



SYLLABUS FOR Master of Science (Chemistry) School of Basic and Applied Sciences

(W.E.F 2023-2024)

Re / mul. 3/7/2

W. J. J.

Master of Science (Chemistry) OUTCOME BASED EDUCATION

aramme outcome (POs)

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| All | Scientific exploration: Capability of any |
| 1601 | exercise to propose solutions of comprehending basic scientific principles, and |
| 1635 | Conduct experimentation: Use explorative aptitude and analytical methods for design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data and synthesis of information to provide effective conclusions. |
| 121 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities for societal benefits. |
| 1774 | Communication: Communicate effectively scientific findings, and to be able to assimilate, write and present effective reports to give and receive clear instruction. |
| 105 | participate in sustainable development |
| 06 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| 07 | Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of upcoming scientific change. |
| 08 | Research Problem Solving: Ability to assimilate, evaluate and present research results objectively. |
| 09 | Master of Science offers theoretical as well as practical knowledge about different area of chemistry subject. |
| O10 | The qualities of a science — observation, precision, analytical mind, logical thinking, clarity of thought and expression, systematic approach, qualitative and quantitative decision making are enlarged. |
| 2011 | The program also empowers the post graduates to appear for various competitive examinations or choose the PhD programme of their choice. |
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Program Specific Outcome (PSOs)

| il Specific Outcome (1803) |
|---|
| Understand the advanced concepts of organic and inorganic synthesis, Molecular |
| and Interpretative spectroscopy and quantum chemistry. |
| Perform procedures as per laboratory standards in the areas of analytical |
| chemistry organic and inorganic synthesis and structure interpretation. |
| Exhibit the ability of comprehending the problem and building research oriented |
| solutions. |
| Understand and apply applications of organic and inorganic synthesis in |
| pharmaceutics. |
| |

Eligibility for admission

Undergraduate degree in any branch of science or engineering with chemistry and physics as two of the subject after completion of 10+2 scheme with minimum qualifying marks 45%

Duration of the Programme :2 years

STUDY & EVALUATION SCHEME Choice Based Credit System Master of Science (Chemistry)

First Semester

| S. No. | | | Course Name | | Per | riods | | Evaluation | scheme | Subject |
|-----------|---------------|---------|-------------------------------------|----|-----|-------|----|-------------------------|----------------|---------|
| 110. | | | = 1 | L | Т | P | С | Sessional (Internal) | External (ESE) | Total |
| Theo | _ | | | | | | | (Internat) | 1 | |
| 1 | Core Paper | MCHC101 | Inorganic Chemistry I | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| 2 | Core Paper | MCHC102 | Organic Chemistry I | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| 3 | Core Paper | MCHC103 | Physical Chemistry I | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| 4 | Core Paper | MCHC104 | Spectroscopy and Group theory | | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| Practi | ical | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Core | MCHL105 | Laboratory Course I | .0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| 2 | Core | MCHL106 | Laboratory Course II | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| | | | Total | | | | 20 | | | 600 |

Second Semester

| S. | Course | Course | | Per | iods | 5 | Evaluation | Subject | | |
|------|--------------|--------|---------------------------|-----|------|---|------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------|
| No. | Category | Code | | L | T | P | С | Sessional (Internal) | External (ESE) | Total |
| Theo | ry | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Core MCHC201 | | Inorganic Chemistry II | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |

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| 2 | Core | MCHC202 | Organic | 3 | and the same | T-theat plants | • | | | y and a |
| | to a complete copied copied and analysis are | The second second second second second | Chemistry II | ٠, | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | |
| 3 | Core | MCHC203 | Physical | 3 | - | - Million page | - | 4 | 00 | 100 |
| | A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR | | Chemistry II | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| 4 | Core | MCHC204 | Spectroscopy | 3 | - | - | - | | 00 | 100 |
| | | | and | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
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| Prac | tical | NOTE OF | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Core | MCHL205 | Laboratory | 0 | 0 | 4 | | | | |
| | | , 1 | Course I | | ľ | 7 | 4 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
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| | | | Paper | | | | | | | |
| | | _ | MCHC201 | | | | | | | |
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| 1 | <u> </u> | | MCHC202) | | | | 1 | | | |
| 2 | Core | MCHL206 | Laboratory | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 40 | | |
| | | | Course II | | ۱ | 7 | 1 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| | | | Total | - | _ | - | 20 | | | |
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Third Semester

| S. N | Course Categor | Course Code | Course Name | | Pe | riods | | Evalu | | Subjec t Total |
|---------|-------------------|-------------|---|-----|----|-------|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | , | | | L | Т | P | С | Session al (Intern al) | Externa l (ESE) | |
| _ | eory | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Core | MCHC301 | Organic Synthesis & Photochemistr y | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| 2 | Core | MCHC302 | Heterocyclic | . 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| • | | | Chemistry | | | | | 1 | | |
| 3 | Elective I | MCHE313 | Bioinorganic, Bioorganic & Biophysical Chemistry | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| 4 | Elective II | MCHE315 | Polymers | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| 5 | Elective III | MCHE317 | Medicinal Chemistry | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| 6 | Elective IV | MCHE322 | Instrumental methods of analysis | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| 7 | Self Study | MCHS320 | Pesticide Chemistry | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |

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 $\star_{\mathrm{Students}}$ have to study any two elective papers in $\mathrm{III^{rd}Semester}$

Total credits=20 (14 core credits + 06 elective credits) and 03 credits of MCHS320 self

Fourth Semester

| S. No. | Course Category | Course Code | Course Name | | Per | iods | ; | Evaluation | scheme | Subject |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|---|-----|------|----|-------------------------|-------------------|---------|
| | | | | L | T | P | С | Sessional (Internal) | External (ESE) | Total |
| The | огу | | | _ | | | | (Internal) | (252) | |
| 1 | Core | MCHC401 | Chemistry of Natural Products. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| 2 | Core | MCHC403 | Dissertation | | | | 10 | | | 300 |
| 3 | Elective I | MCHE410 | Computer and Biostatistics | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| 4 | Elective II | MCHE411 | Environmental Chemistry | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| Pract | ical | 9 | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Core | MCHL402 | Laboratory Course I | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 40 | 60 | 100 |
| | | | Total | | | | 20 | | | 600 |

*Students have to study any one elective papers in IV th Semester

Total credits=20 (17 core credits + 03 elective credits)

Examination Scheme:

| Components | I st internal | II nd Internal | External (ESE) |
|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Weightage(%) | 20% | 20% | 60% |

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MSc Chemistry(Ist Semester)

| Course code | :MCIIC101 | et englasiscopolisco lassico | National Institution (sept.) | internal processor gave | |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Course Name | : Inorganic Chemistry I | Frank Constitution of the | - | ATT OF THE PARTY OF | |
| Semester /Year | : Ist | | eri main migra | | |
| Service | | | | | |
| and the same of th | | L | T | P | C |
| The second section is a second | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to make students familiarize with stereochemistry, bonding in main group compounds, stability of complexes, theories and structure of coordination compounds and reaction mechanism of transition metal complexes.

Unit I

Stercochemistry and Bonding in Main Group Compounds

VSEPR model, applications of VSEPR theory and its shortcomings. Hybridization and three-center bonds. Bents rule. Walsh's diagrams for tri and tetra atomic molecules. $p\pi$ - $p\pi$ and $p\pi$ - $d\pi$ bonding.

Unit II

Theories of Coordination Compounds

Valence Bond Theory, Inner and Outer Orbital complexes, Square Planar complexes, Crystal field theory, Crystal field splitting in Octahedral and tetrahedral complexes, factors affecting the magnitude of Δ_0 . Crystal Field Stabilization Energy. Merits and limitations of CFT. Jahn-Teller distortion and its consequences on complex formation. Evidence of covalent character in Metal-Ligand bonding. Molecular orbital theory as applied to octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes.

Unit III

Metal-Ligand Equilibria in Solution

Stability of Metal complex. Stepwise and overall formation constants and their interaction. Trends in K value. Irving-Willams series. Chelate effect and its thermodynamic origin. Factors affecting the stability of metal complexes with reference to the nature of the metal ion and ligand.

Unit IV

Yor /

Reaction Mechanism of Transition Metal Complexes

Energy profile of a reaction and reactivity of metal complexes. Inert and labile complexes on the basis of VBT and CFT. Ligand substitution reactions in octahedral complexes i.e.SN1, SN2 and SNICB mechanism. Anation reactions without metal ligand bond cleavage. Substitution and Services in square-planer complexes, Trans effect, theories of Trans effect. Electron transfer reactions (Redox reactions). Outer and inner sphere mechanism (OSM and ISM).

Text Books:

TB1. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry Vth Ed., F.A. Cotton and G.Wilkinson, JohnWiley,(1988).

TB2. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry VIth Ed., F.A.Cotton, G. Wilkinson, C.A.Murillo and MBochmann, JohnWiley, (1999).

TB3.Inorganic Chemistry, J.E.House, Academic Press, (2008)

Reference Books:

RB1. Inorganic chemistry, A Unified Approach, IIndEd., WW. Porterfield, Academic Press,(1993).

RB2. Coordination Chemistry, IIIrdEd., DBanerjea, Asian Book Pt. ltd., (2009)

RB3. Inorganic Chemistry,3th Ed.,GLMiessler and D.A.Tarr, Pearson Education, nc.(2004)

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| | Learn and gain knowledge of main group compounds and coordination |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | |
| | chemistry 1 and applain metal ligand |
| CO2 | Describe theories of coordination compounds and explain metal ligand |
| COZ | un :d colutions |
| | Explain reaction mechanisms of transition metal complexes. |
| CO3 | Explain reaction incommend of |
| | Illustrate CFT, MOT, VSEPRtheoty and chelate effect. |
| CO4 | Ction machanism |
| CO5 | Assess different types of reaction mechanism. Assess different types of reaction mechanism. |
| CO6 | Propose the structure of various inorganic compounds |
| 200 | model and hybridization. |
| | model and |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| - | | DO- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2017 |
|---|------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|-----|-------------|-----|----|----|----|-----|----------|----------|----------|------|
| , | | | Lnos | 1 1002 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO | PO | PO | PO | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO4 |
| 1 | Cour | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | 104 | 1,03 | 7 | | | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| | se | | | | | 1 | 1 2 | 1 | 1 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 3 | 1 | 1- | 1 | 1 |
| - | CO1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 13- | + | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 13 | + | +- |
| | CO2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 13 | | + | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 13 | 1 | 1 |
| | CO3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1. | | | | | | / | | | |

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3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

| Course code :MCHC102 | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----|---|---|---|
| Course Name : Organic Chemistry I | 1 | | | |
| Semester /Year ·: Ist | 11 | | | |
| Semi- | L | T | P | C |
| | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to make students familiarize with structure, bonding, orientation and reaction mechanism involved in organic chemistry.

