Assistive & Augmentative Communication (AAC)**

• Definition and Concept of AAC

- Types Aided & Unaided communication systems
- Alternative and Augmentative Communication (AAC) tools for those affected by conditions like spinal cord injury, ALS, autism, cerebral palsy and strokes

#### **Practicum:** (At least one of the following):

- Teaching one child with diverse needs using appropriate strategies
- Adaptation of curriculum and methods to teach one child with diverse needs
- Visit to one institution dealing with disabled children and preparing its' report
- Preparing an IEP and a GTP

#### **References/Text Books:**

- Alur, Mithu (2010). Journey for inclusive education in the Indian sub continent. Routledge Baker, E. T., Wang, M. C. & Walberg, H. J. (1998). 'The effect of inclusion on learning',in Nutbrown, C., & Clough, P. (2006). 'Inclusion in the Early Years', London, Sage Publication.
- Dash, Neena (2012). Inclusive eduation

# Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR:

# ENHANCING PROFESSIONAL CAPACITIES UNDERSTANDING THE SELF

Course code	: B.Ed. 206				
Course Name	: EPC-3 UNDERSTANDING THE SE	LF			
Semester /Year	: SECOND YEAR				
		L	T	P	С
		1		1	2

L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit

Max.Marks-50

#### **CourseObjectives:**

#### Theobjectivesofthiscourseare

1. Explore various aspects of his/ her own self.

- 2. Understand the concept of self development and self efficacy.
- 3. Facilitate development of skills of self expression-oral as well as written.
- 4. Develop holistic and integrated concept of self through workshops.

#### **Course outcomes** (COs):

#### Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Discover various aspects of his/her own self.
CO2	Compare the concept of self-development and self-efficacy.
CO3	Develop skills of self-expression-oral as well as written.
CO4	Understand holistic and integrated concept of self through workshops
CO5	Modify appropriate learner-friendly evaluation procedures
CO6	Able to develop integrated aspect

### **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	1	3	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO2	1	2	3	2	2	3	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	3	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO4	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
C06	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

### **Course Outline:**

#### **Unit I: Understanding the Concept of Self**

- Concept and meaning of self in the context of Indian /Western philosophy
- Development of self identity and self esteem
- Factors affecting self esteem
- Teacher's role in improving self esteem of students

#### **Unit II: Self Development and Conflict Manangement**

- Stages of self development according to Allport (proprium)
- Concept of self-efficacy according to Bandura
- Impact of gender and cultural identities on self development
- Conflict management techniques

#### **Unit III: Development of skills of self –expression**

• Concept and meaning of self expression

- Factors affecting self expression
- Brief input on social identity theory
- Teacher as a communicator- modes of expression

#### **Practicum(any two):**

- Workshop for Personality Development
- Workshop on improving self expression skills- oral as well as written
- Maintaining a reflective journal of practice teaching period
- Film reviews, aesthetic expressions, creativity
- Sharing of experiences where one has faced stereotyping

# Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR:

# ENHANCING PROFESSIONAL CAPACITIES DRAMA AND ART IN EDUCATION

Course code	: B.Ed. 207				
Course Name : EPC-4 DRAMA AND ART IN EDUCATION					
Semester /Year	: SECOND YEAR				
		L	T	P	C
		1		1	2

L - Lecture T - Tutorial P - Practical C - Credit

Max.Marks-50

## **CourseObjectives:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare**

• Develop aesthetic sensibilities and learn the use of art in teaching-learning.

- Integrate curricular and co-curricular activities for overall development of learners.
- Understand basics of different art forms and impact of art forms on the human mind.
- Enhance awareness of the rich cultural heritage, artists and artisans.
- Extend awareness, understand multiple perspectives, and realize reality through fantasy
  - in order to cope with unpredictable unsettling experiences.
- Enhance artistic and aesthetic sensibility for responding to the beauty in different artforms, through genuine exploration, experience and free expression.
- Understand drama and art as a form of self-expression for enhancing creativity.
- Course outcomes (COs):
- $\bullet \quad Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to$

CO1	Develop aesthetic sensibilities and learn the use of art in teaching-						
CO2	Integrate curricular and co-curricular activities for overall development of learners.						
CO3	Enhance awareness of the rich cultural heritage, artists and artisans.						
CO4	Extend awareness, understand multiple perspectives, and realize realitythrough fantasyin order to cope with unpredictable unsettling experiences.						
CO5	Enhance artistic and aesthetic sensibility for responding to the beauty indifferent artforms, through genuine exploration, experience and freeexpression.						
CO6	Enhance artistic and aesthetic sensibility for responding to the beauty indifferent artforms, through genuine exploration, experience and freeexpression.						

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# • CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

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Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO4
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	1	3	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO2	1	2	3	2	2	3	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	3	3	3	3	2	1	3
CO4	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	1	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	3
CO6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1

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• 3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

# **Course Outline (Theory):**

# **Unit I: Appreciation of Arts& Crafts:**

Meaning and concepts of arts and crafts and their significance at secondary level of school education. Difference between "Education in Arts" and "Arts in Education".