Unit I

Nature of Bonding in Organic Molecules

Hyperconjugation, bonding in fullerenes, tautomerism. Aromaticity in benzenoid and non benzenoid compounds, alternant and non alternant hydrocarbons. Huckel's rule, energy level of π -molecular orbitals, annulenes, antiaromaticity, homo-aromaticity, PMO approach. Bonds weaker than covalent, crown ether complexes and cryptands, inclusion compounds, cyclodextrin, catenanes and rotaxanes.

Unit II

Stereochemistry

Conformational analysis of cycloalkane, decalins, effect of conformation on reactivity, conformation of sugars, steric strain due to unavoidable crowding, optical purity, enantiotopic and diastereotopic atoms, groups and faces, stereospecific and stereoselective synthesis. Asymmetric synthesis, chirality due to helical shape. Stereochemistry of the compounds containing nitrogen, sulphur and phosphorus.

Unit III

Reaction Mechanism: Structure and Reactivity

Types of mechanisms, types of reactions, thermodynamic and kinetic requirements, kinetic and thermodynamic control, Hammond's postulate, Curtin-Hammett principle. Potential energy diagrams, transition states and intermediates, methods of determining mechanisms, isotope effects. Effect of structure on reactivity – resonance and field effects, steric effect, quantitative

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treatments. Hammett equation and linear free energy relationship, Substituent and reaction constants, Taft equation. Methods of determining Reaction mechanism

Unit IV

Aliphatic Nucleophilic Substitution

SN1, SN2 and mixed SN1 and SN2 mechanism. The neighbouring group mechanism, neighbouring group participation (by π - and σ bonds). Anchimeric assistance. SN1 mechanism-Nucleophilic substitution at an allylic, aliphatic trigonal and vinylic carbon. Reactivity effects of substrate structure, attacking nucleophilic group, leaving group and reaction medium, ambident nucleophile.

Unit V

Aliphatic Electrophilic Substitution

Bimolecular mechanism- SE2. The SE1 mechanism, electrophilic substitution accompanied by double bond shift. Effect of substrates, leaving group and the solvent polarity on the reactivity.

Text Books:

TB1.Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, D. Nasipuri, New Age International. TB2.Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International. TB3.Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Mukherji and Singh, Macmillan.

Reference Books:

RB1. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Reaction, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, 6th Ed., John Wiley.

RB2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Carey and Sundberg, Springer Verlag, Germany.

RB3. A Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Peter Sykes.

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Gain Knowledge about different type reaction mechanism, aromatic compounds, and substitution reactions. |
|-----|--|
| CO2 | Understand the concept of different type reaction mechanism, aromatic compounds, and substitution reactions. |
| CO3 | Explain the concept of reaction mechanism, aromatic compounds, and substitution reactions. |
| CO4 | Illustrate reaction mechanism, aromaticity, and substitution reactions. |

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| COS | Compare different type stereochemical and substitution reactions. | |
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| CASQ | Solve potential energy of cycloalkane. | |
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CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | 101 | 102 | 103 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | 100 | 1 | - | | - | - | | |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|------|
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| | | | 1- | - | | | | | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| 001 | 3 | 1 | 12 | 2 | | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | + |
| 002 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | - | 1 |
| CO3 | 13 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | <u> </u> | 3 | - | 3 | 12 | , | 1 2 | 1 | 3 |
| | - | - | -, | 1- | ļ | <u> </u> | | <u>'</u> | 3 | 2 | 3 . | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | ı | 1 | 3 . | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 13 |
| CO5 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| | - | , | 1 | 2 | 2 | | | | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO6 | 3 | | | | 3 C | L | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

| Course code | :MCHC103 | | | | |
|----------------|------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Course Name | : Physical Chemistry I | | | | - |
| Semester /Year | : Ist | | | | |
| 9 | | L | T | P | C |
| | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about quantum mechanics, quantum mechanical results, approximate methods and chemical bonding in diatomics and classical thermodynamics.

Unit 1

Quantum Chemistry: Fundamentals of Quantum Mechanics

Operators , Eigen values and Eigen functions ,Normalisation ,Hiensenberg UncertainityPrinciple , de Broglie equation, Momentum, Ladder operators ,Hermitian adjoint.

Unit II

Quantum Chemistry: Introduction to Quantum Mechanics

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Postulates of quantum mechanics, The Schrodinger wave equation, Solutions of the Schrodinger wave equation to some simple systems as particle in a 1-D box, particle in a 3-D box, 1-D simple harmonic oscillator, rigid rotor, Schrodinger wave equation for hydrogen atom.

Unit III

Quantum Chemistry: Approximation Method of Quantum mechanics

Variation Method, Application of variation method to helium atom, Linear Solutions of the Schrodinger equation for multi-electron atoms: Time-dependent perturbation theory (first and non-degenerate),

Unit IV

Quantum Chemistry: Chemical Bonding in Diatomics

Elementary Concepts of Molecular Orbital and Valence Bond Theory, Huckel Molecular Orbital Theory for conjugated π-electron systems.

Unit V

Thermodynamics: Classical Thermodynamics

Brief resume of concepts of laws thermodynamics, free energy, chemical potential andentropies. Partial molar properties: partial molar free energy, partial molar volume and partialmolar heat content and their significance. Determination of these quantities. Concept of fugacity and determination of fugacity. Non-ideal systems: Excess functions for non-ideal solutions. Activity, activity coefficient. Debye-Huckel theory for activity coefficient of electrolytic solutions, determination of activity and activity coefficients, ionic strength.

Unit V

Surface Chemistry: Adsorption

Chemisorption, application of adsorption, factors influencing adsorption, Langmuir theory of adsorption, BET theory of multilayer adsorption, Derivation of the BET equation, Gibbs adsorption isotherm.

Text Books:

TB1. Physical Chemistry, P.W. Atkins, ELBS.
TB2. Introduction to Quantum Chemistry, A.K. Chandra, Tata McGraw Hill.

Reference Books:

RB1. Quantum Chemistry, Ira N. Levine, Prentice Hall.

RB2. Coulson's Valence, R. McWeeny, ELBS

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Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

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| Describe basic principles of Quantum Mechanics, Classical |
| Understand molecular orbital theory to explain bonding and molecular structure on the basis of quantum mechanics, Discuss different concept based on surface adsorption and |
| Explain laws of Thermodynamics for the determination of different quantities, apply appropriate approximation techniques for the analysis of multi electron molecules. |
| Analyze the classical thermodynamics and to explore the ideas of non-ideal systems and phase diagrams, |
| Estimate the Quantum mechanics result, approximate methods, chemical bonding in di atomics |
| Solve the problems based on Quantum chemistry, Surface phenomena and thermodynamics |
| |

CO-PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO4 |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|------|
| COI | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| CO2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| CO4 | 3 . | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

| Course code | :MCHC104 | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Course Name | :Spectroscopy and Group Theory | | | | |
| Semester /Year | : Ist | | | | |
| | | L | T | P | C |
| | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about EMR, different spectroscopic techniques (i.e UV-VIS, IR), symmetry elements and group theory.

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Unit I

Unifying Principles

Electromagnetic radiation, interaction of electromagnetic radiation with matter. Absorption, emission, transmission, reflection, refraction, dispersion, polarization and scattering. Uncertainty relation and natural line width and natural line broadening, transition probability, result of the time dependent perturbation theory, transition moment, selection rules, intensity of special lines, Born-oppenheimer approximation, rotational, and electronic energy levels.

Unit II

Atomic Electronic Spectroscopy Energies of atomic orbitals, vector representation of momenta and vector coupling, spectra of hydrogen atom and alkali metal atoms.

Unit III

Ultra Violet and Visible Spectroscopy: Electronic transitions (185-800 nm), Beer- Lambert Law, Effect of solvent on electronic transitions, Ultra Violet bands of carbonyl compounds, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, dienes, conjugated polyenes, Steric effect in biphenyls, Fieser- Woodward rules for conjugated dienes and carbonyl compounds, ultra violet spectra of aromatic and heterocyclic compounds.. Applications of UV- visible spectroscopy in organic chemistry.

Unit IV

Infrared Spectroscopy: Review of linear harmonic oscillator, vibrational energies of diatomic molecules, Zero point energy, force constant and bond strengths; anharmonicity, Morse potential energy diagram, virbration-rotation spectroscopy; P,Q,R branches. Selection rules, normal modes of vibration, group frequencies, overtones, hot bands, factors affecting the band positions and intensities, far IR region., metal-ligand vibrations.

.Unit V

Symmetry and Group Theory in Chemistry: Symmetry elements and symmetry operation, definitions of group, subgroup, relation between orders of a finite group and its subgroups, conjugacy relation and classes. Point symmetry group, Schonflies symbols, representations of groups by matrices (representation for the Cn, Cnv, Cnh, Dnh etc. group to be worked out explicitly).

Text Books:

TB1. Modern Spectroscopy, J.M. Hollas, John Wiley.

TB2. Physical Methods for Chemistry, R.S. Drago, Saunders Company.

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Reference Books:

RB1. Basic Principles of Spectroscopy, R. Chang, McGraw Hill.

RB1. Basic Virginia and Spectroscopy of Molecules, K. Veera Reddy, New Age International.

Course outcomes (Cos):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Remember the basics of spectroscopy and group theory. |
|-----|--|
| CO2 | Understand the interaction of matter with EMR, and different spectroscopic techniques. |
| CO3 | Explain about theory, instrument, applications of spectroscopy. |
| CO4 | Explain EMR and spectroscopic techniques and group theoty. |
| CO5 | Asses and summarize the structures of organic compounds by using spectroscopic techniques. |
| CO6 | Generalize the concept related to spectroscopy and group theory. |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO | PO | PO | PO | PS | PSO | PSO | PSO4 |
|--------|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|------|
| | | | * 1 . | | | | | | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 01 | 2 | 3 | |
| CO1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 . | 3 |
| CO2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | - 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| CO5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

| Course code | :MCHL105 | 100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | The I |
|----------------|-----------------------|---|-----------|---|-------|
| Course Name | : Laboratory Course I | 1,76.3 | ALIAN INT | | |
| Semester /Year | : Ist | | n Si | | |
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Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain practical knowledge about semi-micro analysis of mixtures, separation, identification of mixtures by Chromatography and interpretation of results.

Part1: Inorganic Chemistry

Qualitative analysis of mixtures by semi micro methods containing not more than six cation and anions including:

- (i). Rare-earth elements
- (ii). Anions, which have not been done in under graduate practicals.
- (iii).Insolubles.

Part2: Organic Chemistry

Qualitative Analysis

Separation, purification and identification of compounds of binary mixture (solid-solid or liquid

and solid) using TLC and Paper Chromatography, Chemical tests and spectroscopic analysis.

Part3: Physical Chemistry

Chemical Kinetics

- 1. Determination of the effect of (a) Change of temperature (b) Change of concentration of reactants and catalyst and (c) ionic strength of the media on the velocity constant of hydrolysis of an ester/ionic reactions.
- 2. Determination of the velocity constant of hydrolysis of an ester.
- 3. Determination of the rate constant for the oxidation of iodide ions by hydrogen peroxide studying the kinetics of the reaction.
- 4. Flowing clock reactions (Ref: Experiments in Physical Chemistry by Showmaker).
- 5. Determination of the primary salt effect on the kinetics of ionic reactions and testing of the bronsted relationship (iodide ion is oxidized by persulphate ion).

Text Books:

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TB1.Laboratory Manual of Organic Chemistry, RK Bansal, New Age International, Delhi TB2.Inorganic Chemistry: A Laboratory Manual, Mala Nath. Narosa Publishing House

Reference Books:

RB1. Vogel's textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry Vth Edition, Brian S. Furniss, Antony J. Hannaford, Peter W.G Smith. Pearson RB2. Advanced Practical Physical Chemstry, J B Yadav. Educational Publishers

Course outcomes (Cos):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Remember the basics of chemistry practicals and lab rules |
|-----|--|
| CO2 | Understand the basics of chromatography, qualitative semimicro analysis and chemical kinetics. |
| CO3 | Apply Paper and Thin Layer Chromatography to separate and identify given mixtures |
| CO4 | Analyze and interpret the results of different experiments |
| CO5 | Evaluate the experimental data and errors. |
| CO6 | Determine the different parameters related to chemical kinetics. |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO | PO 10 | PO | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO4 |
|--------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------------|-----|----------|----------|----------|--|----------|----------|------|
| | | | | | | | | | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| | - | 1 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 1 | 1 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 4 | 1- | 1 | - | 1 |
| COI | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 2 | 1 | - | + | 1 | 1 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 2 | 3 | 1 2 |
| | 1 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 1 | 1 3 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 3 | 13 | - | - | | 1 2 | 2 | 2 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 1- | + | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 4 | 1- |
| CO3 | - 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1- | - | - | 12 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 12 |
| 003 | 1 | | + | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 3 | 1 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | - | <u> </u> | 12 |
| CO4 | 11 . | 1 3 | ì | 2 | 1 | 3 | <u> </u> | - | 1 2 | 1 2 | 12 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| | 1 | 1 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | <u> </u> | - | + | 13 | 12 | 1 2 |
| CO5 | 1 | 3 | 1 1 | 1 4 | + | - | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 2 | 1 2 | 2 | 3 | 14 | |
| CO6 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 1 | | 13 | 1- | | | • | | | |

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

| Course code | :MCHL106 | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Course Name | :Laboratory Course II | | | | |
| Semester /Year | : Ist | L | T | P | C |
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Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain practical knowledge about chromatography, synthesis of organic compounds and experiments related to physical chemistry.

Part 1: Inorganic Chemistry

Chromatography

Separation of cations and anions by:Paper Chromatography, Thin Layer Chromatography,Ion Exchange Chromatography

Part 2: Organic Chemistry

Organic Synthesis

Acetylation: Acetylation

Oxidation: Adipic acid by chromic acid oxidation of cyclohexanol.

Grignard reaction: Synthesis of triphenylmethanol from benzoic acid.

Sandmeyer reaction: p-Chlorotoluene from p-toluene

Part 3: Physical Chemistry

Determination of the velocity constant, order of the reaction and energy of activation for saponification of ethyl acetate by sodium hydroxide conductometrically.

Determination of solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts (e.g., PbSO4, BaSO4) conductometrically.

Determination of the strength of strong and weak acids in a given mixture conductometrically.

To study the effect of solvent on the conductance of AgNO3/CH3COOH and to determine the degree of dissociation and equilibrium constant in different solvents and in their mixtures (DMSO, DMF, dioxane, acetone, water) and to test the validity of Debye-Huckel-Onsager theory.

Determination of the activity coefficient of zinc ions in the solution of 0.002 M zinc sulphate using DebyeHuckel's limiting law.

Text Books:

TB1.Laboratory Manual of Organic Chemistry, RK Bansal, New Age International, Delhi TB2.Inorganic Chemistry: A Laboratory Manual, Mala Nath. Narosa Publishing House

Reference Books:

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RB1. Vogel's textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry Vth Edition, Brian S. Furniss, Antony J. Hannaford, Peter W.G Smith. Pearson

RB2. Advanced Practical Physical Chemstry, J B Yadav. Educational Publishers

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| C01 | Remember the basics of chemistry practicals and lab rules. |
|-----|---|
| CO2 | Understand the basics of organic synthesis and physical chemistry. |
| CO3 | Set experiment for organic synthesis and chromatography. |
| CO4 | Analyze the RF values of cationic and anionic mixtures by chromatography. |
| CO5 | Evaluate the experimental data and errors. |
| CO6 | Determine the different parameters related to physical chemistry. |

CO-PO Mapping

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO4 |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|------|
| COI | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| CO2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| CO3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| CO4 | 1 | - 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| CO5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | -3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| CO6 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 |

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

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MSc Chemistry (IInd Semester)

| Course code | :MCHC201 | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Course Name | : Inorganic Chemistry II | | | | |
| Semester /Year | : IInd | | | | |
| | | L | T | P | С |
| | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about electronic spectra &magnetism of coordination compounds, bonding in organometallic compounds, basics of metal clusters and silicates.

Unit I

Electronic Spectra & Magnetic Properties of Transition Metal Complexes.

Types of electronic transitions, Selection rules for electronic transitions in complexes, Spectral terms, Russell-Saunder's Coupling, Spectroscopic Terms, Ground State Term. Band Width, Terms generated in ligand fields. Orgel diagrams for d¹ to d9 states, Tanabe-Sugano diagrams. Racah parameters. Charge Transfer Spectra, Types of Charge Transfer Spectra. Magnetic properties of complexes, Magnetic moment, magnetic exchange coupling and spin crossover.

Unit II

Metal- π -Complexes and organometallic Compounds.

Metal carbonyl complexes. Preparation, properties and uses. Nature of bonding in metal carbonyls and carbon monoxide analogues i.e., nitrosyls and dinitrogen complexes. Evidence for back bonding in complexes. Nature of M-C bond Synthesis, bonding and uses of organometallic compounds, two electron ligands (olefinic and acetylenic complexes), three electron ligands (allylic complexes), four electron ligand (butadiene and cyclobutadiene complexes), five electron ligand (ferrocene complexes).

Unit III

Metal Clusters

Boranes, Preparation of boranes, properties of boranes, Polyhedral boranes and borane anions. Synthesis, reactivity, bonding and topology of boranes. Wade's rules. Carboranes and its types, metalloboranes and metallocarboranes. Metal carbonyls clusters: LNCC and HNCC. Metalcarbonylhydrides.

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Unit IV

Silicates

Occurrence and principles of silicates. Structure and classification of silicates. Asbestos, Zeolites and Ultramarines as silicate materials. Silicates in technology.

Text Books:

TB1. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry Vth Ed., F. A. Cotton and G. Wilkinson, John Wiley, (1988). TB2. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry VIth Ed., F. A. Cotton, GWilkinson, C. A. Murillo and M. Bochmann, John Wiley, (1999).

Reference Books:

RB1. Inorganicchemistry, AUnified Approach, IInd Ed., W. W. Porterfield, Academic Press, (1993).

RB2. InorganicChemistry, J.E. House, AcademicPress, (2008)

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Learn and gain knowledge of electronic spectra, magnetic properties of transition metal complexes, metal π complexes, metal clusters and silicates. |
|-----|---|
| CO2 | Understand electronic spectra, magnetic properties metal π complexes, metal clusters and silicates. |
| CO3 | Understand the classification of silicates and charge transfer spectra. |
| CO4 | Illustrate preparation, properties and uses of metal π complexes, organometallic compounds and metal clusters. |
| CO5 | Compare various types of boranes and carboranes. |
| CO6 | Express the applications of silicates in technology and solve problems related to R-S coupling. |

CO-PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO4 |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|------|
| COI | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| CO3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 : | 3 . | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO6 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

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| Course code | :MCHC202 | - | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| Course Name | :Organic Chemistry II | | | | | |
| Semester /Year | : Hnd | | | | | |
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| | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | - |

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about mechanism of various substitution, addition and elimination reactions.

Unit I

Aromatic Electrophilic Substitution

Orientation and reactivity, energy profile diagrams. The ortho/para ratio, ipso attack, orientation in other ring systems. Quantitative treatment of reactivity in substrate and electrophiles. Diazonium coupling, VilsmeirHaak reaction, Gattermann-Koch reaction.

Unit II

Aromatic Nuecleophilic Substitution

The SNAr, SN1, benzyne and SRN1 mechanisms. Reactivity- effect of substrate structure, leaving group and attacking nucleopile. The von Rictor, Sommelet-Hauser, and Smiles rearrangements.

Unit III

Free Radical Reactions

Types of free radical reactions, free radical substitution mechanism, mechanism of an aromatic substrate, neighboring group assistance. Reactivity for aliphatic and aromatic substrates at a bridgehead. Reactivity in the attacking radicals. The effect of solvents on reactivity. Allylic halogenation (NBS), oxidation of aldehydes to carboxylic acids, auto-oxidation, coupling of alkynes and arylation of aromatic compounds by diazonium salts. Sandmeyer reaction. Free radical rearrangement. Hunsdiecker reaction.

Unit IV

Addition to Carbon-Carbon Multiple Bonds

Mechanism and stereochemical aspects of addition reactions involving electrophiles, nucleophiles and free radicals, regio- and chemoselectivity, orientation and reactivity. Addition to cyclopropane ring. Hydrogenation of double and triple bonds, hydrogenation of aromatic rings. Hydroboration. Michael reaction. Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation.

Unit V

Addition to Carbon-Hetero Multiple Bonds

Mechanism of metal hydride reduction of saturated and unsaturated carbonyl compounds, acids, esters and nitriles. Wittig reaction. Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates- Knoevenagel, Claisen, Mannich Benzoin, Perkin and Stobbe reactions. Hydrolysis of esters and amides, ammonolysis of esters.

Unit VI

Elimination Reactions

The E2, E1 and E1cB mechanisms and their stereochemistry. Orientation of the double bond. Reactivity- effects of substrate structures, attacking base, the leaving group and the medium. Mechanism and orientation in pyrolytic elimination.

Unit VII

Pericyclic Reactions

Molecular orbital symmetry, Frontier orbitals of ethylene, 1, 3-butadiene, 1, 3, 5-hexatriene and allyl system. Classification of pericyclic reactions. Woodward-Hoffmann. Correlation diagrams. FMO and PMO approach. Electrocyclic reactions-conrotatory and suprafacial additions, 4n, and 4n+2 systems. Cycloadditions-antarafacial and suprafacial additions, 4n and 4n+2 systems, 2+2 addition of ketenes, 1, 3 dipolar cycloadditions and cheleotropic reactions. Sigmatropic rearrangements- suprafacial and antarafacialshiffs of H, sigmatropic shifts involving carbon moieties, 3,3- and 5,5- sigmatropic rearrangements. Claisen, Cope and aza-Cope rearrangements. Fluxional tautomerism. Ene reaction.

Text Books:

TB1. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, D. Nasipuri, New Age International. TB2. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International. TB3.Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Mukherji and Singh, Macmillan.

Reference Books:

RB1. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Reaction, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, 6th Ed., John Wiley.

RB2. Advanced Organic Chemistry, Carey and Sundberg, Springer Verlag, Germany.

RB3. A Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Peter Sykes.

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| COI | Get knowledge about the pericyclic, substitution, addition, elimination and free radicals reactions. |
|-----|---|
| CO2 | Understand about the pericyclic, substitution, addition, elimination and free radicals reactions. |
| СОЗ | Explain various pericyclic, substitution, addition, elimination and free radicals reactions. |
| CO4 | Illustrate different of pericyclic, substitution, addition, elimination and free radicals reactions. |
| CO5 | Compare the mechanism of pericyclic, substitution, addition, elimination and free radicals reactions. |
| CO6 | Write about different type pericyclic, substitution, addition, elimination and free radicals reactions. |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO4 |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|----------|----|----------|----------|-------|--|--|
| COI | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 12 | 2 | 2 | | - |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | i | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | i | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | |
| CO4 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | i | 3 | 3 | i | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | i | i | i |
| CO6 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

| Course code | :MCHC203 | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Course Name | : Physical Chemistry II | | | | |
| Semester /Year | : IInd | | | | |
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Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about theories of chemical dynamics & its application in deriving kinetics of various reactions, laws of statistical thermodynamics and use of EMR to measure different aspects of molecular structure.

Unit 1

Chemical Dynamics

Methods of determining rate laws, collision theory of reaction rates, activated complex theory, Arrhenius equation and the activated complex theory. Dynamic chain (hydrogen-bromine reaction, pyrolysis of acetaldehyde, decomposition of ethane), photochemical (hydrogen-bromine and hydrogen-chlorine reactions) and oscillatory reactions (Belousov-Zhabotinsky reaction), Study of fast reactions by flow method, relaxation method, flash photolysis and the nuclear magnetic resonance method. Dynamics of molecular motions, probing the transition state, dynamics of barrierless chemical reactions in solution, dynamics of unimolecular reactions (Lindemann theory — Hinshelwood theory and Rice-Ramsperger-Kassel-Marcus [RRKM] theories of unimolecular reactions).

Unit II

Statistical Thermodynamics

Concept of distribution, thermodynamic probability and most probable distribution. Ensemble averaging. Canonical, grand canonical and microcanonical ensembles, corresponding distribution laws- (using Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers). Partition functions-translational, rotational, vibrational and electronic partition functions. Calculation of thermodynamic properties in terms of partition functions. Applications of partition functions. Heat capacity behaviour of solids-chemical equilibria and chemical equilibrium constant in terms of partition functions, Fermi-Dirac statistics, distribution law and applications to metal. Bose-Einstein statistics — distribution law and application to helium.

Unit III

Non-Equilibrium Thermodynamics

Thermodynamic criteria for non-equilibrium states, entropy production and entropy flow, entropy balance equations for different irreversible processes (e.g., heat flow, chemical reactionetc.) transformations of the generalized fluxes and forces, non-equilibrium stationary states, phenomenological equations, microscopic reversibility and Onsager's reciprocity relations, electrokinetic phenomena, diffusion, electric conduction, irreversible thermodynamics for biological systems, coupled reactions.

Unit IV

Electrochemistry

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Electrochemistry of solutions, Debye-Huckel, Onsager treatment and its extension, ion solvent interactions. Thermodynamics of electrified interface equations. Structure of electrified interfaces. Guoy Chapman, Stern. Over potentials, exchange current density, derivation of Butler-Volmer equation, semiconductor, electrolyte solution interfaces, structure of double layer at interfaces. Electrocatalysis — influence of various parameters. Hydrogen electrode. Polarography theory, Ilkovic equation. Introduction to corrosion, homogeneous theory, forms of corrosion, corrosion monitoring and prevention methods.

Text Books:

TB1. Physical Chemistry, P.W. Atkins, ELBS.

TB2. Coulson's Valence, R. McWeeny, ELBS.

TB3.Modern Electrochemistry, Vol. I & II, J.O.M. Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy, Plenum.

Reference Books:

RB1.Introduction to Quantum Chemistry, A.K. Chandra, Tata McGraw Hill. RB2. Quantum Chemistry, Ira N. Levine, Prentice Hall.

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Observes basic principles of Chemical Dynamics, Statistical |
|-----|---|
| | Thermodynamics, Non-Equilibrium Thermodynamics, and |
| | Electrochemistry. |
| CO2 | Interpret the basic elements and laws of statistical thermodynamics, estimate thermodynamics criteria for non-equilibrium states. |
| CO3 | Illustrate the knowledge of chemical dynamics in deriving kinetics of various reactions, determine the electrochemistry of various solution and explain its theory. |
| CO4 | Analyze various regions of the electromagnetic spectrum which can be used to measured different aspects of molecular structure. |
| CO5 | Consider the theory and principles of solution in electrochemistry and its various applications. |
| CO6 | Solve the problems based on Chemical Dynamics, Statistical, Non- Equilibrium Thermodynamics, and Electrochemistry. |

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CO-PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO | PO | PO | PO | PSO | PSO | PSO | PSO4 |
|---|-----|-----|--------|-----|--|-----|--|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| 3 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | | | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| $\frac{\cos 1}{\cos 2}$ | 1 | 1 | 2 | ī | - - | 3 | - | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| $\begin{array}{c c} CO2 & 3 \\ CO3 & 3 \end{array}$ | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | † | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO4 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | | 3 | | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | | 2 | 2 | 1. | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO6 3 | | 1 2 | 1 1 11 | | <u> </u> | 13 | l l | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 |

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

| Course code | :MCHC204 | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|-----|---|---|---|
| Course Name | : Spectroscopy and separation method | s - | Ţ | | × |
| Semester /Year | : IInd | | | | |
| | | L | T | P | C |
| 7 1 2 | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about chromatography, radioactivity and different spectroscopic techniques& its application in structural elucidation of organic compounds.

Unit I

Molecular Electronic Spectroscopy: Energy levels, molecular orbitals, vibronic transitions, vibrational progressions and geometry of excited states, Franck-Condon principle, Dissociation and pre-dissociation, electronic spectra of polyatomic molecules. Emission spectra, radiative and non-radiative decay, internal conversion,

Unit II

Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy:

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy: Nuclear spin, nuclear resonance, saturation, shielding of magnetic nuclei, chemical shift and its measurement, factor influencing chemical

shift, deshielding, spin-spin interaction, factors influencing coupling constant 'J'. Classification (ABX, AMX, ABC, A2B2 etc.), spin decoupling, basic ideas about instrument, NMR studies of nuclei other than proton-¹³C, ¹⁹F. FT NMR, advantages of FT NMR, use of Ayou!

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Dowlord NMR in medical diagnostics.

Unit III

Mass Spectrometry: Introduction, ion production—EI, CI, FD and FAB, factors affecting fragmentation, ion analysis, and ion abundance. Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds, common functional groups, Molecular ion peak, Meta-stable peak, McLafferty rearrangement. Nitrogen Rule. Examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds with respect to their structure determination. Introduction to negative ion Mass spectrometry, TOF-MALDI.

Unit IV

Chromatographic Methods: Principle, instrumentation and applications of gas liquid chromatography and HPLC. Ion exchange chromatography: cationic and anionic exchanges and their applications. Van-Deemter equation (no derivation), concept about HEPT-plate theory and rate theory. Applications.

Unit V

Radio Analytical Methods: Basic principles and types of measuring instruments, isotope dilution techniques: principle of operations and uses. Applications.

Text Books:

TB1.Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis, Willard, Meritt, Dean & Settle (Wiley Eastern).

TB2.Modern Spectroscopy, J.M. Hollas, John Wiley.

TB3. High Performance Liquid Chromatography, Heinz Engelhardt.

Reference Books:

RB1. Theory and Applications of UV Spectroscopy, H.H. Jaffe and M. Orchin, IBH-Oxford.

RB2. Introduction of Molecular Spectroscopy, G.M. Barrow, McGraw Hill.

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Remember the basics of spectroscopy, chromatography and radioanalytical techniques. |
|-----|---|
| CO2 | Understand the theory, principle and instrumentation of NMR, Mass and |
| | molecular electronic spectroscopy. |
| CO3 | Explain principle, instrument and applications of chromatographic and |
| | radioanalytical techniques. |
| CO4 | Explain different terms used in spectroscopy and chromatography and radioanalytical techniques. |
| CO5 | Illustrate the theory and uses of spectroscopy and chromatography. |

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| C06 | Solve exercises related to spectroscopy, chromatography and radioanalytical techniques. | |
|-----|---|--|
| | | |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course PO1 | 102 | PO3 | 1904 | 105 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | - | | | - | | | | |
|---------------|---------|-------|--------|-----|-----|-----|--------------|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| | | | | | | | 108 | PO | PO | PO | PO | PSO | PSO | PSO | PSO4 |
| CO1 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| 002 3 | 11 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| CO3 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | - | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| CO4 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | + | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| COS 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | - | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 006 3 | | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | - | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 2 YY's boot C | armalat | ad 2. | A . 1. | | | | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | , | 1 |

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

| Course code | :MCHL205 | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Course Name | : Laboratory Course I | | _ | | |
| Semester /Year | : IInd | | | | |
| , | | L | T | P | C |
| | | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain practical knowledge about volumetric and gravimetric analysis, synthesis of organic compounds and spectral techniques.

Part 1: Inorganic Chemistry

Quantitative Analysis of mixtures of two metal ions involving Volumetric (by complexometric titration using masking and demasking agents) and gravimetric analysis.

Part 2: Organic Chemistry

Synthesis of Acetoacetic ester Condensation: Synthesis of ethyl-n-butylacetoacetate by A.E.E. condensation.

Cannizzaro reaction: 4-Chlorobenzaldehyde as substrateAromatic electrophilic Substitutions: Synthesis of p-nitroaniline and p-bromoaniline. The products may be characterized by Spectral Techniques where possible.

Part 3: Physical Chemistry

Solutions

Auni Melvin

1. Determination of molecular weight of non-volatile and non-electrolyte/electrolyte by eryoscopic method and to determine the activity coefficient of an electrolyte.

2. Determination of the degree of dissociation of weak electrolyte and to study the deviation from ideal behaviour that occurs with a strong electrolyte.

Text Books:

TB1.Laboratory Manual of Organic Chemistry, RK Bansal, New Age International, Delhi TB2. Inorganic Chemistry: A Laboratory Manual, Mala Nath. Narosa Publishing House

Reference Books:

RB1. Vogel's textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry Vth Edition, Brian S. Furniss, Antony J. Hannaford, Peter W.G Smith. Pearson RB2. Advanced Practical Physical Chemstry, J B Yadav. Educational Publishers

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Remember the basics of chemistry practicals and lab rules. |
|-----|--|
| CO2 | Understand basics of inorganic, organic and physical chemistry. |
| CO3 | Apply their knowledge in synthesis of various organic compounds. |
| CO4 | Analyze mixture of two metal ions using volumetric and gravimetric analysis. |
| CO5 | Evaluate the experimental data. |
| CO6 | Infer the spectroscopic results. |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO4 |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| CO2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| CO3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| CO4 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| CO5 | 1 | 3 | ī | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| CO6 | 1 | 3 | i | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

| Course code | :MCIIL206 | | *** | | | |
|----------------|----------------------|---|-----|---|---|--|
| Course Name | : Laboratory Company | | | | | |
| Semester /Year | : IInd | | | | | |
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Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain practical knowledge about water and oil analysis, inorganic preparations and quantitative analysis by using potentiometer and pH meter.

Part 1: Inorganic Chemistry

Preparations of selected inorganic compounds:

VO (acac)2

TiO (C9H8NO)2. 2H2O

cis-K[Cr(C2O4)2 (H2O)2]

Na[Cr(NH3)2(SCN)4]

Mn (acac)3

K3 [Fe (C2O4)3] 3H2O

Prussian Blue, Turnbull's Blue

Co [(NH3)6] Cl3

[Cu (en)2 (H2O)2] I2

Cu2HgI4

[Co (Py)2Cl2]

[Ni (NH3)6] Cl2

Tris-(thiourea) copper (I) sulphate [Cu (tu)3] SO4.2H2O

K3[Cr (C2O4)3]

Part 2: Organic Chemistry

Quantitative Analysis

Determination of the percentage or number of hydroxyl groups in an organic compound by

Estimation of amines/phenols using bromate bromide solution/or acetylation method.

Determination of Iodine and Saponification values of an oil sample

Determination of DO, COD and BOD of water sample.

Part 3: Physical Chemistry

Potentiometry/pH-metery

Determination of strengths of halides in a mixtures potentiometrically.

Determination of the valency of mercurous ions potentiometrically.

Determination of the strength of strong and weak acids in a given mixture using a

Determination of temperature dependence of EMF of a cell.

Determination of the formation constant of silver-ammonia complex and stiochiometry of the

Acid-base titration in a non-aqueous media using a pH meter.

Determination of activity and activity coefficient of electrolytes.

Determination of the dissociation constant of acetic acid in DMSO, DMF, acetone and dioxane by titrating it with KOH.

Determination of the dissociation constant of monobasic/dibasic by Albert-Serjeant method.

Determination of thermodynamic constants ΔG , ΔS and ΔH for the reaction by e.m.f.method. $Zn + H2SO4 \longrightarrow ZnSO4 + 2H$

Text Books:

TB1.Laboratory Manual of Organic Chemistry, RK Bansal, New Age International, Delhi TB2.Inorganic Chemistry: A Laboratory Manual, Mala Nath. Narosa Publishing House

Reference Books:

RB1. Vogel's textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry Vth Edition, Brian S. Furniss, Antony

J. Hannaford, Peter W.G Smith. Pearson

RB2. Advanced Practical Physical Chemstry, J B Yadav. Educational Publishers

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Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Remember the basics of chemistry practicals and lab rules. Understand basics of incomments and lab rules. |
|-----|--|
| CO2 | Understand basics of incomistry practicals and lab rules. |
| CO3 | Understand basics of inorganic, organic and physical chemistry. Prepare inorganic compounds. |
| CO4 | Estimate hydroxyl groups, BOD, COD, iodine and saponification at |
| CO5 | the experimental data. |
| CO6 | Determine different parameters of physical chemistry by PH meter. |
| 7 2 | Physical chemistry by PH meter. |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | DOZ. | | 1 1 | | | | | | | |
|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------------|--------|--------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| | | | | | | 1.00 | PO7 | PO8 | PO | PO | PO | PO | PSO | PSO | PSO | PSO4 |
| CO1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1.304 |
| CO2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | - | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | - | | + |
| CO3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | i | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| CO4 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | i | 1 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| CO5 | 1 | 3 | i | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| CO6 | - | 3 | + | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | <u> </u> | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
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MSc Chemistry IIIrd Semester)

| Course code | :MCHC301 | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|-----|-----|------|-----|
| Course Name | :ORGANIC SYNTHESIS AND PHOT | | | | |
| Semester /Year | : IIIrd | OCH | IEM | IIST | TRY |
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Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about disconnection approach, reaction mechanisms and photochemical reactions.

Unit I

Disconnection Approach

An introduction to synthons and synthetic equivalents disconnection approach, functional group interconversions, the importance of order of events in organic synthesis, one group C-X and two group C-X disconnections, chemoselectivity, reversal of polarity, cyclisation reactions

Unit II

Protecting Groups

Principle of protection of alcohols, amine, carbonyl and carboxyl groups

Unit III

One Group and Two Group C-C Disconnections

Alcohols and carbonyl compounds regioselectivity. Alkene synthesis, use of acetylenes and aliphatic nitro compounds in organic synthesis. Diels-Alder reaction, 1,3-difunctional compounds, α,β -unsaturated carbonyl compounds, control in carbonyl condensations. Micheal addition and Robinson annelation.

Unit IV

Determination of Reaction Mechanism

Classification, rate constants and life times of reactive energy states-determination of rate constants of reactions. Effect of light intensity on the rate of photochemical reactions. Types of photochemical reactions, photo-dissociation, gas-phase photolysis.

Unit V

Photochemical Reactions

Intramolecular reactions of the olefinic bond-geometrical isomerism, cyclisation reactions, Intramolecular rearrangement of 1,4-and 1,5-dienes. Intramolecular reactions of carbonyl compoundsrearrangement of β , γ -unsaturated and α , β -unsaturated compounds. Cyclohexadienones. Intramolecular cycloaddition reactions-dimerisation and oxetane formation. Isomerisation, additions and substitutions.. Photo-Fries rearrangement, Barton

Text Books:

TB1.Fundamentals of Photochemistry, K.K. Rohtagi-Mukherji, New Age International TB1. Fundamental of Molecular Photochemistry, A. Gilbert and J. Baggott, Blackwell Scientific

Reference Books:

RB1. Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis, W. Carruthers, Cambridge Univ. Press. RB2.Advanced Organic Chemistry, Reactions Mechanisms and Structure, J. March, John

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| | - Joanne Will be able to |
|-----|---|
| CO1 | Get Knowledge about the various photochemical reactions and organic synthesis. |
| CO2 | Understand about the various photochemical reactions and organic synthesis. |
| CO3 | Explain various photochemical reactions and organic synthesis. |
| CO4 | Illustrate various photochemical reactions and organic synthesis. |
| CO5 | Distinguish the mechanism of various photochemical reactions and organic synthesis. |
| CO6 | Design various synthetic routes of photochemical reactions and organic synthesis. |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| O1 3 | | | | | ł | | | | | | | | | | PSO | PSO4 |
|--------|------------|---|---|---|---|-----------------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|----|-----|-----------|------|
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| U2 1 | | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| | | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 03 3 | | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| 04 3 | | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | i | 1 | 3 |
| O5 3 | | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 06 3 | N | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
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| Course code | :MCHC302 | | | | |
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| Course Name | : Heterocyali | | | | |
| Semester /Year | : Heterocyclic Ch : IIIrd | emistry | | | |
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Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about nomenclature, classification, chemical and physical properties of various heterocyclic compounds.

Unit I

Nomenclature of Heterocycles: Replacement and Systematic nomenclature (Hantzsch-Widman system) for monocyclic, fused and bridged heterocycles

Unit II

Aromatic and Non-aromatic Heterocycles: General chemical behaviour of aromatic heterocycles, classification (structural type), Heteroaromatic reactivity and tautomerism in aromatic heterocycles Strain -bond angle and torsional strains and their consequences in small ring heterocycles. Conformation of six-membered heterocycles with reference to molecular geometry, barrier to ring inversion, pyramidal inversion and 1,3-diaxial interactions. Stereo-electronic effects, aromatic and related effects. Attractive interactions hydrogen bonding and intermolecular nucleophilic, electrophilic interactions.

Unit III

Small Ring Heterocycles: Three-membered and four-membered heterocycles-synthesis and reactions of aziridines, oxiranes, thiiranes, azetidines, oxetanes and thietanes.

Unit IV

Benzo-Fused Five-Membered Heterocycles: Synthesis and reactions including medicinal applications of benzopyrroles, benzofurans and benzothiophenes

Unit V

Six-Membered Heterocycles with One, Two or More Heteroatoms

Synthesis and reactions of pyrylium salts and pyrones and their comparison with pyridinium & thiopyrylium salts. Synthesis and reactions of benzopyrylium salts and coumarins. Synthesis and reactions of diazines, triazines, tetrezines and thiazines.

Unit VI

Seven-and Large-Membered Heterocycles

Synthesis and reactions of azepines, oxepine, diazepines, azocines and oxocines.

Text Books:

TB1.Heterocyclic Chemistry Vol. 1 & 2, R.R. Gupta, M. Kumar and V. Gupta, Springer Verlag

TB2. The Chemistry of Heterocycles, T. Eicher and S. Hauptmann, Thieme.

Reference Books:

RB1. Heterocyclic Chemistry, J.A. Joule, K. Mills and G.F. Smith, Chapman and Hall. RB2. Heterocyclic Chemistry, T.L. Gilchrist, Longman Scietific Technical

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Get knowledge about basics of heterocyclic compounds. |
|-----|---|
| CO2 | Understand nomenclature, general behaviour, synthesis and properties of heterocyclic compounds. |
| CO3 | Explain synthesis, properties and uses of heterocyclic compounds. |
| CO4 | Explain aromatic, nonaromatic features, synthesis and properties of different heterocyclic compounds. |
| CO5 | Predict the reactivity, isomerism, conformers etc of heterocyclic |
| CO6 | Write the synthesis and applications of six and seven membered heterocyclic compounds |

CO-PSO-PO Mapping:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 200 | I DCO I |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|-----|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|---------|
| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO1 | POI | PO1 | PSO | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO4 |
| | | | | | | <u> </u> | 1 3 | | 12 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| COI | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1-2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 13 |
| CO2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 13- | + | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 11 | 13 |
| CO3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1! | 13 | + | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 11 | 13 |
| CO4 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | | 11- | 13- | | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 13 |
| CO5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 12- | 13- | 1 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 12 | 13 | 13 |
| 006 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 2 | 1 1 | 1 3 | 1- | | | 1 | | | | | |

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

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| Course code : MCHL303 Course Name : Laboratory Course I | | NACON PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF | CARLOTTE AND IN | and the second s |
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Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain practical knowledge about separation, purification and identification of the components of a mixture.

Qualitative Analysis

Separation, purification and identification of the components of a mixture of three organic compounds (three solids or two liquids and one solid, two solids and one liquid), using TLC for checking the purity of the separated compounds. Preparation of derivatives and spectral analysis.

Text Books:

TB1.Microscale Organic Experiments KL Willianson, DC Health & Co. Le Xington. TB2.Laboratory Manual of Organic Chemistry, RK Bansal, New Age International, Delhi.

Reference Books:

RB1. Introduction to Organic Laboratory Techniques (Third Edition), DL Pavia, GM Lampman and GS Kriz, Saunders College Publishing, Philadelphia, New York. RB2. Operational Organic Chemistry, A Laboratory Course, Second Edition, JW Lehman, Allyn& Bacon, Inc. Boston.

Course outcomes (Cos):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Describe the practical concepts underlying the purification, separation and analysis of organic mixture of a compound |
|-----|---|
| CO2 | Distinguish a range of practical techniques used in science such as the analysis of substances, the separation of substances and the use of instruments/ glassware's. |

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| CO3 | Develop the ability of performing accurate quantitative measurements with an understanding of the theory and use of contemporary instrumentation. |
|-----|---|
| CO4 | Analyse the practical concept qualitatively and quantitatively. Test the purity of separated compounds |
| CO5 | Test the purity of separated compounds. |
| C06 | Develop Preparation of derivatives and spectral analysis. |
| | |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | POI | POL | I POI | DCO | DCO | DSO | PSO4 |
|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|---|
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| i | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
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| Laborator Carlo Addition (1) | | v partiers. | NAME - | 5 410 10 20 | | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain practical knowledge about multistep organic synthesis, photochemical reactions, synthesis of heterocyclic compounds.

Multi-step Synthesis of Organic Compounds

The exercise should illustrate the use of organic reagents and may involve purification of the products by chromatographic techniques.

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Photochemical reaction

Benzpinacol Benzpinacolone

Beckmann rearrangement: Benzanilide from benzene

Benzene Benzophenone Benzophenone oxime

4Benzanilide Benzilie acid rearrangement: Benzilie acid from benzoin

Benzoin → Benzilic acid

Synthesis of heterocyclic compounds

Skraup synthesis: Preparation of quinoline from aniline. Fisher-Indole synthesis: Preparation of 2-phenyl indole from phenylhydrazine.

Text Books:

TB1.Microscale Organic Experiments KL Willianson, DC Health & Co. Le Xington. TB2.Laboratory Manual of Organic Chemistry, RK Bansal, New Age International, Delhi.

Reference Books:

RB1. Introduction to Organic Laboratory Techniques (Third Edition), DL Pavia, GM Lampman and GS Kriz, Saunders College Publishing, Philadelphia, New York. RB2. Operational Organic Chemistry, A Laboratory Course, Second Edition, JW Lehman, Allyn& Bacon, Inc. Boston.

Course outcomes (Cos):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Examine organic compounds and to identify various functional group |
|-----|---|
| | transformations. |
| CO2 | Identify the organic compounds in the ternary mixture using separation |
| | techniques and confirmatory tests. |
| | Illustrate various synthetic methodologies involved in organic synthesis. |
| CO3 | Illustrate various synthetic methodologies involved in organic |
| 201 | Analyze different synthetic methodologies involved in organic chemistry. |
| CO4 | Analyze different synthetic methodology |
| CO5 | Measure their experimental skills for synthesis of various organic |
| | compounds. |
| | the delegies involved in organic synthesis. |
| CO6 | Create various synthetic methodologies involved in organic synthesis. |
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CO- PSO-PO Mapping;

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| Course code | ::MCHE313 | | | | |
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| Semester /Year | : IIIrd | carc | 11611 | 1151 | ı y |
| | | L | T | P | C |
| | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about bioinorganic, bioorganic and biophysical chemistry.

UnitI

Bioinorganic Chemistry

Metal Ions in Biological Systems, Na+/K+Pump,

Essential and trace metals. Role of metal ions in biological processes. Na⁺/K⁺ Pump.

Bioenergetics and ATP Cycles

DNA polymerization, glucose storage, metal complexes in transmission of energy; chlorophylls,photosystem I and photosystem II in cleavage of water.

Transport and Storage of Dioxygen

Heme proteins and oxygen uptake, structure and function of hemoglobin, myoglobin, hemocyanins and hemerythrin.

UnitII

Bioorganic Chemistry

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Enzymes & Mechanism of Enzyme Action

Introduction and historical perspective, chemical and biological catalysis, properties ofenzymes- entalytic power, specificity and regulation. Fischer's lock and Koshland's induced fithypothesis, Enzyme kinetics, Michaelis-Menten and Lineweaver-Burkplots, reversible and irreversible inhibition. Transition-state theory, acid base catalysis, covalent catalysis, strain of distortion.

Kinds of Reactions Catalysed by Enzymes

Nucleophillic displacement on a phosphorus atom, multiple displacement reactions and the coupling of ATP cleavage to endergonic processes. Transfer of sulphate, addition and elimination reactions, enolic intermediates in isomerization reactions,-cleavage and condensation, some isomerization and rearrangement reactions. Enzyme catalyzed carboxylation and decarboxylation.

UnitIII Biophysical Chemistry

Biological Cell and its Constituents, Cell Membrane and Transport of Ions

Biological cell, structure and functions of proteins, enzymes, DNA and RNA in living systems. Helix coil transition. Structure and functions of cell membrane, ion transport through cellmembrane.

Bioenergetics

Standard free energy change in biological reactions, exergonic, endergonic. Hydrolysis of ATP, Synthesis of ATP from ADP.

Text Books:

TB1. Bioinorganic Chemistry: A Chemical Approach to Enzyme Action, Hermann Dugas and C. Penny, Springer-Verlag. TB2.Principles of Bioinorganic Chemistry, S.J. Lippard and J.M. Berg, University Science Books.

Reference Books:

RB1. Enzyme Chemistry: Impact and Applications, Ed. Colliins J Sucking, Chapman and Hall. RB2. Enzymes Mechanism Ed, M.I. Page and A. Williams, Royal Society of Chemistry.

Course outcomes (Cos):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| 9 | biographic and b | iophysical |
|-----|---|------------|
| CO1 | Gain Knowledge about bioinorganic, bioorganic and b | |
| | chemistry. | |
| | | 12 |

Shadir

| COS | Understand the basics of bioinorganic, bioorganic and biophysical |
|-----|---|
| COI | Explain the role of metal ions in biological systems, transport and storage |
| C04 | catalyzed by enzymes New States |
| CO5 | Summarize structure and functions of protiens, enzymes, nucleic acids and |
| CO6 | Express standard free energy change in biological reactions, hydrolysis of ATP and its synthesis. |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO1 | POI | PO1 | PSO | PSO | PSO | PSO4 |
|-----|----------------|----------------------------------|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 3 |
| 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 . | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| - 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 3 |
| | PO1 3 2 3 3 1 | PO1 PO2 3 1 2 3 3 1 3 1 1 2 1 2 | POI PO2 PO3 3 1 1 2 3 3 3 1 1 3 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 | PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 3 1 1 2 2 3 3 2 3 1 1 2 3 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 | 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 1 1 2 2 3 1 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 3 1 1 2 2 3 1 1 2 2 | 3 1 1 2 2 1 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 <td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 1 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 1 3 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3</td> <td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 1 3 1 1 2 2 2 1 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 2 2 3 2 2 3 2 2 3 3 2 3 2 3</td> <td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 2 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3</td> <td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 3<td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 1 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 2 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 3 1 1 2 2 2 1 3 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 1</td><td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 1 2 <t< td=""><td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 3</td></t<><td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 2 1 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2</td><td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 4 3 3 3 3</td></td></td> | 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 1 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 1 3 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 | 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 1 3 1 1 2 2 2 1 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 2 2 3 2 2 3 2 2 3 3 2 3 2 3 | 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 2 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 | 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 <td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 1 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 2 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 3 1 1 2 2 2 1 3 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 1</td> <td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 1 2 <t< td=""><td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 3</td></t<><td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 2 1 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2</td><td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 4 3 3 3 3</td></td> | 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 1 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 2 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 3 1 1 2 2 2 1 3 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 | 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 1 2 <t< td=""><td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 3</td></t<> <td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 2 1 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2</td> <td>3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 4 3 3 3 3</td> | 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 | 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 3 1 2 1 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 | 3 1 1 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 3 1 2 3 4 3 3 3 3 |

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| Course code | :MCHE315 | | | | |
|----------------|------------|-----|---|---|----|
| Course Name | : Polymers | | | | 4. |
| Semester /Year | : IIIrd | , ë | | , | |
| 7 | To 14 | L | T | P | C |
| | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about classification, properties, thermodynamics, synthesis and applications of polymer.

Unit I

Importance of polymers. Basic concepts: Monomers, repeat units, degree of polymerization. Linear, branched and network polymers. Classification of polymers. Polymerization: condensation, addition, radical chain, ionic and co-ordination and co-polymerization. Polymerization conditions and polymer reactions. Polymerization n homogenous and heterogeneous systems.

Unit II

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polydispersion-average molecular w eight concept. Number, weight and viscosity average polydispersion regular weights. Polydispersity and molecular weight and viscosity average molecular weight. Measurement of weight distribution. The practical molecular weight molecular weight distribution. The practical significance of molecular weight, Measurement of molecular weights. End-group, viscosity, significance of molecular weights. End-group, viscosity, light scattering, osmotic and ultracentrifugation methods. Analysis and testing of polymers. light scattering.

Chemical analysis of polymers, spectroscopic methods. Analysis and testing of polymerschemical analysis and physical testing tensile. X-ray diffraction study. Microscopy. chemical analysis and physical testing tensile strength, Fatigue, impact, Tear resistance.

Unit III

Structure and Properties Morphology and order in crystalline polymers, configurations of polymer chains. Crystal structure of polymers, strain-induced morphology, crystallization and melting. Polymer structure and physical properties, crystalline melting point Tm, melting points of homogeneous series, effect of chain flexibility and other steric factors, entropy and heat of fusion. The glass transition temperature, Tg. Relationship between Tm and Tg, effects of molecular weight, diluents, chemical structure, chain topology, branching and cross linking. property requirements and polymer utilization.

Unit IV

Plastic, elastomers and fibres. Compounding. Processing techniques: Calendering, die casting, rotational casting, film casting, injection moulding, blow moulding, extrusion moulding, thermoforming, foaming, reinforcing and fibre spinning.

Textbooks:

TB1. Textbook of Polymer Science, F.W. Billmeyer Jr., Wilev. TB2.Polymer Science, V.R. Gowariker, N.V. Viswanathan and J. Sreedhar, Wiley-Eastern.

Reference Books:

RB1. Functional Monomers and Polymers, K. Takemoto, Y. inaki and R.M. Ottanbrite.

RB2.. Contemporary Polymer Chemistry, H.R. Alcock and F.W. Lambe, Prentice Hall.

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Get Knowledge about synthesis, properties and applications of different |
|-----|---|
| | |
| CO2 | polymers Understand about different types of mechanisms in polymerization |
| | processes. |
| CO3 | processes. Applythe importance of functionality of polymers in polymerization. |
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|---------------------------------|--|-------|
| CO4 | Analyze the properties of polymers with their structure. | |
| | Polymers with their structure | and a |
| CO5 | Evaluate molecular weight of | |
| | Evaluate molecular weight of polymers by using different methods. | - |
| CO6 | .Design the different type of polymeric products. | |
| | polymeric products. | |
| | | |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | POI | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | DO | | | | | | | |
|------------|-------|--------|---------|------|--------|-----|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 100 | PO9 | PO1 0 | PO1 | PO1 2 | PSO | PSO 2 | PSO | PSO4 |
| CO2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | ī | 1 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 2 | 1 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | i | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| CO5 CO6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 3. High | est C | orrela | ted. 2: | Medi | IIm Co | \ | - | <u> </u> | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | ti | ti |

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| Course code | :MCHE317 | | | | * | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Course Name | : Medicinal Chemistry | | | | | | | | | |
| Semester /Year | : IIIrd | | | | | | | | | |
| | | L | T | P | C | | | | | |
| 2 P. L. | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | | | | | |

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about fundamentals of medicinal chemistry, classification and mechanism of action of drugs and structure of enzymes and their interaction with biomolecules.

Unit I

Introduction: History of medicinal chemistry, general mechanism of drug action on lipids, carbohydrates, proteins and nuleic acids, drug metabolism and inactivation, receptor structure and sites, drug discovery development, design and delivery systems, gene therapy and drug resistance.

Unit II

Classification: Drugs based on structure or pharmacological basis with examples, synthesis of important drugs such as α - methyl dopa, chloramphenicol, griseofulvin, cephelosphorins and

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nystatin. Molecular modelling, conformational analysis, qualitative and quantitative structure activity relationships.

Unit III

General introduction to antibiotics: Mechanism of action of lactam antibiotics and non General interpolation of lactam antibiotics, antiviral agents, chemistry, stereochemistry, biosynthesis and degradation of penicillins - An account of semisynthetic penicillins - acid resistant, penicillinase resistant

Unit IV

Elucidation of enzyme structure: Mechanism, kinetic, spectroscopic, isotopic and stereochemical studies. Chemical models and mimics for enzymes, design, synthesis and evaluation of enzyme inhibitors.

Unit V

Interactions of enzymes: DNA-protein interaction and DNA-drug interaction. Introduction to rational approach to drug design, physical and chemical factors associated with biological activities, mechanism of drug action.

Text Books:

TB1.I. Wilson, Giswald and F. Doerge, Text Book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, J.B. Lippincott Company, Philadelphia, 1971. TB2.A. Burger, Medicinal Chemistry, Wiley Interscience, New York, Vol. I and II, 1970.

Reference Books:

RB1. A. Gringauz, Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, How Drugs Act and Why?, John Wiley and Sons, 1997. RB2.G. L. Patrick, Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, Oxford University Press, 2001.

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Gain the knowledge of fundamentals of medicinal chemistry. |
|-----|---|
| CO2 | Understand the drugs, antibiotics, enzymes etc. |
| CO3 | Apply an idea of antibiotics and their incommism of a |
| | Analyze the structure of enzymes and their interaction with biomolecules. |
| CO4 | Analyze the structure of enzymes and their many |

| COS | Summarize the concept of | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| CO6 | Summarize the concept of medicinal chemistry. Generalize the concept of enzymes, antibiotics and their mechanism of action. | F |
| | action. action. | |
| WARRING THE COMPANY AND A CONTROL OF | and their mechanism of | |
| | and the state of t | 1 |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course PO1 | 102 | 103 | 1904 | 105 | PO6 | PO7 | POS | PO9 | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|--------|------|------|--------|-----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Maria Company of the | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | | | . 00 | roy | POI | POI | PO1 | PSO | PSO | PSO | PSO4 |
| $\frac{1001}{1002}$ | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | - | _3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| (02) | 1 | 3 | 1 | - | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | -3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| 003 | | 3 | - | | 1 | 3 | 1 | | 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 004 3 | - | - | | | 1 | 3 | - | -3- | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| COS 2 | | - | | 1 | 1 | 3 | - | 3 | _3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 1006 3 | | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 2. Highest Co | orrelate | ed, 2: | Medi | um C | realed | - | 1_3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 |

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| Course code | :MCHE322 | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Course Name | :Instrumental methods of analysis | | | | |
| Semester /Year | : IIIrd | | | | |
| | | L | T | P | C |
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Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about different electroanalytical, microscopic, chromatographic and thermal techniques.

Unit I

Thermal methods: Theory, instrumentation and applications of thermogravimetric analysis (TGA), Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA), Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC), thermometric titrations

Unit II

Electrophoresis: Separation by adsorption-affinity techniques, polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, isoelectric focussing isotachophoresis, two dimensional gel electrophoresis, applications in clinical and capillary zone electrophoresis of carbohydrates

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Unit III

High performance liquid chromatography methods: HPLC theory and instrumentation, adsorption chromatography, liquid-liquid partition techniques, affinity techniques, size exclusion, capillary chromatography, ion pair separations, chiral and isotope separations, applications in food and pesticide analysis

Unit IV

Gas chromatography: Gas chromatography theory and Instrumentation, column types, solid/liquid stationary phases, basic and specialized detectors, elemental detection, chiral separations, pyrolysisgas chromatography, high temperature techniques, application (clinical, petrochemical etc.) and problems

Unit V

Optical and diffraction methods: Atomic fluorescence spectrometry-theory, instrumentation and applications, basic principles of electron and neutron diffraction, X-ray methods: x-ray absorption spectroscopy (XAS), x-ray diffraction (XRD), x-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS), energy dispersivex-ray spectroscopy (EDX), scanning electron microscopy (SEM), transmission electronmicroscopy (TEM), atomic-force microscopy (AFM)

Unit VI

Electroanalytical methods: Basic theory, instrumentation and applications of electrogravimetry, coulometry, polarography, cyclic voltametry, amperometry

Text Books:

TB1.Principles of instrumental analysis by douglas a. skoog, f. james holler, stanley r. crouch, cengage learning.
TB2.. Vogel's quantitative chemical analysis by j. mendham, r.c.denney, m.j.kthomas, david j. barnes, pearson

Reference Books:

RB1. Instrumental methods of analysis by h.h.willard, l.l.merritt, j.a. dean, cbs publishers & distributors pvt. ltd.

Course outcomes (COs):

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Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| COI | Gain Knowledge about theory, instrumentation and applications of Different electroanalytical methods. |
|-------------|--|
| <u>co</u> 2 | Differentiate between various electroanalytical techniques including cyclic voltametry, coulometry, polarography etc. |
| C03 | Determine morphology of materials using scanning electron microscopy and transmissionelectron microscopy |
| C04 | Illustrate the theories, instrumentation and applications of high performance liquidchromatography and gas chromatography. |
| CO5 | Distinguish various types of thermal methods for characterization of different types of compounds. |
| CO6 | Design various types of chromatography techniques. |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO1 | PO1 | PO1 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO4 |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|------|
| COI | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| CO2 | 2 | 1 | 1 . | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| CO3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| CO6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 |

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

| Course code | :MCHS320 | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Course Name | : Pesticide Chemistry | | | | |
| Semester /Year | : IIIrd | | | , | |
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Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about classification, synthesis and

properties of various pesticides.

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General introduction to pesticides (natural and synthetic), benefits and adverse effects, changing concepts of pesticides, structure activity relationship, synthesis and technical manufacture and uses of representative pesticides in the following classes: Organochlorines (DDT, Gammexene,); Organophosphates (Malathion, Parathion); Carbamates (Carbofuran and carbaryl); Quinones (Chloranil), Anilides (Alachlor and Butachlor).

Text Books:

TB1: Chemistry of Pesticides, N.K Roy. CBS Publishers and Distributors TB2:Principles of Pesticide Chemistry, S.K.Handa. AgrobiosIndia

Course outcomes (COs): Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Gain the knowledge of fundamentals of pesticide chemistry. |
|-----|--|
| CO2 | Understand the classification of pesticides. |
| CO3 | Apply and use self study for teaching practice. |
| CO4 | Analyze synthetic route of pesticides. |
| CO5 | Distinguish different type of pesticides. |
| CO6 | Design various synthesis of pesticides. |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO1 0 | PO1 | PO1 2 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO4 |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|------|
| COI | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1- | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | + | 2 | 1 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| CO4 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1- | 3 | 3 | | 2 | 3 | ti | i | 3 |
| COS | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 2 | 1 | 1 3 | 3 | ti | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

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MSc Chemistry (IVth Semester)

| Course code | :MCHC401 | Magieralasides es estab | er, er de e Cani ernionije | ar and the second | and a ser of distance and recipions |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Course Name | :Chemistry of natural products | Marchael of the State | make product on the | Andrew Co. | |
| Semester /Year | : IVth | and the same | a partment i | i partire de la compansión de | and the state of t |
| a grant by the second | | L | 1 | 10 | C |
| | | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gainknowledge about isolation, structural features, biosynthetic pathways forvarious classes of natural products.

Unit I

Terpenoids and Carotenoids

Classification, nomenclature, occurrence, isolation, general methods of structure determination, isoprene rule Structures of abietic acid and β-carotene.

Unit II

Alkaloids

Classification, Nomenclature, Isolation and structure of ephedrine, quinine.

Unit III

Steroids

Structural features of cholesterol and bile acids (without synthesis). Chemistry of testosterone, estrone and progestrone.

Unit IV

Pigments

(a) Plant Pigments: Occurrence, nomenclature and general methods of structure determination. Isolation and synthesis of cyanidin, and quercetin.

(b) Porphyrins

General Introduction of haemoglobin and chlorophyll. Chemistry of chlorophyll (without synthesis).

Structure and synthesis of haem.

Unit V

Prostaglandins

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Occurrence, nomenclature, classification, biogenesis and physiological effectsSynthesis of

Text Books:

Hobbs, D.V. Banthrope and J.B. Harborne, Longman, Essex. TB2. Organic Chemistry, Vol 2, I.L. Finar, ELBS.

TB3. Stereoselective Synthesis: A Practical Approach, M. Nogradi, VCH.

Reference Books:

RBI. Rodd's Chemistry of Carbon Compounds, Ed. S. Coffey, Elsevier. RB1. Road of Trends in Natural product Chemistry, Atta-ur-Rahman and M.I. Choudhary, Harwood Academic Publishers

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| Get Vnoviled |
|--|
| Get Knowledge aboutthe terpenoids, alkaloids, pigments and prostaglandins. |
| Understand aboutthe terpenoids, alkaloids, pigments and prostaglandins. |
| Apply various typesterpenoids, alkaloids, pigments and prostaglandins. |
| Analyze synthetic route of terpenoids, alkaloids, pigments and prostaglandins. |
| Distinguish different type reaction mechanism of terpenoids, alkaloids, pigments and prostaglandins synthesis. |
| Design various synthetic routes of terpenoids, alkaloids, pigments and prostaglandins. |
| |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO1 | PO1 | PO1 | PSO | PSO | PSO | PSO-1 |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| | | | | | | | | | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| CO1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 13 |
| CO2 | 3 | 1 | 1 . | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| CO3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 13 |
| CO4 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | i | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| CO5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | i | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 11 | 1 |
| C06 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | i i | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

3: Highest Correlated, 2: Medium Correlated, 1: Lowest Correlated

| Course code | :MCHL402 | | | | | - | |
|----------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Course Name | : Laboratory Course I | | | | | | |
| Semester /Year | : IVth | - | | · | , | , | |
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Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain practical knowledge about isolations and purification of natural products by chromatography and their structural elucidation.

1. Extraction of Organic Compounds from Natural Sources

- 1. Isolation of caffeine from tea leaves.
- Isolation of casein from milk (the students are required to try some typical colour reactions of proteins).
- 3. Isolation of lactose from milk (purity of sugar should be checked by TLC and PC and Rf value reported).
- 4. Isolation of nicotine dipicrate from tobacco.
- 5. Isolation of cinchonine from cinchona bark.
- 6. Isolation of piperine from black pepper.
- 7. Isolation of lycopene from tomatoes.
- 8. Isolation of -carotene from carrots.
- 9. Isolation of oleic acid from olive oil (involving the preparation of complex with urea and separation of linoleic acid).
- 10. Isolation of eugenol from cloves.
- 11. Isolation of limonene from citrus fruits.

II. Paper Chromatography

Separation and identification of the sugars present in the given mixture of glucose, fructose and sucrose by paper chromatography and determination of Rf values.

III. Spectroscopy

Identification of organic compounds by the analysis of their spectral data (UV, IR, PMR, CMR & MS)

IV. Spectrophotometric (UV/VIS) Estimations

- 1. Amino acids
- 2. Proteins
- 3. Carbohydrates
- 4. Cholesterol
- 5. Ascorbic acid
- 6. Aspirin
- 7. Caffeine

Text Books:

TB1.Laboratory Manual of Organic Chemistry, RK Bansal, New Age International, Dellui.

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Short Start

TB2.Introduction to Organic Laboratory Techniques (Third Edition), DL Pavia, GM Lampman and GS Kriz, Saunders College Publishing, Philadelphia, New York.

Reference Books:

RB1. Operational Organic Chemistry, A Laboratory Course, Second Edition, JW Lehman, Allyn & Bacon, Inc. Boston.

RB2. Microscale Organic Experiments KL Willianson, DC Health & Co. Le Xington.

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Define the use of spectroscopic techniques in structural determination of |
|-----|--|
| | natural product recliniques in structural determination of |
| CO2 | Paraphrase about the isolations and purification of natural products and check their purity by Chromatography. |
| CO3 | Apply the use of spectroscopic techniques in structural determination of natural products. |
| CO4 | Analyze and comprehend the practical concepts in the identification of components forgiven organic mixtures. |
| CO5 | Recognize the practical concepts for organic mixture. |
| CO6 | Justify the isolation and purification of natural products by chromatography |

CO-PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO1 0 | PO1 | PO1 2 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 | PSO4 |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|------|
| CO1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| CO3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| CO4 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 13 | 11 |
| CO5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | i | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 12 |
| CO6 | 3 | 1- | 1 | 1 2 | 1 2 | 12 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 13 | 11 |

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Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to inculcate the research aptitude in students.

Project from parent institute/industry /Research Organizations. Project should be completed under the guidance of a faculty member in the same Department or Industry or research organization. In case of Industry / research organization one member of that body can also be included as project guide.

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Learn basics to identify research problem. | |
|-----|--|--|
| CO2 | Explain research gap. | |
| CO3 | Develop the methodology for experiments. | |
| CO4 | Analyze experimental data. | |
| CO5 | Defend thesis in presence of examiners. | |
| CO6 | Write thesis and research papers | |

CO-PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | POII | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSON |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| COI | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSO4 |
| CO2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 3 |
| CO3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 2 | 1 | + | 11 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| CO4 | 3 | 1 3 | 1 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1. |
| COS | 3 | 1 | 1 2 | 1 2 | 1-3- | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | l | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 13 |
| CO6 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 2 | 13 | 13 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 11 |

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Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about use of computers and biostatistics in different field of biological and chemical sciences.

Computers

Unit I

History of computer Simple model of computer and its working, input-output devices, computer languages and their hierarchy(low level and high level), Introduction of microcomputers, concept of operating system, computer networking, concept of OSI layers, Introduction of software(MS-Word, MS-Excel & Power point etc.)

Unit II

Introduction of C++ Programming Difference between C and C++, concept of OOP'S, basic data types and operators, sample programs, conditional statements(IF-ELSE, NESTED IF), concept of looping (for, while and dowhile), Introduction to arrays (single and double), classs and objects, function & function overloading, constructor and destructor, file handling.

Unit III

Internet and its working, Uniform resource locator (URL), World wide web, HTTP, Internet explorer, PDB, NRL-3D, BLAST & FASTA, Special software to align sequences, general DNA sequence data base, protein structure data base, genome project database, human mapping data base.

Biostatistics

Unit IV

Introduction and scope of Biostatistics Presentation of data: classification of data, Methods of collection of data, frequency distribution, graphical representation of data by histogram, frequency polygon, frequency curve and cumulative frequency curve. Central tendency and measures of dispersion, mean, median, mode and their properties, partition value, standard deviation and coefficient of variation, simple correlation coefficient and regression coefficient, regression lines, tests of significance: t-test, z-test, chi-square tests, F-test, heterogeneity and independence of attributes.

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Unit V

Testing of hypothesis Types of errors, power of test, test of significance based on normal distribution T-test for mean of population, difference of means of two normal population, chisquare test of goodness of fit, independent test, test of variance of normal population F-test for variance ration, correlation and regression, latest square methods and its application, significance of coefficient of correlation, rank correlation curve fitting and sign test.

Text books:

TB1.Information technology-D.P.Curtin, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

TB2. Guide to Medical Informatics, The Internet & Telemedicine-E Coiera, Amold Publishers, USA

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| C01 | Define the simple model of computer, introduction to arrays, human mapping database, basics of biostats and test of hypothesis. |
|-----|---|
| CG2 | Give examples the different tests, internet working MS Office |
| C03 | Apply the different significance test in simple problems, correlation in daily problems, internet working and operating system in various fields. |
| CO4 | Explain the significance test, errors, human mapping data, computer languages. |
| CO5 | Evaluate the curve fitting problems, different tests and sample programs. |
| CO6 | Write the concept of OSI layers, basic data types, mapping data base, graphical representation of data and curve fitting. |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

| Course | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | POII | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 | PSOT |
|--------|-----|--|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| COI | 3 | 1 | 1 | 12 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| CO2 | 3 | 3 | i | 13 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| CO3 | 2 | 1 | 13 | 1 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| CO4 | 3 | | 1- | 12 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| COS | 3 | 12 | 12 | 1-2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 12 | 11 | 3 | 1 |
| CO6 | 3 | 1- | + | 1- | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | i | 2 | 3 | 11 | 3 | |

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| Concessor /Year | : IVth | in constructing construction of | (all all results of | | and the second second second second |
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Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to gain knowledge about different segments of environment. It also gives an idea about composition, pollution, quality parameters, toxic elements of these segments

Unit I

Environment

Introduction, composition of atmosphere, vertical temperature, heat budget of the earth atmospheric system, vertical stability atmosphere. Biogeochemical cycles of C, N, P, S and O. Bio distribution of elements.

Unit II

Atmosphere

Chemical and photochemical reactions in atmosphere, smog formation, oxides of N, C, S, O and their effect, pollution by chemicals, petroleum, minerals chlorofluorohydrocarbons. Analytical methods for measuring air pollutants. Continuous monitoring instruments.

Unit III

Soils

Composition, micro and macro nutrients, Pollution of fertilizers, pesticides and metals.

Unit IV

Hydrosphere

Aquatic pollution- inorganic, organic, pesticides, agricultural, industrial and sewage, detergents, oil spills and oil pollutants. Water quality parameters-dissolved oxygen, biochemical oxygen demand, solids, metals, content of chloride, sulphate, phosphate, nitrate and micro-organisms. Water quality standards. Analytical methods for measuring BOD, DO

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COD. F. Oils, metals (As, Cd, Cr, Hg, Pb, Se etc.) residual chloride and chlorine demand.

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Environmental Toxicology

Introduction; threshold limiting value (TLV); Toxicity and control of toxicants-- Nonmetallic compounds, asbestos, organic compounds, endocrine disrupters, persistent organic pollutants (POP's), polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB's), dioxins, pesticides, phthalates, heavy metals- As, Hg, Cd, Pb..

Text Books:

T31.Environmental Chemistry, S.E. Manahan, Lewis Publishers. T32.Environmental Chemistry, Sharma and Kaur, Krishna Publishers. TB3.Environmental Chemistry, A.K. De, Wiley Eastern.

Reference Books:

RB1. Environmental Pollution Analysis, S.M. Khopkar, Wiley Eastern. RB2. Standard Method of Chemical Analysis, F.J. Welcher Vol. III, Van Nostrand Reinhold Co.

Course outcomes (COs):

Upon successful completion of the course student will be able to

| CO1 | Get knowledge about the environment, its segments, and pollution. |
|-----|---|
| CO2 | Understandthe composition of the environment and the pollutants present |
| 1 | in it. |
| CO3 | Explainthe chemistry of water, soil and atmosphere. |
| CO4 | Focus on environmental toxicology and environmental pollution. |
| CO5 | To use practical approach for determination of different pollutants. |
| CO6 | Generalize the concept of pollution. |
| | |

CO- PSO-PO Mapping:

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| 100 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | - | - | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | | 2 | 1 | | - | | - |
| 1003 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | - | 1 | | .1 | | | 4 |
| 004 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | - | | 2 | | 7. | | - |
| 005 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | | 2 | 3 | <u> </u> | | | - |
| 006 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | _ | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 3 | | 1 | 1 | ŀ |
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