- Aesthetics & principles of art appreciation.
- Importance and role of arts in deepening children"s perceptual ability, reflection and expression.
- Dimensions of Indian art & craft traditions and its relevance in education.
- Indian contemporary arts and artists:visual arts, performing arts.
- Indian festivals and their artistic significance in education.

#### **Unit II: Visual Arts in Education:**

- Nature and importance of visual arts in education.
- Different forms of visual presentations and their artistic features(drawings, paintings, portraits, photography, graphic designs, cartoons,illustrations,origami,clay modeling,printmaking, etc.)
- Philosophical and sociological implications of visual arts. Criticism and evaluation of art works; understanding of art trends from the Western and Eastern viewpoints.

#### **Unit III: Performing Arts in Education:**

- Nature and importance of performing arts in education.
- History and overview of various disciplines in dance, music and theatre.
- Identification of different performing art forms and artists (dance, music, theatre, puppetry, etc.) Drama as critical pedagogy. Different drama forms and theatre techniques useful in education (such as hot seating). (Practical):

#### **Unit IV: Experimentation with Visual Arts and Crafts:**

- Experimentation with different materials of visual art, such as pastel/poster colors, pen and ink, Rangoli materials, clay, photographs, cartoons, clipart, etc.
- Exploration and experimentation with different methods of visual arts like painting, printing, sketching, photography, collage making, clay modelling, origami, etc.
- Paper framing and display of art work.

#### **Unit V: Exercise with Performing Arts:**

- Listening/viewing and exploring Regional art forms of music, dance, theatre and puppetry. Viewing/listening to live and recorded performances of classical and Regional art forms; and their appraisal.
- Participation and performance in any one of the Performing Arts keeping in mind the integrated educational approach.
- Designing and management of stage-setting for a performance/presentation (properties, costume, make-up, set design, lighting etc.). Project Work/Field Work/Assignments:
- Visit to places of art, exhibitions and cultural festivals; and preparation of a report thereof.
- Preparation of a report on local culture and art forms, interpretation of art works, movies and other media. Theme-based projects from any one of the curricular areas covering its

social, economic, cultural and scientific aspects integrating various arts & craft forms;

- Textbook analysis to find scope for integrating art forms either in the text or activities/exercises;
- Documentation of the processes of any one art or craft form with the pedagogical basis (such as weaving or printing of textiles, making of musical instruments, folk performances in the community, etc. how the artist design their products, manage their resources, including raw materials, its marketing, problems they face)
- Student-teacher should prepare at least five lesson plans in their respective streams of subjects (Science/Maths/Social Sciences/Languages etc.) while integrating different art forms.

#### Reference / TextBooks:

- Atkinson, D. (2002). Art in education: Identity and practice. Dordrecht: Kluwer Academic Publishers. ISBN: 1-4020-1084-8 (HB) 1-4020-1085-0 (PB)
- Smith, R.A. and Simpson, A. (1991). Aesthetics and arts education. UrbanaChampaign: University of Illinois Press. ISBN: 0-252-01752-8 (HB), 0-252-06141-1 (PB)
- Gardner, H. (1990). Art education and human development. Los Angeles: Getty Publications. ISBN: 978-0-89236-179-3, 978-0-252-06141-7 Purohit, V. (1988). Arts of transitional India: Twentieth century, 2 Volumes. Bombay: Popular Prakashan Pvt. Ltd.ISBN: 0-86132-138-3
- Mathur, S. (2007). India by design: Colonial history and cultural display. London: University of California Press Ltd.ISBN: 978-0-520-23417-8 (HB), 978-0-520- 25231-8(PB)
- Chapman, L.H. (1978). Approaches to art in education. New York: Harcourt College

# Bachelor of Education B.ED. II YEAR: SCHOOL INTERNSHIP

Course code	: B.Ed. 208				
Course Name	: SCHOOL INTERNSHIP				
Semester /Year	: SECOND YEAR				
		L	T	P	C

2	4	6

L - Lecture T – Tutorial P – Practical C – Credit

Max.Marks-300

# **CourseObjectives:**

#### **Theobjectivesofthiscourseare**

- 1. To develop teaching learning resources.
- 2. Formulation of unit-plan.
- 3. Creating daily lesson plans.
- 4. To develop and manage valuation instruments. Explore career alternatives prior to graduation.
- 5. Integrate theory and practice.
- 6. Assess interests and abilities in their field of study.
- 7. Learn to appreciate work and its function in the economy.
- 8. ExaminationScheme:

9.

Components	I <sup>st</sup> internal	II <sup>nd</sup> Internal	Presentation/	External
			Assignment/ Project	(ESE)
Weightage(%)	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks

# **Course Outcomes:** COs:

Upon successful completion of the course a student will be able to

CO1	Identify the depth & breadth of academic learning.
CO2	Understand different methodology to make teaching learning effective.
CO3	Apply ICT resources in teaching in multiple ways.
CO4	Integrate content & methodology as per the course requirement.
CO5	Realize & develops interest in teaching.
CO6	Analyze role & responsibilities as a teacher during & after the course

# **CO- PSO-PO Mapping:**

Course	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO4
													1	2	3	
CO1	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO3	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO6	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated